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NEWS: EUROPE

UK and Germany produce cascade of national technical regulations, says Bangemann

Eurosceptics told to direct wrath home

By Emma Tucker in Brussela

Eurosceptics in the UI. Germany and France were ys-terday urged to redirect thir wrath against Brussels to national governments, he guilty parties when it come to red tape. Industry Commissione Mr

Martin Bangemann said : was member states and no the Commission that churnd out worthless and superflucts reg-ulations - the UK and Germany being the join worst offenders.

In 35 years, said Mr Bange-mann, the European Commis-EU monitoring of technical regulations imposed on prod-ucts revealed a "cascade of sion was responsible for 415 directives. This compares with 1,136 national regulations pronational technical regulations" in areas the Commission was bappy to leave alone. For example, Britain – the most vociferous in calling for simpliduced by member states between 1992 and 1994. Of these, 21 per cent were produced by the UK and 21 per fication of regulation - is the

only member state that wants to regulate the production of pens and pencils. "I would urge our UK col-leagues to look at the figures," said a triumphant Mr Bange-mann. "It is going to turn their universe on its bead."

ket. Such zealousness is often unnecessary, says the Commission, and places unnecessary costs on producers. "In order to be entitled to place his products on the internal market, the producer sbould only bave to comply

with the simplest, most uni-form and most transparent cent by Germany. These two construes, together with France, the Netherlands and Denmark, produced between them over 75 per cent of the legal and technical obligations that are compatible with the protection of the public interest," it says in a report looking draft regulations notified to the Commission as part of its monitoring of the single marat national regulations affecting products in the internal market

Britain wants to introduce national regulation oo pens an pencils banning specific poisonous substances, rather than allowing them to be covered by general product safety regulations. Its plan has to be noti-fied to other member states who may object that such a regulation would undermine the free movement of goods within the single market. If there are no objections, Britain can go ahead. Above all, the Commission does not want national regulations to obstruct the single market.

Another example is cots. Most member states are satisfied that cots should simply have to meet general product safety standards in order to circulate freely within the interoal market. But France and the Netherlands felt extra legislation was needed.

Mr Mario Monti, the single market commissioner, is pre-paring to examine ways of simplifying regulation in sectors where most complaints have been registered. These include foodstuffs, phytosanitary products, and public procurement.

Slovenia Eurostat-harmonised inflation data focus fresh attention on Maastricht Treaty approves landmark debt deal

UK, Italy and Spain may fail EU criterion

By Kevh Done in london

The Sovenian paliament has approved a landmark deal betwen the government and the Jondon Club of 400 commerial banks over the share of brmer Yugoslava's foreign delt to be should red by Slo-

slovenia becomes the first of the former Yugoslav states to fialise an agreement with its fereign creditors, and the deal could set a precedent for the banks' separate negotiations with Croatia and Macedonia and ultimately with Bosnia and runp Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro).

The parliament's backing removes the last significant obstacle to Slovenia, the most developed of the six former Yugoslav republics, building an independent presence in the international capital markets.

It is planning to launch its maiden issue in the Eurobond market later this year and is currently seekiog its first investment grade rating for new debt from the leading international rating agencies. Slovenia, which became

independent in 1991, has been working for five years to extricate itself from the problems of the debts amassed by former Yugoslavia and to create an independent country risk assessment to allow Slovenian entities normal access to the international financial mar-

Under the deal, Slovenia is taking over 18 per cent of the By Gillian Tett, lands, Germany and Belgium. Economics Correspondent The UK. Italy and Spain risk on the Maastricht inflation crifailing to meet the inflation cri-

terion for joining the proposed single European currency unless price pressures ease sig-nificantly, official figures yesthat countries wishing to join a single currency must bave an average inflation rate (over a terday suggested. The first ever harmonised

price data from the European 12 month period) within 1.5 Commission shows that these three countries inflation rates remaining well above the Europercentage points of the average best three EU rates. Assessing precisely which countries will meet this is pean Union average. The data, drawn up by Euro-stat, the EU statistical office, are provisional. The figures impossible ahead of the judgment date for the first wave of entrants, planned for early 1998. One reason is that the

exclude many crucial areas of consumer spending because data are lacking: although the EU statisticians have not yet Commission published semi-harmonised data yesterday, it agreed how to create a complans a more refined series mon inflation methodology. Consequently, the EU figures next year. differ from national data; price This later series could yield growth has apparently been different results again, dependraised in countries such as ing on what goods are included. Yesterday's data for Italy, the UK and Finland and lowered in the Netherexample, excluded about 20 per

cent of UK spending, and 12 per cent of French spending. Publication of the data is However, the other reason why it is difficult to make firm likely to focus fresh attention terion, which has received less judgments is that it is uncervisibility in recent months tban other criteria such as tain what the "floor" of the inflation rate will be, since debt levels. The treaty specifies that depends on the perfor-

mance of the best three. The recent inclusion of Finland in the EU, for example, has lowered the average floor markedly, According to yesterday's data, the average of the best three performers last month was about 1.1 per cent. Consequently, if January's data alone were used to mea-sure the Maastricht criterion, then the UK, Spain, Italy and Greece would all fail. However, the EU series is volatile. If the calculations had

been done in December, for example, then the average of the best three would have been 0.8 per cent. At that level, using December's EU figures, Sweden and Portugal would

Initation Late Jan 1990	figure	figure
VVV Setting the standar	đ	
Finland	0.8%	0.5%
Luxembourg	1.1%	1.1%
Netherlands	1.3%	1.9%
V Doing well		
Germany	1.4%	1.6%
Belgium	1.6%	2.0%
Sweden	1.6%	2.0%
Austria	1.7%	N/A
Denmark.	1.8%	1.7%
France	2.0%	2.0%
Ireland	N/A	2.4%
Portugal	2.3%	2.5%
✓ Still struggling		
UK	3.2%	2.9%
Spain	3.9%	3.9%
ltaly	5.7%	5.4°°
Greece	3.1%	8.4%
European Commission provisional stat	ustics	_
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The Maastricht inflation scoreboard

Germany loses TNT hub to Belgium

By Wolfgang Munchau in Frankfurt

loss of competitiveness.

executive of Cologne city coun-TNT Worldwide Express, the cil, called the move a "catastrointernational transport group, is to move its European hub phe" for the city because of the impact on jobs and the poten-tial knock-on effects, reflecting from Cologne to nearby Liège in Belgium, fuelling the bitter fears that other transport comdebate in Germany about overregulation and the country's

panies may follow suit. TNT blamed lts decision partly on increasingly hostility TNT's planned move across by the Social Democrat-Green

catastrophic consequences." ruled out any further expanslons of airports, while the SPD argues that this relates TNT's decision exposed a deep split in the red-green gov-ernment in North Rhine/Westonly to ranways, not to airport phalia, which is seen as a dry-run for a possible SPD-Green infrastructure. Mr Kablitz of TNT said that coalition in Boon after the 1998 Liège had several advantages

federal elections. Some Greens reportedly welcomed TNT's decision, promis-ing "more progress in that direction", a comment that did not help cool tempers in the

coalition. One local Green

industry and commerce, said: "These 600 job losses are so devastating because they are the direct consequence of politics. Normally the process is more concealed."

The liberal Free Democrats, over Cologne, where it bas junior partner in Chancellor Helmut Kohl's coalition, have been based since 1988. It would immediately seized on the issue. Mr Guido Westerwelle, be easier for TNT to expand operations if needed; it could take control of ground operations, which in Germany the general secretary of the

EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST EU law rings telecoms change

Legislation forcing European Union governments to allow full competition in the telecoms sector by January 1 1998 has been finally adopted by the Commission. The law, designed to modernise the EU's telecoms industry and bring down prices, covers basic voice telephony as well as infrastructure. It also orders envernments to allow alternative network would be covers basic voice telephony as went and the term and the term and orders governments to allow alternative network provides - such as road, rail and energy operators - to carry telecoms services by July, in competition with the largely state owned telecoms monopolies still dominant in member states.

telecoms monopolies still commant in memoer states. The Commission said that underpinning the law was the recognition that competition, together with the right regulatory safeguards, would enhance universal service. Member states have initil July next year to tell the Commission bow they intend to ensure all citizens, even those in the manufacture and the service in the service. in the remotest areas, will have access to a telephone after Emma Tucker, Brussel lberalisation.

Dutch compromise on takeovers

The Dutcb government has reached a compromise with the financial community on proposed legislation regulating hostile takeovers. Under the bill, to be sent to parliament in autumn, the companies section of an Amsterdam court would be empowered to order a target company to dismantle its belowere deformed if the productor's plane for the company deformed if the productor's plane for the company deformed in the company of the productor's plane for the company deformed in the company deformed in the company of the productor's plane for the company deformed in the company deformed takeover defences if the predator's plans for the company were found to have merit.

Under an earlier proposal put forward by the Amsterdam stock exchange and a lobby group for Dutch companies, the vetting would have been done by an independent takeover finance minister, who is responsible for financial markets.

Mr Zalm said in a letter to parliament yesterday that a hostile bidder would first have to amass 70 per cent of a company's shares before resorting to legal action. This is unchanged from previous proposals. But the bill would require the predator to wait only 12 months before going to court, rather than 18 months as suggested by the financial community in May.

The Netherlands has never seen a big, successful hostile bid, mainly because companies have several layers of defence. The most common of these is a swift issue of ordinary issues to a friendly institution, thereby diluting the voting power of the hostile bidder. Ronald van de Krol, Amsterdam. hostile bidder.

Polish TV chief to quit

The president of Poland's public television - long accused by the ruling former communist Democratic Left Alliance of being politically biased – said yesterday he was resigning to avoid being reduced to a mere figurehead. "The role of a figurehead is unacceptable to me," Mr Wieslaw Walendziak said. His resignation is to be considered by Telewizja Polska's board.

Mr Walendziak's move was prompted by changes in the television's cooncil, which deprived his supporters of a majority and led to decisions being overruled. Mr Walendziak. who was appointed two years ago and was the first president of public television after a re-organisation partly designed to safeguard its independence, brought in hard-hitting but youthful journalists. They were dubbed Pampers because of their youth by resentful veterans of the pre-1989 communist-dominated television service. Reuter, Warsan Renter, Warsau

Union chief survives challenge

Mr Marc Blondel, one of the principal leaders of last December's big French public sector strikes, yesterday fought off a challenge to his leadership of the Force Ouvrière from a moderate, Mr Jacques Mairé. He had accused Mr Blondel of being under the sway of Trotskyists and bringing the union ederation into disrepute with his extremism.

About 78 per cent of some 4,000 FO delegates to a congress in Paris yesterday endorsed Mr Blondel's report on the union's activities, while just over 20 per cent voted against. Although the actual leadership contest will only be formally decided by FO's national committee tomorrow, Mr Mairé effectively

former Yugoslavia to the commercial banks, which totalled \$5.58bn at mid-January exchange rates including principal (\$1.4bn) and interest.

The debt arises from the so-called New Financing Agreement (NFA) reached in 1988 with the London Club, the last debt restructuring deal made by Belgrade before the break-up of Yugoslavia in 1991. In return for taking on 18 per

cent of this debt Slovenia will be released from the onerous 'joint and several liability" clause included in the 193S agreement, allowing it to sever its final links with the debts of former Yugoslavia.

Slovenia is issuing \$822m of government bonds in exchange for its share of the NFA debt with the same conditions as in the 1988 NFA agreement, namely maturity in 2006 and an interest rate of Libor plus 🖁 per cent. The bonds, to be denominated in D-Marks and US dollars, will be issued before the end of June and will be listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange.

Excluded from the deal with the commercial banks are NFA creditors from rump Yugoslavia, with which Slovenia is still in dispute over its claim for a share of the assets of former Yugoslavia.

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the border, which will probagovernment of North Ehine, bly lead to some 600 job losses Westphalia, Germany's most in Cologne next year, has been seized upon by German politicians and industry organisations as an example of an increasingly hostile business climate, dogged by high wage and social costs and recklessly enacted environmental legislation. The case is scheduled to be debated in the Bundestag, the lower bouse of the Ger-

populous state, and specifically on the campaign by the Greens for a night-time flying ban. Mr Dietmar Kabbiz, a board member of TNT Express, said "the discussion [in Germany] about night-flight bans has not been the sole reason behind our decision, bnt it has created planning uncertainty. A ban would have had

man parliament, next week,

Mr Lothar Ruschmeier, chief

tion"

party leader, called TNT's deci-sion "logical", since the comairport authorities; Liege has two runways, whila Cologne pany had been "inflexible in its has only one; and wage costs, stance towards the residents especially social security contributions, are lower. When the who suffer from noise polluboard debated the Liege versus By contrast, the Social Dem-Cologne case, Cologne ocrats are backing a new terappeared to have lost on virtuminal at the Dortmund ally all coonts. regional airport. The Greens Mr Eberhard Garnatz, direc-

said.

in the future."

it, but got cold feet.

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argue that the coalition treaty tor of Cologne's chambers of

Free Democrats, called the red fails under the auspices of the green government in Dässeldorf a "job-killer coalition".

Mr Matthias Wissmann, the federal transport minister, tried to put the Düsseldorf government on the spot with a call to confirm formally that the current night-flight rules are to remain in place. He said failure to clarify the position would force other express parcel ser-vices to follow TNT's example.

How to sink a shipbuilder Security Judy Dempsey recounts the hype and fall of Bremer Vulkan mann of a further DM1.54bn. It now appears that the BvS. successor to the Treuhand, failed

of those contracts through its "contracts management" department, whose task is to By Peter Norman in Bonn

Mr Konrad Porzner, the head of Germany's intelligence service, the BND, resigned yesterday after the federal chancel-lery refused to let him dismiss alleged black market trading in military material from Rus-

bers of Bremer Vulkan," he "No one dared take Bremer Vulkan head-on in the past," said a banker specialising in shipbuilding and who refused to grant the company any loans. "I am pessimistic about any politician prepared do so operation.

e said the SPD in Bremen had been too close to Mr Hennemann to question the rapid expansion of the company in the late 1980s, while the CDU, which joined the coalition last

Mr Porzner, aged 61, was appointed BND head in 1990 summer, had the chance to scrutinise Bremer Vulkan and after nearly 30 years in polithe SPD's financial backing for tics and parliament. A Social Democrat, who had served as a junior minister in the finance "Like the SPD, it knows there are too many jobs at stake," the banker went on. and development aid ministries before Mr Helmut Kohl's "That is why neither party coalition came to power in wants to take responsibility for a radical restructuring plan for 1982, Mr Porzner had no background in intelligence and Bremer Vulkan. That's why soon reports were widespread of tensions between him, the the coalition partners are now bugging each other and work-BND staff and the chancellery. ing in consensus. Neither party His departure yesterday was taken as a sign that he had finally lost the confidence of is prepared to make tough decisions to revamp the company just as both expect the tax-payer to pick up the bill." Chancellor Kohl.

onceded defeat yesterday and rostrum in a show of unity.

Mr Blondel, a strong opponent of government welfare reforms, rejected suggestions that he had allowed Trotskylsts to infiltrate the higher reaches of the FO and denied his tactical alliance with the rival pro-communist CGT union during December's strikes was designed to resubmerge the FO in the CGT, from which it split in the late 1940s. David Buchan, Paris

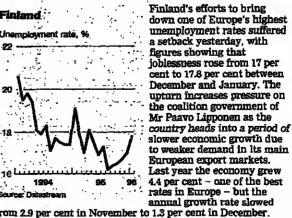
Hungary lifts growth hopes

Mr Peter Medgyessy, who takes office as Hungarian finance minister today, is to aim for economic growth of 45 per cent next year, up from an expected 2-3 per cent increase in GDP this year. However, Mr Medgyessy pledged yesterday to follow the stabilisation policies successfully pursued by his predecessor, Mr Lajos Bokros, the cobinet's leading reformer, who stepped down on February 18 over disputed social security reforms.

"Stabilisation is a pre-condition of growth and there will be no stabilisation if we do not continne to support anti-inflationary measures," Mr Medgyessy, a 53-year-old banker and former communist, said in his first press briefing since being nominated by the governing Socialist party. He said inflation of about 20 per cent this year, down from 28 per cent last year, was a realistic target. He also promised to take a more conciliatory approach to reform of the two indebted social security funds which run the country's state bealth and pensions schemes. The country's large public sector had to become smaller and more effective and state expenditure reduced to enable tax cuts and a fall in interest Virginia Marsh, Budapest rates

ECONOMIC WATCH

Finnish setback over jobs



from 2.9 per cent in November to 1.3 per cent in December. When the Social Democrat-led government took office last ear it said it aimed to halve unemployment to single figures. but the target looks increasingly unrealistic despite lower interest rates and efforts to make labour markets more flexible. A total of 438,000 Finns are unemployed, one in 11 of the population. Christopher Brown-Humes, Stockholm the population. Christopher Brown-Humes, Stockhol: Swiss consumer prices rose 0.2 per cent in February from the previous month, for a vear-on year inflation rate of 0.8 per

Austrian consumer prices rose 0.8 per cent in January from December and annual inflation climbed 0.1 percentage points to 1.9 per cent.

■ Norwegian unemployment fell to 4.5 per cent in February from 4.8 per cent a month earlier. The jobless rate was 5.3 per cent a year ago.

r Henning Scherf which looks out on Bremen's mann was ousted the previous must be wondering medieval St Peter's Cathedral, month because of repeated whether be should bave followed his father's Mr Friedrich Hennemann, Breadvice and become a priest mer Vulkan's chairman at the instead of a politician. time and a former state secre-Indeed, the Latin, Greek. tary in the SPD-controlled Bre-

1990s

Scherf.

books," said Mr Scherf.

amount to DM700m (£300m).

Hebrew and law he studied on his way to becoming mayor of the Social Democrat/Christian Democrat government of the north German city-state of Bremen never prepared him for the formidable task he is faced with.

After months of staggering financial disclosures, the region's largest employer, the Bremer Vulkan shipyard, was forced last month to seek protection from its creditors. And that was particularly bad news for Mr Scherf and the city government, for it was the guarantor for bundreds of thousands of D-Marks in loans which were supposed to ensure the company's future as a shipbuilder but were apparently

never spent on it. Instead, the management of Germany's biggest shipyard appears to have tipped the lot down a black hole of the company's loss-making divisions rather thon invest it in the troubled east German ship-

increasing to more than DM1bn in 1995 with the banks yards it bought in 1992. The demise of Bremer Vulowed DM1.4hn. The company also poured DM852m into its kan is a tale of the cosy relationship between German gov-ernment and industry, lax loss-making subsidiaries instead of investing that accounting procedures and an amount in its two east German shipyards, as agreed with the BvS, the successor to the Treuabsence of clear responsibility in business alliances between hand privatisation agency which sold it the yards. public and private sector. Some say it also goes to the heart of an endemic reluctance to ques-tion the authority of Ger-

"All that money is gone." said Mr Hero Brahms, a former Treuhand board member who many's captains of industry. For Mr Scherf the tale began was appointed head of Bremer less than two months after he Vulkan's supervisory board moved into the mayor's office, last December after Mr Henne-

when he received a visit from losses. "in fact, the Bremer Vulkan case shows there was no

proper system of accountability or control over the way men government during the state-backed credits were spent or how he expanded the group." Mr Brahms, Bremer "He was full of enthusiasm. He had a copy of the compa-ny's six-months report. He said Vulkan's workers' council and some bankers agree that the was going to make a small cosy relationship between German industry and politics con-tributed to the collapse of the profit. We had no reason to doubt him. After all, outside accountants had checked the company. Meanwhile, Mr Hennemann is under investigation

This was good news for Breby prosecutors. men. The company has 23,000 The supervisory board of people on its payroll, at least Bremer Vulkan had not enough authority, said Mr 10,000 of them around Bremen, and over the years the city acted as guarantor to the com-Wolfgang Dettmer. deputy head of the workers' council at pany. One supervisory board Bremer Vulkan Werft, a subsidiary of the group. "These boards rarely do. As chairman member of Bremer Vulkan reckons Bremen's guarantees of the management board. Hen-"We never suspected anynemann called the shots. The thing. We assumed things were management and supervisory going fine until Angust, when boards went along with it. We the bad news started," said Mr believed him. What choice did we have, especially when outside accountants had checked the finances?" In August 1992, under pres-

Between August and last month, Bremer Vul-kan's losses soared, sure from Bonn and the Christian Democratic Union (CDU) in the eastern state of Mecklenburg Vorpommern, the Treu-hand sold MTW and VWS, two east German shipyards, to Bre-mer Vulkan. 'We were under huge political pressure to sell to Heunemann," said Mr Brahms. "He wanted the entire east German shipping sector. Some of us tried to resist. We were sceptical."

The Treuhand allocated DM1.27bn of public funds to the MTW and VWS shipyards with a commitment in the purchase contract with Mr Henne-

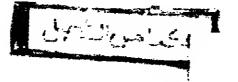
leader to take early retirement to monitor the implementation

ensure that investments are made on time and are channelled into agreed projects and that job guarantees are met. Mr Heinrich Hornef, head of the BvS, shrugged off any two senior BND officials in the wake of a scandal involving responsibility and denied negligence. "There has been misuse of funds. The responsibility lies with the former board mem-

It has been alleged that tbree BND employees made personal fortunes some years ago through bringing military material out of Russia to the west. Mr Porzner sought to dismiss the two senior officials he considered responsible for the department involved in the

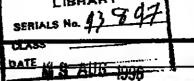
Yesterday, Mr Porzner sought and was granted early retirement after Mr Friedrich Bohl, the head of the chancel lery, refused to allow the BND chief either to send the two officials into early retirement

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FINANCIAL TIMES	FRIDAY MARCH 1996

NEWS: EUROPE



THE UNIVERSITY OF JORDAN LIBRARY

Criticism of existing system of meetings prompts review EU to boost links with eastern bloc

By Caroline Southey in Brussels

The EU and eastern and central European countries this week broadly agreed new measures to boost contacts, in an effort to breathe new life into relations between the two blocs ahead of enlargement. The initiative follows wideepread criticism of a regime set up a year ago to develop closer contacts and co-operation between EU member states and countries waiting to join the Union.

The changes are designed to improve the quality of a system of meetings, known as structured dialogue, which most countries believe has lost its way and is producing little of substance

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As part of a wider strategy on enlargement, EU heads of state agreed at the Essen summit in 1994 that eastern and central European countries should be invited regularly to meetings such as heads of stata eummits and Council of Europe meetings on foreign policy, transport and the single market

Senior representatives are highly critical of the present regime. "We are going through a difficult period," an EU offi-cial said. "The system is not working, It has outgrown its usefulness

The official said the problem for aspirant member countries was that they had boped structured dialogue would be the "centrepiece of relations" while waiting for accession. "As it has turned out, they feel they did not have any influence," he added.

From our side the problem is that they only come with sterile reports which do not touch on issues we would like establish continuity.

them to address." he said, cit ing as examples banking priva-tisation and implementation of

stock market reforms. Mr Josef Kreuter, ambassa dor to the EU for the Czech Republic, said the meetings were "too formal" and ministers were "not tempted to speak freely".

The meetings, which some times take place the day after Council of Minister gatherings, are often badly attended. Only two EU foreign ministers -from Greece and Italy - were at this week's session with central and east European foreign ministers.

A further criticism is that ministers from the associated countries, which include Poland, the Czech and Slovak Republics, Hungary, Bulgaria, Romania, Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia, are prone to delivering set speeches, which militate against a free exchange of views. "The meetings bave turned into monologues," an EU diplomat said.

Other diplomats also point out that there is no coordina-tion between the countries ahead, of meetings. "They are in competition with one

another. They do not act or feel like a group," the EU official said. The proposais considered this week include earlier preparation of agendas to ensure a

"coherent" logic in the order in which sectors and topics are tackled, and limiting the topics **Cries of**

to one or two a session. Another idea is to ask the European Commission to pre-pare background papers ahead of each meeting. "This should reduce the amount of reporting back ministers do," an official said. Conclusions will be drawn up after each meeting to

Aznar's confidence grows in final campaign push

domestic market:

moment

of its players.

sonalities Spain bas produced.

very dear friend José Maria".

today embarks on a 1.500km whirlwind tour of Spain on the final campaigning day ahead of Sunday's general elections. In bis last push tn replace Mr Felipe González as prime minister, he will crisscross Spain from SPANISH north to south,

ELECTIONS addressing four rallies in seven hours. March S

Mr Aznar predicted at the start of the two-week campaign that his centre-right Popular party would win a "sufficient" majority. His punishing electioneering schedule is designed to win the PP an outright majority.

His growing confidence showed at a midweek meeting in Zaragoza's bull-ring, where he said the opinion polls had consistently underestimated the PP's lead over the ruling Socialists. "The gap is wider then they say, we are well out in front." Zaragoza, Spain's fifth largest city with half a million inhabitants and

"A nation, like a person, doesn't grow if it doesn't change," said Mr

Mr José María Aznar the capital of the Aragón region, is a Iglesias, who paid a highly publicised bellwether town where companies call on Mr Gonzalez in 1983 to contest new consumer products for the gratulate him on becoming prime minister. The singer now told the Mr Aznar's feat was considerable crowd Mr Aznar was the best possible because he was selling the PP in Zaraman to run Spain because "he is hongoza at a singularly unpropitious est, be is prudent and be knows bow to listen'

The 15,000-strong crowd was in a A delighted Mr Aznar delivered his standard campaign speech. It dwelt on moderation, efficiency and opening state of angry shock when the meeting started. It bad been watching, on up a "new dialogue" with society. The glant screens, the annihilation of Zaragoza's football club in the final country was poised for a "momenleg of the European super cup by Ajax of the Netherlands in a match where tous, peaceful and responsible change"; his government would "open windows to let in fresh air" and "restore Spain's self-confidence". the Scottisb referee gave three penalties against Zaragoza and sent off twn

He expects an outright majority in But Mr Aznar had a surprise up his Aragon, where the PP wrested the sleeve. Having told the crowd "we're going to win in Zaragoza and if we reginnal government and the Zaragoza city hall from the Socialists in were playing in Amsterdam we'd win local elections last year. Mr Aznar has there too", Mr Aznar introduced the pulled off a coup in Aragon by estab-Miami-based singer Mr Julio Iglesias, one of the biggest showbusiness perlishing a coalition with a local regionalist party that had divided the centre-right vote in previous polls.

Analysts believe the PP will now The builring erupted as Mr Iglesias leapt nn to the stage to embrace "my double its seats in Aragón, returning eight of 13 MPs elected by the region.

Tom Burns

A Spaniard in the Basque capital of Vitoria walks past a poster depicting a tomato splashed over opposition leader José María Aznar, with the message Whether yon vote or not, at least enjoy it". The poster was made by a small group boycotting Sunday's general election.

Bank of Italy warns on economy slowdown

By Robert Graham in Rome

The Bank of Italy yesterday warned that the Italian economy would be more seriously affected than previously projected hy the slowdown among its main international partners.

In the central bank's letest sixmonthly bulletin, economists forecast that growth will be closer to 2 per cent this year, instead of the 3 per cent envisaged last year in the Dini government's macro-economic projec-

The deceleration of the Italian

'foul' over

TV rights

to football

A row broke out last night

over the award of television

By Robert Graham

economy, evident in the last quarter of 1995, began later than other G7 economies. So far the slowdown bas been less pronounced, because of strong exports. Bnt the pace of the export drive is beginning to slow. The bulletin notes: "With competi-

tive gains (from the lira devaluation) exhansted, the slackening on the exports front is unlikely to be offset by domestic demand whose rate of growth will remain substantially unchanged." Consumer spending this year will

remain flat because real wages are not expected to increase, and unemployment cannot be reduced significantly, the bulletin says. Unemployment is at presently running et close

to 12 per cent of the labour force. However, with growth slowing. domestic demand flat, and wage demands contained, the bank sees a real prospect of bringing Italian con-

Italian inflation has remained high, against the European norm. January figures just released showed the beginnings of a slight fall to e 5.2 per

The bank also lays down important parameters for the economic debate

during the forthcoming campaign for

The bulletin casts donbt nn the 1996 bndget achieving its object of reducing the public sector deficit to L109,000bn (£45.3hn) from L130,000bn, equivalent to 5.9 per cent of GDP.

This is despite the Dini government bringing the 1995 deficit in on target. To gain greater credibility in the international financial markets, the banks says extra measures will be necessary.

This recommendation is less specific than recent statements by Mr

Sedgwick Re

sumer prices below 4 per cent.

cent annualised rate.

Antonio Fazio, the governor, who has talked of the need to find an extra the April 21 general elections. L10,000bn-L15,000bn in spending cuts or fresb revennes.

Last year Italy's debt service hill was L190,000bn. Without this burden the budget recorded an important pri-mary surplus of L60,000bn.

3

ZUTIK

For the first time last year Italy's debt stahilised as e proportion of GDP, and even lowered marginally because of L8,350hn in privatisation receipts used to retire debt.

But it is still above 120 per cent of GDP, donble the figure laid down by the Maastricht convergence criteria.

tax-free savings

Paris may act on

By Andrew Jack in Paris

The French government is considering giving the country's private sector banks a free hand to manage money collected through a new tax-

free savings product. This would represent a break with the normal practice of using funds generated by similar products for specified public policy objectives. It would also be the first time financial institutions were permitted to use tax-free funds collected without any obligation.

Mr Jean Arthuis, economics and finance minister, announced at the end of Jannary the government's intention to create a new "Livret Jeune" account for young people aged 12-25 that would be exempt from tax and available through a bank.

The country's banks want to be eble to use the money collected how they like, or demand a commission of 1.2 per cent on any amount that has to be handed over to the state Caisse des Dépôts institu-

tion for investment. Banks are keen to win Livret Jeune accounts, partly because they hope to hold on to the young savers they attract.

Advertising has already begun in earnest, and the accounts

are officially available from today with a maximum deposit of FFr10,000 (\$1,970). Introduction of the Livret Jeune was aimed at persuading

private sector banks to cut interest rates, as part of efforts to boost investment and consumption in the economy.

The banks agreed to cut rates, but demanded an end to the monopoly of the French Post Office and the Caisse d'Epargne national savings network over the tax-free "Livret A", and a similar "Livret Bleu" product offered by the Credit Mutuel network.

The two existing byrets were maintained, but their interest rates cut by 1 point to 3.5 per cent, making them less attractive.

All Livret A and Livret Bleu deposits are handled centrally by the government, which uses them for financing low-income even the amount managed by

housing projects. The Codevi, another tax-exempt product already available through private sector banks, is partially collected through the state, but

the banks must be used to provide loans to small and medium-sized businesses

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Washington, D.C. . Miami

Vittorio Cecci Gori, the owner of two small TV channels with less than 5 per cent of the national audience. Mr Cecci Gori, a football fan

and owner of the Florencehased Fiorentina team, is also believed to be one of the main sponsors of the political ambi-tions of Mr Lamberto Dini, the premier who this week launched a new centrist political party. RAI, the Italian state broad-

casting organisation, criticised the award by the football league; it is the first time RAI has not heen awarded the rights. An outraged spokesman said the offer made hy Mr Cecci Gori was four times greater than the annual earn-

ings of his TV stations. Mr Cecci Gori'e winning bid for the live transmission for terrestrial channels was L218hn (\$137m) for each of the next three years. He also won the radio broadcast rights.

The RAI statement pointed out that Telemontecarlo and Videomusic - Mr Cecci Gori's two channels, both of which he acquired last year - did not broadcast across the whole country. It is not clear how Mr Cecci

Gori, whose father founded a successful film production and distribution business, will finance the bid. But there have been rumours he is seeking international partners, including Mr Rnpert Murdoch of News Corporation.

The original auction last antumn was postponed because Mr Cecci Gori claimed he needed time to bid against the three RAI and three commercial channels owned by Mr Silvio Berlusconi's Fininvest. Through football Mr Cecci Gori bopes to increase his share of the national endience to about 15 per cent.

He appears to have offered L200bn more than what RAI was prepared to pay last autumn for three years' terrestrial rights. Overall, the Italian football

league will receive L1,251bn for football rights during the next three seasons.

The pay-TV and pay-per-view rights were awarded to Tele-piu, which is controlled by Germany's Kircb group and the Rupert family of South Africa. Telepiu, in which Mr Berlusconi has a 10 per cent stake, bid L203bn a year for three

years Here also RAI might seek to reverse matters as it has been arguing vigorously to be allowed to enter the field of pay-TV. The government has, so far, blocked its way.

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NEWS: ASIA-PACIFIC

ASIA-PACIFIC NEWS DIGEST

China irked by **US** loan curb

China expressed regret yesterday over a US decision to hold up \$10bn in preferential US Export-Import Bank loans. Washington is considering whether to impose sanctions over alleged Chinese transfers of nuclear technology to Pakistan. We regret the move. We believe it is unwise," said Mr Shen Guofang, foreign ministry spokesman.

Eximbank announced yesterday it would hold off on new financing commitments to China for the next 30 days, pending further investigation into the alleged transfer of nuclear technology. US intelligence has reported that China last year ahipped specialised magnets to Pakistan for equipment that enriches uranium used in nuclear weapons. The latest irritation comes at a sensitive moment in Sino-US relations, with a US decision also pending on sanctions over continued copyright violations of American information and Tony Walker, Betjing entertainment products.

Ramos confident on tax reform

Philippine president Fidel Ramos expects his tax reform Package to pass soon, despite the defection of Liberal Democrat members of his coalition from the Senate, he said yesterday. "I have been assured by the leadership of both Chambers that the entirety of these tax reform measures will be passed." Speaking on the eve of the Europe-Asia summit, Mr Ramos called on European countries to take part in the international marine survey workshops being organised by Asian countries to defuse conflicts over claims to the Spratly Islands. Europe had an interest in peaceful resolution of the issue, be said, because shipping lanes in the area were so important. Peter Montagnon and Ted Bardacke, Bangkok

Vietnam to boost tax collection

Vietnam, faced with a widening deficit, will tomorrow discuss a new budget law designed to reverse chronic tax collection sbortfalls after a fall in government revenue last year. The issue will be discussed at a session of the National Assembly, the country's legislative body that has an increasing say in economic policy. Mr Vu Mau, chairman of the standing committee of the Assembly, said a cornerstone of the new law will be to allow some of the country'a 53 provinces to keep more tax as an incentive for them to collect more. The Assembly would also pass a long-awaited mining law allowing foreigners to own the minerals they exploit in Vietnam, which has gold and other valuable mineral deposits. Foreign investors, particularly Australian companies, have expressed interest in Vietnam's mineral sector. Jeremy Grant, Hanoi

Taiwan eases investment curbs

Taiwan has loosened curbs on foreign investment in domestic shares in a liberalisation move timed to boost flagging share prices before the country's first presidential elections on March 23. The cabinet yesterday approved a proposal to lift the ceiling on foreign equity investment from 15 per cent to 20 per cent of total market capitalisation. It also gave the nod to direct investment in shares by foreign individuals. Until now only foreign institutions approved by Taiwan's monetary authorities have been allowed to buy Taiwanese shares. While welcoming the changes, securities analysts cautioned that they were unlikely to bring an influx of foreign funds into the Taiwan market. Net foreign investment in Taiwan shares is now stands at less than S per cent of total market capitalisation. Laura Tyson, Taipei

Government panel urges break-up of NTT

By Michiyo Nakamoto in Tokyo A Japanese government advisory panel yesterday recommended the break-up of NTT, the world's largest

company by market capitalisation. The break-up, it said, was crucial in srimulating competition in Japan's telecoms markets and speeding the move to an advanced information society. NTT should be broken up into one

long-distance and two regional carri-ers by March, 1999, the Telecommunications Council said in its final report to the government. Publication, after almost a year of debate over NTT's future structure by

council and public, takes the issue to

the political arena. The Japanese gov-ernment's final decision on NTT, set for the end of March, will have a crucial influence on the course of the world'a second largest telecoms mar-

The council's report is by no means guaranteed to become law in its pres-ent form. Prominent politicians in the government have expressed opposi-tion to a break-up of NTT, indications are growing that political considerations will, in the end, prevent the council'a recommendations being

adopted by the government. NTT, which has rigorously opposed any break-up, has substantial political clout, with over 191,000 employees throughout Japan, Japan's ruling par-

ties are unwilling to risk alienating this huge source of votes when public antagonism towards the government's housing loan bail-out scheme is at a peak. The Keidanren, Japan's most influ-

ential business organisation, said yesterday it respected the council's view but would like to see further deregulation and the separation from the telecoms ministry of its regulatory and supervisory functions.

NTT, in a last-minute attempt to convince the public it can be efficient. despite its size, offered yesterday to provide the most advanced new ser-vices at the cheapest prices in the industrialised world by early next century.

The Council's proposal to split up NTT is the third such move since NTT was privatised ten years ago. It comes five years after the last attempt was rejected by Japanese leaders in 1990. At that time, the decision on NTT's future was postponed for five years, bringing the deadline to the

end of this month. Criticism has been widespread that NTT's 99 per cent share of the local network has stifled competition, kept

Japanese telecoms prices bigb. restricted new services and hindered Japan's entry into the advanced information age

In its final report, the council rec-ommends splitting NTT into a single long-distance company and two

regional companies serving east and regional companies as ving vasi and west Japan. It proposes the new long-distance company offer interna-tional and local telephone as well as cable television, data and mobile communications services.

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KDD, Japan's biggest international carrier, will be ellowed into the domestic telephone market. Regional carriers will not be allowed to offer cahle, long-distance or international services from their business regions but will be able to do so outside their own areas.

Foreign ownership of shares in the two regional carriers will be related from a ceiling of 20 per cent on NTT ahares to just less than onethird.

Talks with Li fail to achieve commitment on reformed legislature Major dampens hopes of HK deal

Chirac sees EU as Asian partner

By Peter Mo Ted Bardacke in Bangkok

row's summit.

South Pacific.

December.

larger political role in the world, commensurate with its increasing economic power, France made a bid for the the richer countries of the limelight at the European region should introduce their Union-Asia aummit in Bangkok with a speech by President own development aid pro-Jacques Chirac calling for Europe and Asia to work together towards the establishgrammes. He also endorsed the planned expansion of Asean to incorporate three new memment of a new global equilibbers including Burma and rerium, replacing the old bipolar world of the cold war. affirmed France's claim to a national presence in the Asean By the end of the century the Regional Forum which deals with security matters. European Union must assert

itself as Asia's other partner On the economic front, besides the US, Mr Chirac said France wanted to triple its in a speech in Singapore. share of Asian imports from 2 per cent to 6 per cent within ten years, he said. But security designed to overcome Asjan doubts about Europe's interest in the Pacific region and estabissues were also crucial, now that the cold war was over. lish France as the EU's leading partner in Asia before tomor-"This new multipolar world, very different from the bipolar In his speech, the text of world we have lived in since which was widely circulated the [second world] war, with bere, Mr Chirac was careful to its ideological conflicts and make conciliatory gestures to risk of confrontation, will Aslan countries upset by make everyone free to estab-French nuclear testing in the lish new ties, new solidarities." Europe should look at Asia

He endorsed Japan's ambiwith new eves, and overcome tion for a permanent seat on the indifference, and sometimes the suspicion born of ignorance," adding that too often Asia's economic strength the UN security council and called for closer dialogue between Europe and the seven members of the Association of was seen as a menace in Sonth-east Asian Nations. France would "adopt a con-Europe and Europe was seen as a trade fortress in Asia. He called for the establishstructive attitude of principle ment of a Europe-Asia training towards the treaty on a southeast Asian nuclear weapons and technology exchange and free zone" signed by Asean last private sector business forum. Brittan to warn China, Page 5

Saying that Asia deserved a Mr John Major, the UK prime minister, last night sought to dampen expectations in Hong Kong of winning any Chinese commitment to preserve the territory's recently reformed egislature.

> the two leaders in five years, took place in the margins of the 25-nation Asia-Europe summit in Bangkok. Mr Major said Li Peng con-

firmed that after the handover to China in June 1997, Hong Kong would enjoy "a high degree of autonomy". The Chi-

nese would not send their own By John Kampfner in Bangkok officials to run the region: they would not take extra tax revenues, and they would look sympathetically on local feeling in making their choice of a chief executive to run the terri-

tory To highlight improving political and economic ties, Mr Major announced that his deputy. Mr Michael Heseltine, would take 250 business leaders to China in May, one of the largest business deleg-ations to be led by a British ninister

However, the British side received no indication on when a chief executive would be announced to replace Governor Chris Patten. Nor did it gain any assurances about the future of the Legislative Council. or about a bill of rights. which legislators have

"I said to the prime minister . smooth transltion." . he that Hong Kong'a success is. founded not only on economic success, but on the rule of

law," Mr Major said. He also

made clear be had "touched on

human rights, as I always

discuss buman rights in bilat-

ness of the Bangkok confer-

However, Mr Zhou Nan, Chi-

cal democracy. "We sincerely

hope the British can fully co-

operate... and stir up no fur-

ther trouble for Hong Kong's

ence.

Mr Major flies on from Bangkok to Hong Kong tomorrow night for his first trip there since 1991. His decision, however, to address Legco in closed session has infuriated local politicians.

Earlier, Sir Leon Brittan, the European Union trade commis-He is expected to use the visit to announce an agreesioner, said that during talks with the commission, Mr Li had given an undertaking to ment to grant visa-free entry to Hong Kong citizens after the handover, one of Legco's strongest demands. eral and multilateral forums,

Resistance has been strong, but not during the main bushhowever, among Mr Major's cahinet colleagues, notably Mr Michael Howard, home secrena's de facto chief representatary, who fear it could create an entry loophole for mainland tive in Hong Kong, warned the UK government yesterday not to press its demands for politi-Chinese

Mr Major would not confirm that he had raised with Mr Li either the visa issue or the fate of Vietnamese boat people in Hong Kong.

The cynics and apathetics hold key to Australia poll

Ballarat, about 50 miles from Melbourne in the state of Victoria, is a marginal seat, targeted by both leading parties in Australia's federal election. A 1.6 per cent swing on Saturday would deliver it back to Labor from the conservative Liberal-Na-

tional coalition. Such close running might be expected to concentrate the political mind, but, in Ballarat, far from it. "It doesn't matter which mob you vote for, they all do the same thing," says one woman. This attitude -

remarkably similar.

ous (and supportive) interjections from the audience. Evan

ao, his programme, too, has

allegiances. "Swinging voters", who represent less than one-fifth of the total electorate,

usually determine the result.

although most concede victory for the coalition is "odds-on"

after the fiasco on Wednesday in which Mr Ralph Willis, fed-

eral treasurer, accused the coalition of planning to cut fed-

eral funds to state govern-ments and released letters pur-

porting to show this. The letters were later shown to be

26 seats but seven are on mar-

forgeries.

do it.

As a result, political pundits are loath to make firm predic-tions about the outcome -

with unvetted voters.

faithful

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RESTAURANT

With few differences in style or substance in this campaign, the 'swing vote' counts, writes Nikki Tait

The parties, parliament and polls

BERAL

NATIONALS

Labor party



The Australian Labor party - having languished in the political wilderness throughout the 1950s and 1960s - gained office in ... 1972 but, after a turbulent three years, lost again in 1975. Eight years later, Bob Hawke led the party back into government, and for the past 13 years it has remained there. Keeling become leader in 1991 after a bitter contest with Hawks. The party is the trade unions, has been responsible for freeing up and Internationalising the economy, through progressive tanif reductions, deregulation of the financial sector and the ficaling the currency. A centraplece of its policy has been accords wi the unions under which they promise wage restraint in return nint in return for the government's furthering social object

 \mathcal{I} fter One Night At The Sherry-Netherland, You'll Never Want To Stay In A Hotel Again.

Speaking after an hour of talks with Mr Li Peng, the Chi-nese prime minister. Mr Major said overall relations had improved markedly over the past year, and that he had been impressed by several pledges received. The talks, the first between

demanded.

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the reverse is true.)

to three per guest. (At a hotel,

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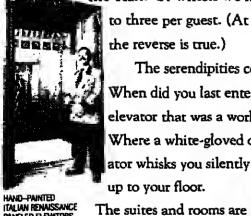
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ator whisks you silently

up to your floor.

elevator that was a work of art?

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another revelation. Some contain antiques worthy of the Vanderbilt Mansion, which in many cases is where they

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came from. Some have marble bathrooms, handloomed French carpets, crystal chandeliers. We even have a library. Ask for a book or a movie. It will be in your room in minutes. And we have the best location in New York. Across from Central Park, a few steps from Bergdorf Goodman, Tiffany, and F.A.O. Schwarz - and IN OME OF OUR SUITES just a short walk to Rockefeller Center. The Sherry-Netherland is not a hotel. Rather, it is a magnificent residence owned by a small group

of exceptionally diffident people who live there.

It's their place in town. If you, too, would like to enjoy their

kind of luxury, we invite you to call Mr. Louis Ventresca at

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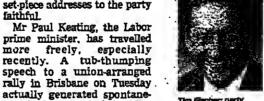
But we warn you. After one night with us, you may never want to stay in a hotel again.

CIRE SHERRY-NETHERLAND Your Place In Town

not always so cynically expressed, of course - has been evident across Australia. Despite a five-week campaign. voters see few defining issues. Labor has been in office for 13 years, and the coalition has plugged the slogan: "Time for a

iberal/National coalition change". "A change to what?" counters Labor. In many policy areas - from foreign affairs to healthcare - the leading parties' stated promises look The campaigns have scarcely moved the electorate either. The coalition went into the

contest with a big lead in the opinion polls, and has minimised its risks. The diary of Mr John Howard, the coalition's leader, has comprised early morning radio interviews and set-piece addresses to the party

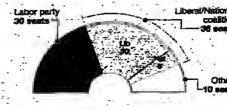


ter and opposition

been carefully managed to minimise chance encounters What the voters have now ... House of Representatives: 148 seat The resultant air of disillu-sionment matters for two reasons. First, voting is compul Lebor party sory in Australia, so even the toughest cynics make their mark. Second, many Austral-ians are loyal in their political



Senate: 76 seats



The opinion polls bear this out, and while the opposition's margin over Labor has varied gins The of less than 3.5 per cent. gins of less than 3.5 per cent. The Queensland economy, meanwhile, has been badly affected by drought and a slow-down in the housing market. New South Wales, where Labor also fared well in 1993, is another patential trouble cont from 2 to 8 percentage points in recent days, it needs only a 0.5 per cent uniform swing to another potential trouble spot. Disaffection with a new Labor There may be some complicating regional factors. There is a widespread expectation that Labor will lose ground in Queensland. It holds half the

state government could rub off on the federal party. So it is probably essential that Labor makes up seats in

vatisation agenda. This makes seats such as Ballarat crucial and cynical voters an essential

Meanwhile a fairly positive set of monthly balance of payments figures has gone almost

The Liberal party pursues a more pro-business stance the tabor party but is often described as a broad church. In clator party our is onen described as a pipel cruter, encompassing hardline economic rationalists and some individuals with fairly progressive social agendas. Howard is having his second bit at the prime-minister's job he having his party in the late 1980s but lost the 1987 election and was ousted as leader in 1989. He re-emerged as leader lust over a year ago as an experienced hand to take charge of a party in disarray. The Liberals' long period in opposition has bred disunity and trequent leadership changes. But, under Howard's resumed leadership, it has put forward a more harmonicus from and its shrewd, disciplined campaign style seems to have surprised its opponents.

The National party was known as the Country party from 1919 - when it fought its first election - unit the 1970s. Its heartland is still the Australian bush and its support stronges among the farming community. Coslition anangements with the Liberals are long-standing and relatively smooth. Rische one of Australia's more unconventional but fondly regarded political figures, became party leader and opposition en on energy and re irces in 1990. He t spokeeman on trade in 1993;

1993 results n basckees	OF VOTE	NUMBER OF SEATS
Iberal/National	51-54 (48.6)	82-95 (48
abor party	45-49 (51.4)	51-65 (80

in the complex Senals elections, most po tipping an outcome in which neither the coalition Labor holds outright control. The belance of por would be retained by the Australian Democrata. dant. Both the De

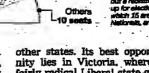
Green party and an indep and the Greens are left-les

ng chember has 14 ber 148, all of whe nertainer or gives the new chamber 148, as a second Senate: 40 of the 78 senate au p for elect Senate: 40 of the Labor, 17 by Laborate, 2 by n 15 me

> The unnoticed. current account deficit for stood at A\$1.64bn (US\$1.24bn), down from a revised A\$1.7bn in December and significantly better than the A\$1.8bn which the market expected.

Merchandise exports rose by 2 per cent during the month. with rural exports enjoying a 6 per cent risa as the effects of the drought recede.

other states. Its best opportu-nity lies in Victoria, where a fairly radical Liberal state gov-ernment has already enacted industrial relations reforms and pursued an aggressive pri-



NEWS: WORLD TRADE

Germany and US liberalise air travel -By Peter Norman in Bonn

Germany and the US yesterday agreed an immediate partial liberalisation of air traffic and a bilateral air safety pact ahead of the expected start of the two countries' open skies agreement this summer.

Mr Matthias Wissmann, the German transport minister, said the two sides agreed a four-point "goodwill" deal to increase air traffic following yesterday's negotiations on the details of the open skies agreement. He said Germany would sign the open skies agreement, which was unveiled early last month as soon as the US authorities have given antitrust immunity to the existing alliance between Lufthansa and United Airlines.

icy, is expected in 60 to 90

days, Mr Wissmann said. The four-point deal is

intended to signal the two gov-ernments' commitment to hb-

eralisation. It will take effect

before the summer and allows:

LTU, the German carrier,

and Air New Zealand to fly

three times a week on a codesharing arrangement between Los Angeles and Frankfurt.

Lufthansa and United to

use their code sharing services

between Germany and the US

via Amsterdam and Brussels

Lufthansa; which, accord-

ing to Mr Wissmann, is the

world's biggest freight carrier, to expand its freight services

• US airlines to have an extra

20 flights a week between Ger-

In addition, the two sides

agreed that their open skies

agreement should include prin-

ciples for non-discrimination

and competition in computer

reservation systems and rules

to ensure non-discriminatory

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A Potton house (left) in Nasu, north of Tokyo, while (right) Japanese inspect a traditional style English fireplace

Japanese go for the inglenook look

By Andrew Taylor, **Construction Correspondent**

in Washington

not met.

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on other food imports.

Japanese demand for traditional British luxury items, from whisky to Wedg-Japanese wood china, is spreading to the country's housing market.

UK companies specialising in timber-framed homes have supplied reproduction English country houses, which come complete with inglenook fireplaces and exposed beams, to meet the requirements of discerning Japanese home buy-

The latest enterprise, which is a joint venture between Potton of the UK and Meishin,

a Japanese trading house, is due to be launched today. Planning permission is being sought for the first "English"

village of 20 homes to be built at Nasu, a commuter town surrounded by mountains and forests, about an hour's train journey north of Tokyo. Eight separate "villages" using Potton designs are pro-posed by Meishin.

Potton, a family-owned company based in Bedfordshire, will be following in the foot-steps of other British builders. Prestoplan Homes for several years has exported timber

frame kits and housing components to build Tudor style

homes in Takamatsu, Osaka ton to build Tudor and Queen and Kobe. The flexibility of timher

frames, compared with hrick and block, meant that the company's homes in Kobe escaped relatively unscathed from last year's earthquake. In Shirakawa, an entire Eliz-

abethan-style village has been constructed by Hertfordshire-based Border Oak, using traditional building methods. It forms part of a university campus where students learn English language and the English way of life.

In the latest deal Meishin has won exclusive rights to import timber frames from Pot-

Anne style bomes. Other building materials, fixtures and fittings will also

come from the UK from an approved list of companies which includes Scottwood Kitchens, Southern Brick and Anderson Windows. Potton will also arrange for

British bricklayers, carpenters and other craftsmen to travel to Japan to build the first homes at Nasu. It is expected Japanese construction workers will be trained to build subse-

quent developments. Homes are expected to be sold for about £140,000 (\$215,600) compared with a con-

struction cost of about £120,000. Japanese-built homes of equivalent size and quality would cost abont £300,000, says Potton.

هكذامنالأجل

Mrs Akiko Abe, managing director of Meishin says: "Japa-nese people truly love English bousing. Potton bouses are cheaper than normal Japanese homes so the market is huge." Meishin expects to develop a nationwide network of Potton representatives in Japan as its

market develops. Potton also has a one year, fim contract to supply designs and timber frames for traditional English bomes in Israel and Spain.

Big increase in project finance

By Richard Lapper

ture have been staples for proj-Tbe international project ect financing. We are starting finance market, which mobito see telecoms rocket up. said Mr Rod Morrison, editor of lises private capital for energy, infrastructure and other prothe IFR Project Finance Interjects, grew by more than 50 per national. Telecoms was the seccent in 1995, according to a survey published today. ond most popular sector after power for which bonds and A sharp increase in telecomloans financing amounted to some \$11bn.

munications-linked business. and a rise in Asian and American projects, fuelled the growth, according to the survey by IFR Project Finance International, a trade publication. The survey says the project

finance market grew to \$27.1bn in 1995, compared with \$17.7bn in 1994. Loan finance accounted for 86 per cent of the accounting for the remainder. Returns are paid out of reve-nues earned by the operators of the projects. PFI's figures, first compiled in 1994, include all deals underwritten during the year but exclude financing totally guaranteed by govern-

ment agencies. Worldwide nearly \$5.8bn was mobilised for telecoms projects, with projects accounting for about 20 per cent of activity in the Americas and more than 50 per cent of the total in Europe and the Middle East. The survey highlighted financings or refinancings for the UK Orange and Mercury 1-2-1 mobile phone and the Italian OPI GSM greenfield mobile phone financing.

Australia borrowed more money than those in any other country apart from the US. Project lending to Latin America also grew signifi-cantly, with Colombian power, pipeline and telecom projects drawing in \$1.55bn loan finance, more than 20 per cent of project lending directed to the Americas as a whole. Bond and loan financing for the country's Ocensa pipeline amounted to \$1.4bn, while loan financing for Colombia's Termobarranquilla gas power plant amounted to \$575m.

"Power, oil and infrastruc-

The rise in the number of

loans directed to Asian pro-

jects was another outstanding

feature of the year's business.

Banks increased their loans to Asian projects from \$4.2bn to

\$9.3bn. Among the biggest pro-jects were deals to develop two

coal-fired power stations: a

\$1.82bn loan for the Paiton project in Indonesia and a \$1bn

facility for the Sual project in

the Philippines province of Pangasinan, Banks lent more

to projects in Indonesia than in

any other emerging market.

while project developers in

Project finance: the world leaders

Top global lead arranger loans by country

Australia	\$3.76bn	
UK	\$2.54bn	
Indonesia S2.06bn		
Colombia S1.56bn	By sector	\$bn
Philippines \$1.10bn	Power	8.74
	Telecoms	5.49
Hong Kong \$0.95bn	Oi & gas	2.40
	Infrastructure	1.99
Italy \$0,94bn	Industriat	1.49
	Mining	1.14
Argentina 60.74bn	Petrochemicals	0.92
	Leisure	0.73

Russia steps up food import battle the Gore-Chernomyrdin com-By John Thomhill

in Moscow and Nancy Dunne mission, a channel for the US vice president and the Russian prime minister. The trade skirmish over US The US ponltry industry,

A STATE OF THE STA

chicken sales to Russia intensiwhich has been earning about fied yesterday when Moscow hinted it may impose quotas \$600m a year from its exports to Russia, attributes the embargo to a a policy shift The threat follows Russia's reportedly approved by Mr warning last week that it Chernomyrdin and President would ban US chicken imports Boris Yeltsin, which would from March 16 if veterinary return Russia to heavily certification standards were subsidised agricultural produc-

In Washington US officials and sciantists yesterday met Mr Alexander Zaveryukha, Russia's deputy prime minister Russian veterinarians in an in charge of agriculture, diseffort to allay Russian conmissed a letter from the US agriculture department comuser fees that cover costs in all | cerns. The White House is also pressing for a solution through

infringements as "condescending". And be promised the coun-

try's veterinary service would act firmly to safeguard the Russian population's health. According to the Interfax news agency, the Russian State Trade Inspectorate last year turned back almost one quarter of the US chickens it inspected amounting to some 3,000 tonnes.

But Russlan accusations of poor quality food imports have been combined with more overtly protectionist senti-ments. The Russian poultry industry has complained bitterly about dumping by foreign plaining about possible trade producers and urged the gov-

local farmers.

The Moscow regional administration this week blamed cheap imports for undermining domestic producers. According to the administration's figures, the region's poultry stock has fallen to 17.7m birds or less than half the 1990 level. Mr Zaveryukha confirmed he would press President Yeltsin to impose quotas on the import

of foodstuffs. The dispute has already hit US chicken exports to Russia which amounted to about \$500m in 1995. US producers have rapidly increased chicken

sales to Russia since the early they are normally sold. 1990s when President George

ernment to intervene to protect Bush visited Moscow and promised to help improve the country's food supply. The imported chickens, which have become extremely popular in Russia, were quickly labelled

"Bush's legs" as a result. US producers have seen Russia as a particularly attractive market given the local population's preference for dark chicken meat. The majority of the US public prefers white meat

The popular press has reacted with incredulity at Mr Zaveryukha's commenis given the appalling quality of many Russian chickens and the unsanitary conditions in which



Many illnesses, in the beginning, do not make their presence felt through pain or discomfort. That is why we should have regular medical check-ups even when we feel fine.

Scientists at Bayer have developed special test strips for early detection of diabetes or kidney disorders. They enable us to check for possible problems, quickly, simply and reliably.

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We are one of the chemical and pharmaceutical industry's leading companies and develop advanced diagnostic systems and effective medicines. We also help with advice on how a healthy lifestyle can help prevent illness in the first place.

We would be happy to provide more information. Please write to Bayer AG, Public Relations Department (KI), 51368 Leverkusen, Germany



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multiples of the suite

NEWS: INTERNATIONAL

Sharp rise in use of bank fakes

By Andrew Jack in Paris

The International Chamber of Commerce, the international business organisation, yester-day warned of a sharp rise in the use of fake banking instru-menls which are defrauding companies and individuals of millions of dollars each year. The use of "prime bank ustruments" - which purport to offer risk-free, high interest returns and often appear to be backed by well-known banks have reached "epidemic" pro-portions, it said in a report on fraud.

Mr Rahmi Koç, president of the ICC, said he was "alarmed" at the growth in frauds, some of which falsely use the name of his and other organisations to add respectability. The report calls for increased

vigilance, and says many peo-ple are taken in too easily by bluster, bluff, name-dropping and pretentious language. The idea of "prime bank instru-ments" has been in circulation for many years, giving them credibility, hut they have never been legitimate.

Other names for fictitious instruments often used are standhy letters of credit, prime hank guarantees and prime bank notes. They are portrayed as highly profitable, totally risk-free, extremely secretive, and sanctioned by regulators. hanks and international bod-

Mr Eric Ellen, executive director of the chamber's com-mercial crime bureau, said that legislation needed to be tightened to clamp down on fraud. He said it should be a crimi-

nal offence for someone to offer such instruments to others when they know or believe the objectives of a proposed deal cannot be achieved.

At present, fraudsters can evade prosecution because they claim to have acted in good faith, offering forged Instrumeots but arguing in their defence that they thought them to be genuine.

He also called for tighter regulation to prevent newspapers and magazines carrying adver-tisements for such frauds.

ing up progress on the test ban told a news conference. By Frances Williams in Geneva

Addressing negotiators in the United Nations disarma-Australia yesterday presented a model draft of a global test ment conference, Mr Costello said the draft showed a treaty ban treaty to negotiators in Geneva, warning of widespread was within the world's grasp this year. concern that the apportunity to conclude a treaty this sum-mer was "slipping away". Mr Michael Costello, head of Australia's foreign affairs

Over the past two years, 90 per cent of the work had been done, but new momentum was department, said that the comneeded to complete the treaty promise draft was designed to on time. "There is a need to seize the cut the Gordian knot of "a hour, it may not come again if we miss it," Mr Costello later thousand brackets and a few tough issues" which were bold-

He noted that the final ver-slon of the treaty had to be agreed by the end of June if it is to be submitted as scheduled to the 51st session of the UN general assembly in Septem-

The model text calls for a "zero-yield" test han, which has been publicly endorsed by three of the five declared nuclear powers - the US, France and Britain - and is expected to be backed by Rus-sia and China.

The Australian initiative was warmly welcomed yesterday by many countries, including Iran. which last week put for ward its own treaty text in a similar attempt to speed the talks.

Australia submits draft for global test ban pact

However, India, which has insisted on linking conclusion of the treaty with a time-bound commitment to full nuclear disarmament, threatened yes-terday to withdraw from the Geneva talks if there were any move to substitute the Australian draft for the current nego-

tiating text. India, which carried ont its own nuclear test in 1974, has become increasingly isolated in its hardline stance on linkage. In recent weeks a number of non-aligned states which share India's disarmament goals have publicly rejected any link that could scupper the test ban treaty.

Nevertheless, under the rules of the 38-member disarmament conference. Indla could block the necessary con-sensus on a global pact. Even if New Delhi does not go this far, it could refuse to sign the treaty. A number of other issues a also holding up the talk

the pact in the eyes of many countries, which believe it ble states.

This would seriously weaken

should cover all nuclear-capa-Other "threshold" nations such as Pakistan could then

INTERNATIONAL NEWS DIGEST

also refuse to sign. Diplomats point out that, while New Delhi did not block the indefinite extension of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty last year, neither India

A number of other issues are also holding up the talks, including the rules for on-site inspections when nations are suspected of cheating, and the conditions for the treaty's entry into force. whitewate hip for his Clinte

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India, want to ban computer modelling and other research that could advance nuclear

China is still holding out for tha right to conduct "peaceful" nuclear explosions while some developing countries, including

weapons development

Premier accused of anti-democratic methods in resisting big pay demands **Army halts Lebanese workers' protest**

Lebanon's Prime Minister Rafik al-Hariri yesterday ordered in the army to stop a workers' protest, raising new questions about his democratic convictions, Reuter reports from Beirut.

The billionaire construction tycoon's decision to impose a curfew backed by troops highlighted the mounting dilemma Mr Hariri faces in trying to rebuild Lebanon with scarce financial resources

Meeting labour's insistent pay demands could bring on a financial crisis of unforeseeable consequences, financiers say. But if he does not do a deal with the workers, he seems condemned to rely increasingly on force to rule an increasingly restless country. Already accused by critics of lacking enthusiasm for democracy and encroaching on Lebanese freedoms, Mr Hariri faces the prospect of confront-ing an ever-broadening political oppositioo if he continues

to look to the army to prop

In a biting comment, the lef-tist Beirut daily As-Safir yes-

terday called Mr Hariri a "mar-

tial law goveruor". By resorting to the army he had

shown how much his personal popularity and political strength have plunged since be

took over in October 1992, the

newspaper said. When he took office in Octo-

ber 1992. Mr Hariri was wel-

comed enthusiastically as the

only man with the vision to rebuild Lehanon after the 1975-90 civil war.

him op.



Troops arresting people in Beirut yesterday for violating a curfew which halted demonstrations AP

pay rise for all workers, a dou-But on Wednesday, he hling of the monthly minimum wage of L£250,000 (£101) and ordered the army to take over national security for three months in the face of labour rollbacks of government poliunrest and charges that he cies it dubs anti-democratic. ignores the poor and is leading But the government is desperately strapped for cash as it pursues its multi-hillion dollar Lebanon towards a "social The army imposed an 11postwar reconstruction drive, hour curfew to abort demonwhich has set Lebanon on the road to recovery. It cannot meet the CGTL's strations that the prime minister had refused to allow during

a general strike planned for pay demands without increasa massive budget deficit public debt and provoking The General Labour Confedand eration (CGTL), which called inflation that could undermine the strike, wants a 76 per cent the Lebanese currency, finanMay, 1992, bread riots toppled Mr Omar Karami, a former prime minister amid a currency collapse and soaring inflation.

Another devaluation now of the Lebanese pound, which has appreciated steadily since Mr Hariri took office in October 1992 would knock away the lynchpin of his reconstruction policies.

To avoid the crunch, Mr Hariri has repeatedly resorted to delaying tactics. Lebanon's 120,000 public sector employees are still waiting for a 20 per cent raise agreed in December 1994, and the CGTL is increasingly militant.

A Beirut newspaper commentator said Hariri could afford to act so tough because he has the backing of international and regional powers like the US and Syria - who want him to stay in office.

every crisis hecause they want him to stay," said the commentator who asked not to be identified.

"I seriously believe what Hariri says is true, that if you Syria, which has 30,000 raise salaries, there could be a troops in Lebanon, is the councollapse of the pound and the try's main power broker and workers will be worse off," said analysts noted that Hariri made a visit to Damascus before ordering in the army. a Beirut banker who asked not

This is a dictatorship dis-"I think the financial marguised as democracy," the com-mentator said. "The question is kets are relieved (by the army action) because they see that if how long can he get away with he caves in to pay demands there will be a devaluation of It. He's not as popular as he the currency," the banker was when he took over. He's very unpopular now and his popularity continues to drop." Mr Hariri is also relieved at the army's backing, because in

leader jailed A Tunisian court has sentenced Mr Mohamed Moada, the country's main opposition leader, to 11 years in jail on charges of having secret contacts with Libyan agents and receiving money from Tripoli, judicial sources and his lawyers said vesterday. It also condemned a Libyan agent, Rachid Ben Mokhtar Mohamed, who was tried in his absence, to the same

Tunisian party

jail term. Mr Moada, a university professor and president of the main opposition party, the Movement of Social Democrats (MDS), was charged last October with having contacts with foreign agents which could affect Tunisia's military or diplomatic situation. Lawyers said Mr Moada pleaded not guilty and said his contacts with the Libyans were within the normal

framework of relations between politicians. The court dropped the charge that Mr Moada's contacts affected Tunisia's military position, lawyers said. Journalists were not allowed to enter the court for the hearings nor the reading of the sentence early yesterday. France, Tunisia's main economic partner, said it planned to discuss Mr Moada's jailing with other EU nations. Reuter. Tuni Reuter, Tunis

South Africa signs nuclear pact

South Africa and France yesterday signed agreements opening the way for French investment in a South African laser-based uranium enrichment programme, Mr Pik Botha; mineral and energy affairs minister, said: France will invest R83m (\$21.5m) in developing Sonth Africa's Molecular Laser Isotope Separation (MLIS) enrichment technology. Mr Botha said the French state-controlled Compagnia

Generale des Matieres Nucleaires (Cogema) had signed a letter of intent in Paris in 1994 but this was subject to intergovernmental agreements being reached on nuclear co-operation and trade.

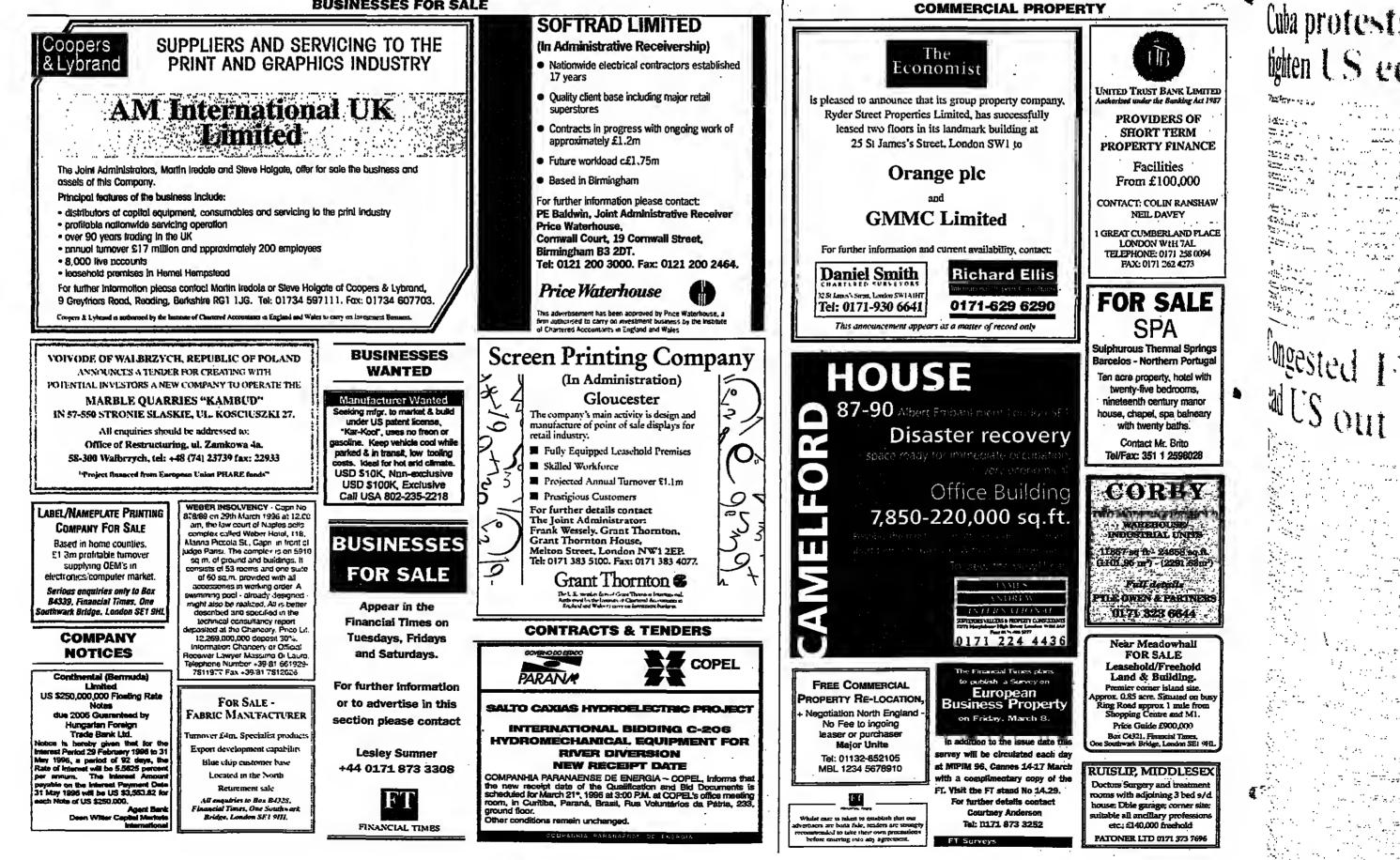
"The agreement is ... subject to international safeguards and to the two intergovernmental agreements confining any cooperation and exchange of know-how and technology to peaceful uses only," Mr Botha said.

Both the International Atomic Energy Agency and the European Atomic Energy Community also bad to be informed of the proposal because of the "sensitive nature of international co-operation on uranium enrichment

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY

Reuter, Cape Town technology".







explosion,"

yesterday.

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"This is why he's moving like a bulldozer. He survives

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NEWS: THE AMERICAS

AMERICAN NEWS DIGEST Whitewater fillip for Mrs Clinton

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There are insufficient grounds for e lawsuit against Mrs Hillary Rodham Clinton's law firm over its work for a failing savings and loan institution, according to a Whitewater report that congressional Democrats will use to argue for a swift end to Senate hearings.

The report says lawyers did not find evidence of fraud or intentional misconduct that would be needed to sustain a claim against the Rose law firm of Little Rock in the collapse of Madison Guaranty, the Arkansas savings and loan once owned by the Clintons' Whitewater partners. A team of attorneys from a private law firm prepared the

study for the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Mins Clinton prepared a real estate document on a money-losing land development financed by Madison. The report said it would be highly unlikely a jury would find Mrs Clinton knew of any wrongful purpose regarding the document. AP. Washington

US money laundering fears

Organised crime in the US banking system, including money laundering and other financial scams, is raising national security and foreign policy concerns, witnesses told a House of Representatives panel.

Money laundering - used by drug dealers and other criminals to deposit illegal profits in the banking system now moves as much as \$500bn through the system annually. Laundering, counterfeiting and credit card scams cannot be considered "white collar" crimes any longer because they are being used by organised criminal groups to support drug dealing, illegal arms trafficking and murder. Mr Jim Leach, chairman of the House Banking Committee, said

this week. AP. Washington

Pemex pre-tax profits up 20%

An increase in international prices for crude of helped Petroleos Mexicanos (Pemer), Merico's state oil monopoly, to \$13.2bn in pre-tax profits for 1995, a 20 per cent increase on the previous year.

Although the company had planned a slight increase in total production, hurricanes in October pushed output down to 3.1bn barrels for the year. Daniel Dombey, Merico City

Colombia in drugs battle

teres and the

Colombia is pulling its weight in the global struggle against narcotics and should not be disqualified for partnership by the US government, the Colombian minister of foreign trade said

"Decertification is our of the question," Mr Morris Harf said. The US government will today list the results of an annual review of world anti-drug efforts that includes the "certification" of various countries as reliable anti-drug partner. US officials last month said, however, they were concerned about allegations that Colombian President Ernesto Samper's election campaign was fuelled by drug money, casting doubt on the country's ability to secure certification. - Nations denied drugs certification face the loss of US aid and possible trade sauctions, unless President Bill Clinton grants a waiver of the law in the national interest of the US.

Along with a clutch of his highest officials, Mr Figueroa was ruled to Renner, New York

reform.

Two leading Republican presidential candidates fail to find top gear Dole in the slow lane on Highway 85

By Jurek Martin in Spertanburg, South Carolina

ighway 85 on the fringes of Spartanburg. South Carolina, this week gave **Republicans Bob Dole and Pat** Buchanan a chance to show off their contrasting wares before tomorrow's primary election. The majority leader was at the spanking new BMW plant, supposedly to preach the message that foreign trade and

investment works. The conservative commentator was at the Evangel Cathedral which, as the name implies, is where · fundamentalist Christians, his greatest well of support, gather. It was Mr Dole's only public event of the day, typical for a

campaign which does not seem able to kick out of first gear let alone echieve the speeds attributed to the BMW-Z3 roadster that graces the latest James Bond movie Goldeneye. The gunmetal grey factory, employing 1,700 now and another 500 within a year, is

the perfect manifestation of the new South Carolina and is becoming a mandatory pit stop for all conventional candidates. By contrast, Mr Buchanan had spoken earlier outside a with tha neat white nylon derelict textiles factory in

jackats worn by the BMW horny handed sons of toil who Clearwater, backdrop for many a past protectionist campaign. now go by the name of Mr Dole arrived at ahift The Dole phalanx inspected change time with his own the roadster, Senator Phil Gramm of Texas peering into assembly line in tow - two present governors, a former the narrow space behind the one, a senator, a congressman

By Daniel Dombey in Mexico City

A row over a ruling exonerating one

of Mexico's most controversial state

governors from complicity in the kill-

ing of 17 peasants by state policemen

is threatening moves towards political

that the investigation, initiated by

Governor Rubén Figueroa of the

Pacific state of Guerrero after pres-

sure from the country's buman rights

commission, was a whitewash.

Opposition politicians have charged

Uninspiring Bob Dola (left) and Phil Gramm fly in to South Carolina and several other political men driver's seat, perhaps looking in auits. They matched well for his lost candidacy. The media pack surrounded them. obscuring all sight lines, and waited for the soundbite of the

> day. But Mr Dole failed to deliver. Looking vaguely distracted, like a guest at his own wedding, he hardly uttered a word. Mr Gramm, the

governors past and present and the congressman all waxed at length about the evils of protectionism and were in full flow when Mr Dole abruptly

His party then stood in line as the BMW workers - wearing name tags like Dick, Tom, and even non-voting Franz and Heinz and a woman called

Minutemen of the Revolution Mercedes - filed past to shake through Custer's Last Stand to hands.

يستعدد الرواد عكاد والأحجم تعتصينا والمراج

One, identified as Brad, tried Ronald Reagan, but almost as to engage Mr Dole in vigorous conversation. He said if by memorised rote. His audience responded well afterwards he was concerned. when he pushed their bot button issues of abortion, about social programmes and religious revival and the UN. thought waste and fraud should be assessed before they but were otherwise quita were cut to the bone. passive.

He reported that the They were his crowd for the most part but did not exactly rush out afterwards in their majority leader's response was that there were several congressional committaes looking into exactly this pick-ups and Toyotas on to Interstate 85 blaring thair horns with enthusiasm.

Brad was not impressed with what has become the stock The fact is that Mr Buchanan is emotionally down answer of a candidate who after finishing third, not first, prefers to talk in the language in Arizona on Tuesday. That of the Senate rather than the night he was caught over a midnight dinner in Marietta, Georgia, sitting between his If thet event was tepid, an wife and sister, his head in his

word

evening of Buchanan rabble-rousing at the charismatic Evangel Cathedral promised better. The candidate did not speak

problem.

people.

from the pulpit but from a stage wide enough to accommodate the full Mormon Tabernacle Choir in single line abreast. The cavernous 4,000-seat

modern auditorium, just up the highway frontage road from the church itself, was barely one-fifth full.

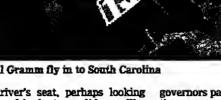
By his high oratorical standards, Mr Buchanan was as flat as a pancake. He exorcised all his usual demons - Hillary Clinton, abortion, Nafta, Gatt, the UN's "new world order," the department of education - and

exalted his heroes, from the

In Sparianburg, he showed he had not yet recovered. He spoke of "if" ha became president not "when," and he seemed to be halfacknowledging that his crusade had limits. It reminded some of the self-doubt he had sbowed in the long months before the first caucuses in Alaska, Louisiana and Iowa

hands, for once without a

gave him reason to dream. Still, he and Mr Lamar Alexander, the former Tennessee governor, bave another pit-stop to make - at the BMW plant. Both might take the roadster for e spin. Of course. Mr Steve Forbes probably already owns several of them.



broke it off.

government, Last August the human right's commission argued that summary executions had been carried out and guns planted at the acene to make the peasants seem the

The special prosecutor, Mr Alejandro Varela, said that be had begun criminal proceedings against 43 state officials, though not against Mr Figueroa and his closest aides.

• The Mexican government suffered a setback yesterday when a US federal judge in New Jersey roled against the deportation of Mr Mario

attorney general. Mr Ruiz Massieu, who is wanted in Mexico on charges varying from illegal enrichment to the use of torture, had already seen four extradition requests from the Mexican government turned down.

In late 1994 ba headed the investigation into the assassination of his brother, Mr José Francisco Ruiz Massien, formerly a senior official of the ruling PRI, and the Mexican government claims that he covered up vital evidence showing the involvement of Mr Raul Salin brother of the former Mexican president

have no responsibility for the deaths on June 28 last year of members of a radical peasant organisation of the aonthern Sierra. The peasants had been stopped on their way to a rally by a contingent of police, which the special prosecutor investigating the

case said lacked the training or the ability to deal with such a situation. On Wednesday the leader of the opposition Party of the Democratic Revolution, Mr Porfiro Muñoz Ledo, said his party might leave talks on electoral and state reform if prosecutions against officials exonerated by the inquiry were not begun.

The reform, intended as one of the centrepieces of President Ernesto Zedillo's government, bas already been thrown off track by a boycott by the National Action party, Mexico's biggest opposition force.

independence and passed over evidence of involvement at the highest

that many more police were present at the site of the incident than has

Opposition politicians charged that

Row over deaths threatens Mexican reforms

the special prosecutor, proposed by Mr Figueroa, lacked the necessary

levels of the state government. A recently released video shows

been claimed by the state Ruiz Massieu, a former assistant

tighten US economic embargo

Euba protests at legislation to

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Cuben ministry'a North Amer-ican Department, said. andez de Cossio said. By Pascal Fletcher in Havana

ican Department, said. The bill, named after its con-US legislation to tighten the servative Republican sponsors, economic embargo on Caba will "severely affect". US-Cu-Senator Jesse Helms and Congressman Dan Burton, is ban relations and further set aimed at trying to block for-eign investment in Cuba as a back prospects of solving their long-standing disputes, Cuba's ! way of forcing President Fidel foreign ministry said yester-

Castro to introduce reforms. President Clinton is poised Mr Clinton has said he will to sign the legislation after the endorse the new legislation as part of a package of punitive measures imposed by the US downing hy Cuha of two US civilian aircraft at the weekagainst Cuba for the shooting

down of the two aircraft. Helms-Burton "This will mean in political tives from sanctioned compalaw...will have a severe impact on relations between the two terms that any possibility of countries," Mr Carlos Fern- solving the problems between andez de Cossio, head of the Cuba and the US will be set nies. It would allow American citizens, including naturalised Cuban-Americans, to sue for-

eign companies that invest in property the Cuban govern-But Cuba's message to for ment has confiscated over the eign investors was that they past 35 years. should continue to have confi-Mr Clinton won agreement dence in the island. "It should

from Congress that be hava the authority to waive the be common sense around the world that one country cannot right to sue if the national dictate the trade and economic interest was involved. The relations of another." waiver would run out in six The legislation could serimonths, but could be renewed. Allies of the US, such as ously hamper efforts of foreign Canada, the European Union companies to do husiness in Cuha by exposing them to costly US lawsuits and denying entry to the US for execu-

and Mexico, have told Washington they will oppose any "extra-territorial" aspects of tha new legislation which might seek to block trade and investment by their national companies in Cuba.

There's something missing from the WTO.

REFITESSOLS.

he US has been a slow starter in the high-speed Walt Disney World in and around Orlando, attracts milrail revolution. While lions of tourists a year from

Japan and parts of western Europe have built lines that permit speeds of 200mph or more, most lines in the US are stuck in the steam age, limit ing trains to e maximum of the pas

Af last, however, the US may be starting to catch up. This week the state of Florida announced that it had chosen a private sector consortium to: build the first high-speed rall-way in the US - a \$4.8hn system modelled on France's 200mpb train a grande vitesse. (TGV).

The 319-mile, purpose-built railway will comprise two: main routes. The first, due to open in 2004, will cover the 224 miles between Orlando and Miami, and the second, due to open in 2006, will cover the 95" miles between Orlando and Tampa.

Why Florida? For the simple reason that it has many of the problems faced by other regions that have adopted high speed rati: a high popula-tion density and rapidly worsening problems of congestion on the roads and in the air.

Florida, after all, has one of the fastest-growing populations in the US. Miami is an important business centre for central and South America, and the state as a whole, with its warm climate, beaches, and big enter-

tainment atfractions such as journey. Conversely, people fly-Walt Disney World in and ing out of the state will be able to check in at the nearest railway-atation and have their the US and overseas.

bags automatically transferred The state did its sums and estimated that the proposed to their flight at the airport. The railway line will take some intra-state passenger trafhigh-speed railway would have fic from the airlines. But Flosenger carrying capac ity of a 10-lane expressway. rida Overland Express, the Building a new road that size, consortium chosen to build it said, would cost \$6.60n; thus believes most traffic will be the \$3.8bn cost of huilding the railway (the balance of the diverted from the roads: and in

unstuck if cost estimates start

Only two years ago, a much-

touted plan to build a

high-speed railway in Texas

root, the US financial commu-

to climb.

A planned link between Miami,

Congested Florida on track to

lead US out of the steam age

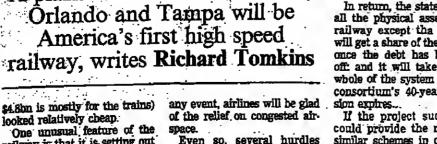
nity could not be persuaded that the railway would ever be viable: cheap road fuel and ever-cheaper air fares meant people would continue to prefer their cars for shorter jour-neys and the aircraft for longer ones, it was said.

The Florida line will be financed largely by a bond issue, but the state will be a big investor in the project, contributing \$70m a year over 25 years for a total of \$1.75bn. In effect, the state will be paying most of the interest on the bonds, beloing reduce the risk for investors.

In return, the state will own all the physical assets of the railway except tha trains; it will get a share of the revenues once the debt has been paid off: and it will take over the whole of the system when the consortium's 40-year conces-

If the project succeeds, it could provide the model for similar schemes in other congested parts of the US. Many such schemes have been proposed - for example, linking Los Angeles with San Francisco - but none has yet left the drawing board. the project could easily come

Association, an industry lobby



Even so, several hurdles versial: no one wants a bigh-speed train running through their back yard. And

The High Speed Rail/Maglev ing group, says: "We think once we see Florida moving ahead, other states will start accelerating their pace. But collapsed for lack of funds. At Florida's the maverick right now."



BOARD OF FOREIGN TRADE, MINISTRY OF ECONOMIC AFFAIRS, REPUBLIC OF CHINA

There's a place in the World Trade

Organization for the Customs Territory

of Taiwan, Penghu, Kinmen and Matsu.

We are the world's 14th largest trading

economy, committed to substantially

reducing tariffs, lifting import restrictions

and liberalizing trade in services.

A pea is missing from the pod.

\$4.8bn is mostly for the trains) looked relatively cheap. One unusual feature of the railway is that it is setting out remain before the line can to work in partnership with become e reality. The choice of the airlines rather than to compete with them. Two of its staa route is bound to be controtions, at Orlando and Miami,

will be et the amports, not in

the city centres. Another will

serve Walt Disney World and

The idea is that many people

arriving at the airports will

switch to the railway to take them to their final destination,

having booked a through ticket

that includes the rail leg of the

nearby attractions.

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Sharp fall in imports pushes trade surplus

By Gillian Tett,

Britain recorded its first trade surplus for two and a half years with the rest of the European Union in December after imports from the Continent fell sharply.

The surprise improvement, shown in official figures published yesterday, came amid fresh signs that demand is faltering on both sides of the Channel, hecause of slower than expected growth in Europe.

However, the dip has not affected all sectors of the UK economy. For though an export driven manufactur-

with consumer caution, this pattern now seems to he reversing.

Imports of consumer goods and cars, for example, have risen slightly in recent months - providing one hint that shops and distributors may expect consumer spending to grow. Meanwhile, separate hanking data yesterday showed that although con-sumer lending only rose at a modest pace in January, demand for mort-gage finance is showing some recov-

However, manufacturing confidence may be weakening, with imports of

ing upturn has been the main focus of investment goods used by manufac-the recovery in recevt years, coupled turers falling. These types of imports turers falling. These types of imports showed the sharpest quarterly fall in the last three months of 1995 for five years. Imports of German goods appeared to be particularly affected. This trend echoes the surprise fall

in UK manufacturing investment at the end of last year - and suggests that some companies may be harbouring fresh donhts about the economic ontlook. These doubts come as the UK

export growth which drove the recovery two years ago is faltering. The value of exports in December was a seasonally adjusted 0.5 per cent lower

than in November, the Central Statistical Office said. Measured on a three monthly basis,

NEWS: UK

in volume terms - a hetter guide to the trend - exports were 1.5 per cent lower in between the third and fourth quarters

The weakness was not spread equally: sales to Germany fell 3.3 per cent, while exports to Belgium, Holland and Luxembourg are running at record levels. This patchy perfor-mance left exports falling more slowly than imports, resulting in a £56m surplus in trade with European Union countries, against a £118m deficit in November.

This surplus helped bring the overall trade deficit with the whole world to £557m in December, unchanged from November. This occurred in spite of the fact that previously published data had already shown that the deficit with non-EU countries had risen

Non-EU data is published ahead of EU data although the CSO is now changing the system.

The European Commission issued its first ever harmomised inflation figures, which showed that the UK had the fourth highest inflation rate of any country in the European Union last month.

UK NEWS DIGEST **Rifkind** upbeat on **EU** membership

Mr Malcolm Rifkind, the foreign secretary, yesterday promised MPs sympathetic to further European integration, that the government's forthcoming paper on the European Union would unequivocally state the merits to the UK of member-ship. In an indication that the government has not been pulled ship. In an indication that the government has bot been pulled to the Eurosceptic right by Tory MPs pressing for a repatria-tion of EU powers, Mr Rikind was reported as promising that the government's position "will not be bostile to the EU" in preparation for the intergovernmental Conference on future European development that begins later this month,

the government will issue a white paper on its negotiating the government will issue a white paper of its ingotating position on March 11. According to a cross party group of MPs, who met Mr Rifkind yesterday, the foreign secretary "assured us that the government's white paper will take an unequivocal attitude that the UK's membership of the EU is a good thing". James Harding, Weitminster

Anger at university cuts:

Britain's university vice-chancellors yesterday reacted angrily to the news that they face budget cuts of more than 2 per cent in cash terms next year. They called for a moratorium on further cuts in funding for 1997-98 and restated their threat to levy a £300 registration fee on new students next year;

The Association of University Teachers described the funding cuts, announced yesterday, as "butchery". It said many universities were their towns' biggest employers and claimed the cuts would lead to more than 10,000 job losses.

The University of Cambridge was among the seven institu-tions to take the steepest cuts, which amounted to a "worry-ing" cut in real terms of 7 per cent, it said. John Authers, Education Correspondent

Investment projects warning

Serious damage could be inflicted on the long-term investo projects of UK companies in emerging markets because of complex proposals in the finance hill, according to accoun-tants Ernst & Young. The Labour party highlighted the issue at yestedray's hearings of the finance bill standing committee E&Y said the new corporate debt regime would mean that companies financing major projects abroad by loans would have to pay tax on the interest as it accrued. Under the old system they could wait until repatriating the interest, or capital repayment, before paying tax.

"These proposals will operate to the commercial disadvan-tage of UK husiness and could damage relations between Britain and the emerging democracies," said Mr Jun Marshall, head of the energy tax practice at Ernst & Young. The government recently tabled amendments to the clauses on approach debt hnt the accountants said they had failed to solve the Jan Kelly, Accountancy Correspondent problem.

More play lottery than vote

More than 40m people play the National Lottery on a double rollover weekend, more than vote in a general election, Camelot told a panel of MPs.

The operator of the National Lottery faced criticism from the National Heritage Committee investigating the Lottery, rulminating in the accusation that it had won a monopoly right to "plunder the public." Mr Joe Ashton, the Labour MP, asked: 'How can you possibly justify the sort of money you are making in profit?" He calculated that Camelot's predicted earnings translated to a "phenomenal" £108,000 for each of its 600 employees. Mr Tim Holley, Camelot chief executive, prom-ised that Camelot would never make more than 1p in the pound, adding a pledge that Lottery tickets will stay at £1 for at least the next five years. James Harding

Pensions blow to government

The government suffered a humiliating defeat in the House of Lords last night as peers voted to allow pensions to be split between couples who divorce. In a landmark decision that will have substantial conse-

quences for the pensions industry and Treasury income tax revenues a cross-party coalition of peers voted for a Labour amendment to the family law bill allowing occupational and funded pensions to be split at the point of divorce. Baroness Hollis of Heigham, Labour's social security spokes woman in the upper house, said the decision was "a great victory" for divorced women, ensuring many would "no longer have to face the prospect of retirement in poverty." Ministers were adamant that the new clause had "significant implications" for the public finances - and did not rule out trying to reverse it when the bill comes to the Commons later this year. James Blitz, Westminste

Channel tunnel Britain finally on right track rail link plan By Charles Batchelor While Britain has dithered gets go-ahead over the construction of its high-speed rail link, France

By Charles Batchelor, Transport Correspondent

Long-delayed plans to huild a high-speed rail link between London and the Channel tunnel entrance were finally given the go-ahead yesterday with the award of the £3bn (\$4.59bn) contract to the London and Continental Railways consor-

The government, which had originally hoped to huild the 68-mile long line without any public sector subsidy, will make a direct financial contribution of £1.4bn as well as transferring ownership of the Eurostar train service and large areas of railway land. The winning consortium will take over European Passenger Services - owned hy the government - immediately and plans a stock market flotation of LCR in the second half of 1997 to coincide with the start of construction work. It has been awarded a 999-year concession to operate train ser-

vices on the line. LCR is understood to have bid for nearly £500m less subsidy from the government than its rival. Eurorail, which was led by two construction companies, Trafalgar House and BICC.

The high-speed link will allow international express trains to run at speeds of up to 170 mph and cut more than 30 minutes off journey times between London and the continent_

Changes in the planned route and uncertainty over how the project was to he financed, have meant eight years have elapsed since the project was first mooted and high-speed Eurostar services. which started 15 months ago, have been crawling through Kent on conventional tracks. Even if construction work

starts, the line will not open until early 2003, nine years after the opening of the Chan-nel tunnel itself. The shareholders in LCR are Bechtel, the US project man-agement group and SG Warburg, the investment bank,

with 18 per cent each; National Express and Virgin with 17 per cent each; Systra, the French, consultancy, with 14 per cent; London Electricity with 12 per cent; and Halcrow and Arup, design engineers with 2 per cent each. The LCR members have com-

mitted an initial £100m in equity capital to the project. They have obtained financial commitments from their hankers for considerably more than the additional £150m-plus needed to finance the initial stage, when detailed designs are completed and construction contracts signed, said Mr

Nick Wakefield of SG Warhurg. The consortlum will be required to spend £2bn of its own money and have com-pleted two-thirds of the project by value before any direct cash contribution is made by the British government in 2000.

and Belgium have pushed ahead. France started huilding its

208-mile Calais-Paris link in 1990 and completed it in less than three years at a cost of about £2bn (\$3.1bn). The swift completion of the

project reflects the French gov-ernment's commitment to comprehensive long-term transport planning and its willingness to devote large sums to it. The French engineers also

benefited from the fact that once outside Paris the route passes through lightly popu-lated agricultural land and, in the Pas de Calais region, through an area which had suffered severe economic decline. Towns battled for the privilege of intermediate stations on the route. Lille, which has become the huh for cross-Chan-nel services, has developed a modern commercial and retail-

ing centre around its new high-speed station. Compensa-tion for French householders and businesses which lost land lost to the new route is more generous than in Britain.

In the UK, by contrast, the route passes through prosper-ous areas of Kent densely populated with articulate Conservative voters keen to preserve areas of natural beauty.

Belgium is constructing a 55mile high-speed link across the Belgian/French border to Brussels. The first section of track near the border is due to open in June but the line will not be completed until May 1998. In Belgium talks are also going on with the Dutch and Germans about extending the

All aboard: Eurostar's route to the coast

KENT)=(Tunnel

high-speed lines to Amsterdam and Cologne,

The opening of Britain's Channel tunnel rail link will provide a big boost to Eurotunnel, or to whoever is then operating the Channel tunnel. by reducing journey times. The present travelling times

of three hours between London and Paris and three hours 15 minutes between London and Brussels do not give the train a conclusive advantage over air travel. Many travellers find flights from Heathrow or Gatwick faster and more convenient. But a 30-minute cut in the journey time hy rail should persuade many more travellers to opt for the train. These improvements may

come too late for Eurotunnel in

sen its present form, because of the pressing burden of its debts. The company is nearly halfway through an 18-month interest payment moratorium on most of its £8bn of borrowings and still has to persuade its 225-strong banking consortium that a financial restructuring is in their interest.

Unfortunately for Eurotunnel, it has itself played a part in the delays suffered by the rail link project. The expe-rience of the tunnel's financial backers has made the City wary of backing grandiose con-struction projects. The unreliability of traffic forecasts and a host of practical problems have increased fundraising difficulties for the rail link. The government and the

told to find private partner Mar 1989 BR chooses preferred ronte through sonth London Nov 1989 BR selects Eurorail consortium - Trafalgar House and BICC - to build it. June 1990 Scheme rejected by department of transport.

Sep 1987 BR begins feasibility study for Channel tunnel high-speed rail link route to

Aug 1988 Details of four alter-

native routes published. BR

Waterloo

Government funding ruled out, Eurorail withdraws. Mar 1993 St Pancras replaces Kings Cross as north London terminus

June 1993 Waterloo International station opens. Nov 1993 Bids to huild and operate for 999 years invited. May 1994 Channel tunnel

opens Nov 1994 Rail link bill starts passage through Parliament Feh 1996 Winning bidder cho-

City have become particularly cantious about backing consortia dominated or led by construction groups. Many of the tunnel'a subsequent prohlems have been blamed on the fact that at the start the project was managed hy construction companies with no experience of designing or operating a

was financed purely in the pri-vate sector, the rail link will benefit from an injection of public funding. After initially pledging not to put any taxpayers' money into the project, the government fudged the issue by saying it could justify support for the domestic commuter services which will also run on the line.

By James Buxton,

Scottish Correspondent

be doing a little better.

(\$940m).

complex railway system. While the Channel tunnel

for talks in docks dispute

Appeal

By Ian Hamilton Fazey

In two new developments in the five-month Mersey Docks nnofficial dispute over 329 sacked workers, the TGWU general union yesterday called for fresh talks, while the com-pany published letters from business, shipping and academic leaders urging the international Longshoremen's union in the US not to blockade the Port of Liverpool in support of the sacked men. The company has so far

refused to negotiate directly with the sacked men because the dispute is unofficial and followed an illegal strike. It said it would think about

the nnion's request for new talks. Mersey Docks and Harbour

Company made what it said was its final offer last month of 40 jobs and severance payments of up to £25,000 (\$38,250) for those leaving. The men, who were sacked last September for refusing to cross a picket line, rejected it. Tbcy have demanded 500 jobs in the port, and the sack-ing of a smaller, replacement workforce. To pressurise Mersey Docks, they are trying to organise a hlockade of Liverpool hy sympathetic dockers

around the world. The target of the sacked men's attempted blockade is Atlantic Contaioer Line, the largest single nser of Liverpool's contaiocr terminal After one of its ships was delayed in ACL's headquarters port of Newark. New Jersev last year, the company said it would consider pulling ont of Liverpool if the dispute carried on. The sacked men want Mr John Bower, the US east coast longshoremen's leader. to pressurise ACL to with draw

Mersey Docks yesterday took full-page advertisements in Liverpool's daily newspapers to publish extracts from letters to Mr Bower saying that many more jobs will be lost if ACL pull ont, mostly involving other TGWU mem-bers who bave worked normally throoghout the dispute.

By Raymond Snoddy TeleWest, the largest UK cable communications company, hopes to introduce a service next year which will offer subscribers vastly increased speed

of access to the Internet. The company which is developing the concept with the two other largest cable operators Nynex CahleComms and Bell Cahlemedia helieves it will be able to increase the speed of access to the internet by between 200 and 300 times.

A conventional Internet connection service is likely later this year to gauge the market with the special high-speed modems to follow next year. The cable industry helieves that providing cost effective connections to the Internet is just one of a series of interactive services that the cable

industry can offer. Figures from the Independent Television Commission show that the number of cable television auhscribers in the UK increased hy more than 400,000 during 1995 to a total of 1.32m. The number of telephone lines installed by the cable industry increased during 1995 from 717,586 to 1.419m. The ITC points out that even

though not all cable operators are yet providing telephone services in competition with BT and Mercury, the residential telephone lines installed

Pearson Television, the largest independent producer in the UK, has decided to sell its Teddington studios complex in a deal likely to be worth at least £15m (\$23m). Pearson, the media group that includes the Financial

Cable firm to market

Times, bought the studios as part of its acquisition of Thames Televislon for £99m in 1993. It is believed that offers ranging from £8m to £15m

have been received for the Teddington complex hat no deal has been signed so far. The decision to sell the site at Teddington Lock in Middle-

represent 97 per cent of the number of cable television subscribers, compared with only

71.5 per cent a year ago. The growth in cahle television subscriptions has come largely from the hugh investment in building new cable networks. The penetration rate - the proportion of those subscrihing compared to those who could - has not moved at all. At the beginning of January 1995 the ratio was 22.1 per cent and on January 1 1996 it

was 22 per cent. The industry hopes that a new £12m (\$18.4m) national advertising campaign will help to stimulate subscriptions. There is some controversy about the ITC statistics. The

sex with its four television studios has been taken hecause of the expected international expansion of Pearson Televi-sion, which also includes Grundy Worldwide, makers of programmes such as Neighhours. A central London headquarters is seen as important combined with the fact that modernisation is thought too expensive.

Channel 5 Broadcasting, holder of the new Channel 5 licence, in which Pearson is a shareholder, will have its own premises and will not he located in the new headquarters of Pearson Television.

> industry is allowed to ignore homes which are passed by the cable network but which heve not yet been marketed.

TeleWest, Nynex and Bell Cablemedia plan to try to standardise the definitions on everything from penetration rates to churn - the industry term for disconnections. TeleWest, which last year paid £679m for a friendly merger with SBC Cablecomms

believes consolidation in the UK industry will continue. It has decided however, not

to hid for Videotron, the North American owned cable group which has been put up for sale. Bell Cahlemedia, which has a minority stake in Videotron, has an option to purchase.

speedier Internet access high-tech groups seen improving

Scottish-based

According to a survey by Scottish Enterprise based on detailed questioning of pur-Electronics companies based in chasing directors from a repre-Scotland, long criticised for sentative sample of original missing out on the market opportunity presented to them

equipment makers, Scotland does well in assembly work. by the presence of big foreignprinted ciruit board assembly, owned electronics manufacturplastics and ruhber, cables, ers on their doorstep, appear to sheet matal, packaging and printed material.

Spending by the Scottish But it is weak in higher value areas such as producing printed circuit hoards, keyplants of companies such as Compaq, International Busi-ness Machines and AT&T on boards and power supplies, and suhcontract work in Scotland does not produce displays and monitors, or disc drives.

increased by 53 per cent in the year to mid-1995, rising from £402m (\$615m) to £615m The gap in producing dis-plays and monitors will he filled from mid 1997 when a It grew faster than total £260m plant being established worldwide subcontract spend-ing by the multinationals' Scot-tish plants, which increased by in Lanarkshire by Chung Hwa of Taiwan starts production. Scottish Enterprise is looking 39 per cent from £3.1hn to at ways of filling the gap in £3bn. Scotland's share of this disc drives. The survey findings exclude

spending was 20.6 per cent compared with 18.8 per cent in electronic components such as semiconductors, inter-company trading with sister plants and Scotland's silicon glen is the home of about 15 major US and any increasea in in-house capacity within the original Japanese-owned plants belonging to original equipment makequipment makers' plants.

Mr Alex Bryce, head of man-ufacturing at Scottish Enter-prise, said the study showed ers, producing such things as personal computers, micro-chips and cash machines. But a local electronics subcontractthat Scottish subcontractors were increasingly competitive and had scope for expanding ing industry, including UKowned companies, has been into export markets.

California case transferred

Lloyd's of London has succeeded in having a case brought against it by securities regulators in California transferred to a federal court. The California department of corporations is seeking to prevent Lloyd's drawing down on letters of credit provided by lossmaking investors, or Names. Similar actions by securities regulators have been mounted in Missouri and West Virginia. Ralph Atkins

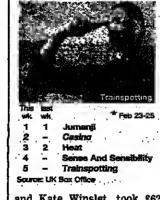
Box office record broken

Top five films*

- Casino, Sense and Sensibility and Trainspotting - helped set a new record for British cinemas last weekend with the top 15 films taking £7.6m at the box office, according to Screen international, the film industry magazine. The previous record was £7.2m taken in the weekend when Seven opened in early January. Martin Scor cesa's Casino took £1.1m in three days, in spite of being almost three hours long, which meant that most cine mas were limited to one show ing per evening. Sense and Sensibility, starring Oscar

The opening of three hit films

nominees Emma Thompson and Kate Winslet, took £629,152 and Trainsporting took E551,920. The highest grossing film was Jumanji, starring Robin Williams, which is now in its second week in the UK Alice Rawsthorn



and took £2.42m last weekend.

Gas regulator to speed up introduction of competition

slow to develop.

the previous year.

By Robert Corzine

Ofgaa, Britain's gas industry regulator, is to get the go-ahead to speed up the second phase of gas competitioo from January 1 next year, at least three months earlier than the current timetable.

The first phase of gas competition is due to begin on April 29 among haif a million households in Devon, Somerset and Cornwall in southern England. The proposed extension of the reg-

Ms Clare Spottiswoode, director-general of Ofgas, said yesterday "the omens look quite good" that she would be ahla to speed up the pro-Under the government's plan she would also be authorised to bring forward full competition for

Britain's 19m domestic gas consum-ers on January 1 1993, rather than much later in the year as currently envisaged. Any acceleration of the timetable to full competition would add to

ulator's powers means that 2m con-British Gas's financial woes. It is expected to face a large-scale loss of sumers in southern and southwest England may enjoy discounts of as much as 25 per cent off their present domestic customers as the market is gradually opened up. Meanwhile, one of this decade's gas bills in the run-up to a general most important energy develop-

ments in the UK overcame local objections yesterday when North Norfolk District Council approved the construction of a big gas pipeline between Bacton on the Norfolk coast and Zeebrugge in Belgium. The £500m (\$765m) UK-Continent

Gas Interconnector, due for completion in October 1998, will allow for the first large-scale exports of natural gas from the UK to mainland Europe. It is one of the final pieces needed to complete a pan-European gas grid that will eventually stretch from Ireland in the west to massive Russian gas fields in the Arctic. Last year the Department of Trade and industry declared the intercon-nector to be a project of strategic

dents of the area along the North Norfolk coast objected to the con-sortium's plans to locate a gas com-pression station, containing four big jet engines, on an open hillside near an existing British Gas terminal.

The nine-company consortium behind the project is led hy British Gas and includes leading interna-

tional oil and gas companies. Among them are British Petroleum and Gaz-prom, the Russian gas monopoly. Earlier this month Mr Philip Nolan, the managing director of the Interconnector, withdrew the controversial proposal in favour of a plan that will place the compression sta-tion within the existing terminal

nector to be a project of strategic Welcoming yesterday's decision, national importance. But local resi-

the UK, East Anglia and all Europe and will be warmly received by all

sectors of the industry." Contracts to build the offshore and onshore sections of the pipelina will be awarded in the next few weeks, according to Mr Nolan. Financing is expected to be in place by the end of March.

About 150 jobs will be created during the construction phase of the project, which is due to start this autumn. Only six permanent employees will be needed to run the completed Interconnector.

Mr Nolan said an export ontlet for UK gas would encourage continuing exploration and development of North Sea gas reserves. He noted thet more than 5,000 jobs in nearby

Great Yarmouth are dependent on the southern gas fields off the Norfolk coast.

British Gas and other North Sea gas producers see the Interconnector as one of the main ways to eliminate a gas surplus that has dragged down spot prices over the past year. Gas prices in Europe are considerably higher than those in the UK. The first contract for the export of natural gas from Britain to cootinen-

tal Europe was announced last week hy Conoco.

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The UK is expected to have sufficient gas reserves to support exports until sometime in the next decade, when the flow of the Interconnector may be reversed to allow imports from Russia and elsewhere.



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We've broken the global language barrier.

We developed GSM with our partners in Europe - and it represents a major step in the quest for genuinely worldwide mobile communications. Promising guaranteed guality, global coverage and greater reliability of transmission, it's a considerable contribution to improved international understanding.

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dard in digital mobile communications. It stands for Global System for Mobile Communications - and Deutsche Telekom played a big part in its development. Along with ISDN and **Asynchronous Transfer Mode** (ATM), it's just one of the foundation stones we are laying for the worldwide information infrastructure of the future.

GSM is the world's first stan-

Developed in Europe. Designed for the world.

It has taken just five years for GSM to establish itself as the worldwide benchmark for digital mobile communications. In over 80 countries, across four continents, people depend on GSM networks - and the market is growing all the time. With our European partners, Deutsche Telekom has also opened the way for unlimited mobile communications between Europe and North America for the very first time, translating Europeanbased GSM technology into a new global telecommunications language.

Our pioneering work does not stop there. While others make plans for the Information Superhighway, we're making it happen. We operate the most closely-woven fibre-optics network in the world - 100,000 kilometres of it. Our cable network is the largest in the world, and our ISDN network the most extensively developed. We were also the first company to use ATM: a new and much more sophisticated information transmission system.

Are we talking your language?

Deutsche Telekom is the No. 1 communications company in Europe and the second largest network operator worldwide. In the race to develop telecommunications technology, few others can keep up with us. We offer multimedia and online services, "smart" networks and a wealth of experience and know-how - all backed by strong business partnerships which span the globe.

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Deutsche

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Our connections move the world.

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IT Senior Appointments

PFI and IT Procurement Consultant

London

The Prison Service is now in its third year as an Executive Agency and is making great strides lowerds becoming a performance-driven organisation. Effective IT systems are key to our tuture efficiency, and we are about to embark on e major review of our T Infrastructure and principal strategic systems, exploiting opportunities offered by the Privale Finance Initiative (PFI).

The existing infraetructure includee Novell Networke in headquarters, business units and some prisons, and telecoms and data networks in all prisons supported by UNIX processors. Nationwide networks utilise the GDN for data and the GTN and PSTN for Email.

We are now seeking an experienced IT contracts professional to take a leading role in the review. You will have responsibility for the definition and application of all aspects of PFI policy in relation to this and other IT projects, specification of the Prison Service's long term requiremente, evaluate proposals and lead the negotiation of contracts.

Your track record should demonstrate a wide knowledge of IT systems specification, development, procurement and operation, together with exposure to Government policy and administration

The Prison Service is an

Up to £42,000

issues, particularly PF1, market testing, contracting out and privatieation. Knowledge of formel project management techniques, particularly PRINCE, is essential, as are excellent communication and management skills. This position will involve considerable travel across the UK, and you should, theratore, have a clean driving licence. a clean driving licence.

This is a Grade 7 position within the Civil Service structure. The salary range on eppointment is £25,482 to £41,012, end this position also attracts a London Weighting Allowance of £1,775 pa. Benefits include 25 days' annual leave, 101/2 public and privilege holidays and e non-contributory pension scheme.

For an application form end information pack, please contact San Evans, Recruitment Services, HM Prison Service, Room 425, Cleand House, Page Street, London SWIP 4LN, Tet: 0171-217 6483 (office hours) end 0171-217 6357 (24 hour enswerphone). Fax: 0171-217 6612. The closing date for receipt of completed periodicities in 8 Merch 1005 applications is 8 March 1996.

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You will have strong management experience in development and/or

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industry or similar, Very imponantly, you should have excellent interpersonal skills enabling you to operate effectively in a multi-

succeed in a very challenging environment.

cultural environment. HN1887FT

Business Analyst To £35,000 + Financial Services Benefits

This position is to provide business analysis to UK and internationally based projects as described above, Working on your own or as a senior member of a team, you will be responsible for understanding business opportunities, developing appropriate solutions and seeing them through to implementation

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Based in the City of London the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) has a unique challenge to assist the countries of central and esseers Europe and the former USSR in their transition to market

ang equity processes are providing retained a SEGMAC. ith the number of projects growing dramatically the ESED has embarked upon a failteant programme of investment in II technology and services. This investment focused on improving overall cost effectiveness of the organisation by delivering services that truly address the overals of the business. As key members of this namic team you will be using the intent IT technologies and methodologies, this a forward thinking organisation that has embarked apon a new era of servations collaboration.

BPR ANALYSTS

Ive will be responsible for the design, development and the documentation of business processes and practices, that increase efficiency and protote the more effective use of TL Working closely with it mud the business managers you will ensure that the business models are encoupedated in the system development and implementation process. By ag the encapsulates is are encapsulates overall BPR responsibility you overall BPR responsibility any er the system development and implementation process. By flity you will facilitate change, provide ongoing support and any external resources. In addition you will be investigating res are met. For BOTH these high profile positi are and knowledge of:

- For the GENERAL position you will also have experience of: Accounting practices.
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- comprehensive understanding of security techniques and tools used by IT.
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and organisation the EBRD is especially interested in applicants from foreign nations. All positions described are for an initial period of 2 years with a strong per contract. Full loading benefits apply, with low interest laters and full relocation packages where applicable. suhani, Bob Sheward Alternatively send your CV to him, que ding, Berks RG1 2LG.

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Fractical experience of BPE methodologies within a Banki

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argement of IT systems including budget and cost control. Ref: FT/468/1299

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You will have complete responsibility for taking bostness processes and rol randomized into physical and logical databases. By using formal methodology icoles you will aid system development by documenting the business process a reintionship with the corporate data model. In addition you will have sign involvement in quality procedures and standards, capacity planning, budgets, so installation and upguades to the DBMs and tools, disaster recovery, performance and research and evaluation of new roots and techniques. For this challenging position y have 3 to 5 years as a Database Administrator using:

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Life after restructuring

JOBS: The introduction of flat management structures can be beneficial to companies, but in practice this is not always the case

The consultants' advice has been followed precisely. The restructuring has gone ahead and several layers of management have disappeared along with their incumbents. How are the remaining employees shaping

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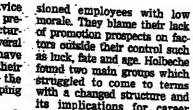
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Linda Holbeche, research director at Roffey Park Management Instituts studied carser development in 25 UK public and private sector organisations all of which had introduced flatter management structures. She found that the surviving employees could be divided into winners and losers.

The winners are often entre-preneurial spirits who are pragmatic about change and good at influencing people. "By and large these are the experienced people who challenge themselves and the status quo to find a better way to do things," she says. "They have a strong sense of

who they are and what is important to them. Status may matter less to these people than the opportunity to play a significant role." In contrast, Holbeche'a

so-called losers are disillu-



mand

week its implications for career development - the young, ambitious new recruits and the experienced, mature senior managers whose job had been

downgraded in the restructurmer managers changes. "In the new relationship what the for-mer employee has to say is taken more seriously," she While businesses may want to hold on to those referred to as "winners" by Holbeche, the often piecemeal or ill-thought Holbeche found that some

out ways in which some reormanagements were paying a ganisations ara carried ont price for restructuring in means that many of these peodemotivated staff and poor perple are among the first to formance. Part of the problem, she says, is resistence to eave. This is because the winners can soon become disillnchange by entrenched managesioned if the old-style "comments. mand and control" management is still in place. Holbeche says many manag-

ers were poor communicators Out of 26 individuals who often pivotal to change prowere placed in the "winner" grammes. "In some cases, mancategory by managers ques-tioned in the study, 15 had left agers felt the victims of change rather than tha drivers of their employers shortly after reorganisation, Holbeche said. change and that they were likely to be communicating One of them, returned as a their own negative attitudes consultant to her former more strongly than the organiemployer, earning three times sation's vision," she says.

as much as her previous salary been a "strong trend" away from command and control for just three days' work each Ons noticeable change for management to more open

the employee who becomes a management, but that compacontractor or consultant, says nies have not changed as much Holbeche, is that the boss-subas some management rhetoric ordinate relationship with for-David Guest, professor of

occupational psychology and Kate Mackenzie Davey, senior research fellow at the Department of Organisational Psychology, Birkbeck College, University of London, are carrying out their own research into the impact of organisational change on careers. The Careers Research Forum, a group of 36 companies is helping to fund the work.

Guest and Davey have found that the degree of change has been overstated and that many restructuring programmes have proved to be transitional arrangements, leaving traditiousl hierarchies largely intact.

They say that in many cases the number of grades for a job have been-reduced, hut the

Holbeche says there has cuts are often deepest for junior grades. "It was notable that top msnagement had alone. sometimes been protected from

cutbacks," they say. In their study, one human resource manager complained that flatter structures meant that the promotional step was often too ously existed. steep for most people, resulting in more movement in and out

of the company. staffing review at Nestlé resulted in the introduction of greater flexibility. team-working and project work. The company rejected other suggestions such as self-development, mentoring and career workshops. Another company in Guest

and Davey's study ooted to reintroduce a hierarchical atructure to give employees more time to learn new skills on the job under management supervision.

Guest says: "Companies were worried that they had not done many of these structural things they were reading about

and they found it quite comforting that they were not

Guest and Davey say that changes because they have many companies have introdirectors who are committed to duced flatter structures despite making it work. positive attitudes to the hierarhard to introduce single status chical structures that previthroughout the company,

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office, the finely tailored suit

First Direct and Asda have

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It seems some companies although it has been particustruggle to embrace large-scale larly difficult, for example, to organisational change while persuade white collar workers to join the assembly line. others are more able to adopt Change which requires mangradual change tailored to speagers to relinquish status cific needs.

There is another category of perks may seem trivial but is company, however, which has important not only to other employees who want to see evi-dence of senior managers taksuccessfully introduced largescale change and has grown with flatter atructures. Holing part in the process, hut to beche believes that many of the senior staff themselves they must face up to the psythose companies which have implemented changes most chological gear-change necessary to look at careers in a successfully are those which have managed to provide a stahorizontal rather than vertical tus free environment.

She says, however, that Holbeche found that some many managers who at first employees had difficulty seem anxious to introduce flataccepting aideways moves. ter structures, usually for cost-Others, who had built up files cutting reasons, are unwilling to confront the implications of of knowledge during their time in a company were reluctant to

change themselves, for exam-ple, parting with the BMW in its personal parking spot, the leave this behind and start again in another area in the company. large, comfortably furnished

Managers were also sometimes unwilling to release experienced people to other departments. She says that secondments are a useful way of stimulating lateral moves.

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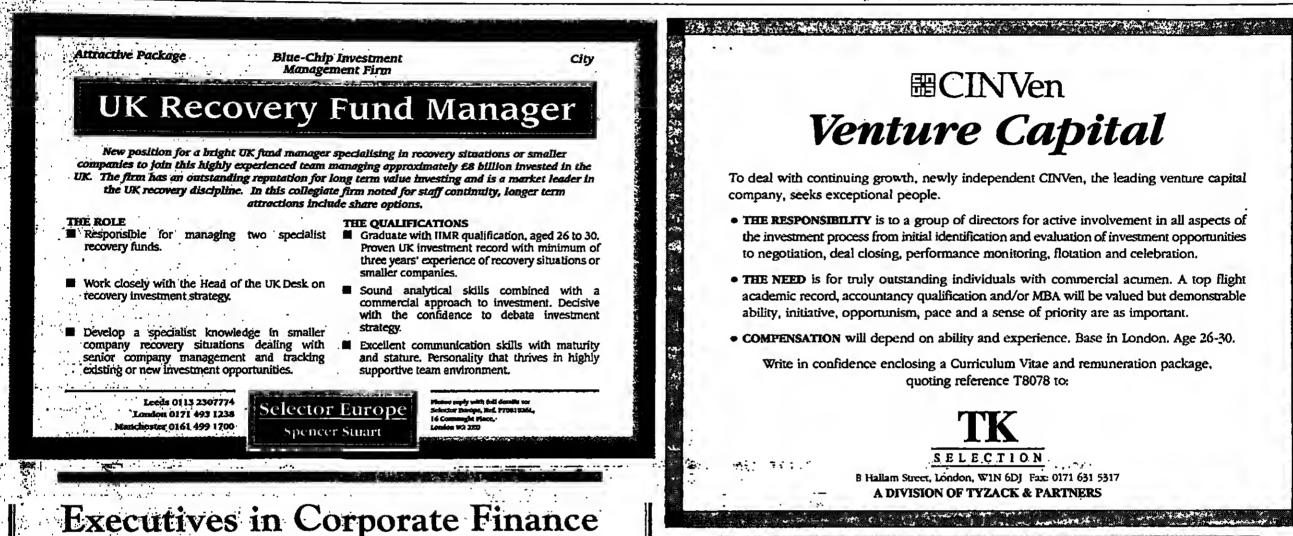
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Increasingly research suggesta that restructuring is more difficult to achieve than at first believed, that most of the changes that have passed for restructuring hava been cost-cutting programmes triggered by recession, and that many husinesses can in fact continue perfectly well without radical change.

Only those companies with committed managements who are visionary enough to change by example can hope to make the transformation a suc-

Career Development in Flatter Structures by Linda Holbeche can be obtained from The Learning Resource Centre, Roffey Park Monagement Institute, Forest Road, Horsham, West Sussex RH12 4TD, tel 01293 851644, price £42.

Richard Donkin



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European Bank for Reconstruction and Development

The European Bank has a unique challenge; to assist the countries of central and eastern Europe and the former USSR in their transition to market economies.

The European Bank supports projects through lending, taking equity positions and providing technical assistance.

Along with a competitive compensation and relocation package, we offer action and achievement in a truly historical enterprise.

The London based Credit/Transaction Analysis Team needs a

Principal Credit Officer

Reporting to the Head of Credit/Transaction Analysis Key Responsibilities are: analysis of credit aspect of projects brought to Operations Committee and recommendations for approval or constructive changes on each initial and Final Review; I recommendations on project structure and covenants to the Operation Leaders prior to Final Review signoff, ensuring that any necessary adjustments or improvements to protect the quality of the Bank's assets are made; I contributions to the establishment of and amendments to credit policy; Counsel and advice to the Head of Credit and to the Operations Committee Secretariat on each loan and investment proposal; Close co-operation with the members of the Banking Department to structure loans, credit lines, subordinated debt and equity investments to minimise the credit/investment risk and optimise. returns to which the Bank is exposed and to anticipate credit problems for existing commitments; I establish a good working relationship with members of staff in other departments; establish contacts with functional counterparts in similar. multilateral finance organisations.

Requirements: at least ten years of commercial bank credit and lending experience, including proven skills in: C credit analysis of corporate and project exposures; emerging market experience extremely valued;
pricing of risk (project risk, country risk and the commercial market for risk assets);
control of risk through legal documentation and covenants; I analysis of financial institutions with emphasis on emerging markets; understanding of commercial bank operating pro-cedures and systems with particular emphasis on risk monitoring systems; [] risk dimensions of trade finance: analysis of country risk and understanding of the consequences of macroeconomic policies; C excellent communication and negotiation skills.

To apply, please write in English, quoting reference number FT0296 to: Mr Ernst Mahel, Principal. Manager, Human Resources, European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, One Exchange Square, London EC2A 2EH:

All applications will be acknowledged. Please help by not telephoning.

100 largest, located in southern Germany. The bank is strengthing its activities in the field of swaptions, caps and floors,

Therefore we are looking for a

Swaption Trader

Personalberater

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He/She will be part of a small team which is responsible for its own book. He/She will have an international client base and will be expected to build upon this.

Good banking and mathematical qualifications as well as two to three years experience in trading interest rate options with international investment clients is required. Excellent commu-

nication skills and an ability to work well within a team are also prerequisites. Fluent German is not necessary but a basic knowledge would be an advantage.

Send your C.Y. - in English or German - including your earliest starting date and your current salary, under reference number 301 to Mr. Immanuel Guth personnel consultant All applications will be handled in strict confidence.

Immanuel Guth · Unternehmensbergter



Guth . Management Services Chopinstraße 29 · D - 70195 Stuttgart Tel. ++49711/697 660 · Fax ++49711/697 66

WANTED

HIGHLY PROFESSIONAL, ADVENTUROUS, BONDS/SWAPS MARKET SPECIALISTS FOR EXCITING OPPORTUNITY IN SYDNEY

We are a successful "boutique" operation dealing in a wide range of multi-currency debt instruments. Our particular focus is in the higher yielding "value" sectors of the market and our product range includes illiquid eurobonds and M.T.N's, asset swap packages and asset/mortgage

backed isones. Our base is Sydney, from where we co-ordinate our marketing effort into all the major financial centres in the Asia Pacific region. Our business forms part of an extensive global distribution network, linking closely with our offices in London and New York.

Due to potential growth of our business and in order to penetrate deeper into the Asian markets, we are seeking to add one or two more professionals to the team. The successful candidate(s) will ideally have the wing qualities:-

- A proven track record in the point or interest and either in a sules/marketing role, or a trading/product ven track record in the bond or interest rate swap markets,
- management background. They would have developed, or feel that they have the capacity to develop, a customer base in one or more of the Asian centres. Strong language skills in Japanese, Mandarin or Hokkien would be advantageous.
- Most importantly we require people who have ambition, allied with entrepreneurial flair and the skills to build a successful business. This position will attract professionals who desire to work in a non-bureaucratic environment and are seeking direct control over

their destiny. Renumeration is by way of a competitive salary and unlimited bonus based on performance. Equity may be available to an individual who demonstrates an ability to add significantly to the business, both through their strong performance and by the further development of our business

If you feel this is you, then send your resume to P.O.Box 890, Grosver Place Post Office, Sydney 2000.

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For further informiation please

Andrew Skarzyński 44 8171 873 4854

edition every Friday.

call

or legal practice. Write C/O 317-14950 105th Ave., Surrey, BC Canada V34 1R7 or Tel: (604) 589-5006 **APPOINTMENTS**

APPOINTMENTS

WANTED

An extensively experienced barker/lawyer Fellow of the Chartered institute of Bankers

ondon, Bachelor and Master of

Laws degrees (LLB & LLM)

University of London, seeks a suitable position in banking, finance, insurance,

commercial enterprise,

FUJI CAPITAL MARKETS

RISK ANALYST - DERIVATIVES

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Fuji Capital Markets, one of the leading Swaps and Derivatives dealers in the world is currently looking to fill 2 Risk Analyst vacancies.

Positions

Attractive roles with responsibility for reporting and analyzing global risks and trading profits. The jobs will encompass model and stress testing together with scenario and VAR analysis.

Qualifications

Graduates, preferably in a mathematical discipline with knowledge of calculus and statistics. General knowledge of Derivatives products and current state of the art risk management techniques. An ability to program will be an advantage as will strong Lotus skills.

Contact

Please reply with full resume to: Keith Rudderham, Fuji Capital Markets (UK) Ltd, River Plate House, 7-11 Finsbury Circus, London EC2M 7DH

Electronic Media Event Marketing

are launching a break-through electronic media technology for different advertising applications in live event broadcasts. Our clients are major international companies in the brand consumer and durable goods industries and financial services. To build this new business gether with our worldwide affiliate marketing group we are seeking the following persons at our ew operations in Amsterdam (NL):

GENERAL MANAGER

The candidate will have successfully managed a fully integrated international sales/marketing organization for brand consumer/durable products. With his/her background in brand product. marketing, the candidate can effectively integrate client sales/marketing needs with technical and product servicing requirements. Care for effective planning, accounting, control systems and back office operations demonstrates his/her understanding of the importance of these functions.

Candidate is 37-45 years old and fluent in English. Knowledge of French, Spanish or Dutch would be advantageous,

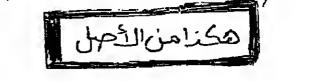
MANAGER

Local Marketing & Distribution Network ,

The candidate has sales and client account managament experience in brand consumer/durable goods industries. He/she has solid marketing and organizational skills to develop and supervise a multi-country brand sales & distribution network with local affiliate operations and/or with Interested Independent parties. The network will consistently market the electrooic media systems in different countries for application in local event broadcasts.

Candidate is 30-37 years old, fluent in English and with good knowledge of French, Spanish or German.

We offer a very competitive remuneration package. Please send complete documentation to: Chiffre - Nr H212-80887, Ofa Orell Fussli Werbe A6, Postfach 4638, 8022 Zurich/Switzerland.



13

APICORP

التتركة العربية للاستهارات البترولية

ARAB PETROLEUM INVESTMENTS CORPORATION

APICORP is an inter-Arab Corporation established by the member states of OAPEC to finance and invest in petroleum sector projects and industries. Total assets exceed U.S.\$1000 million. The Corporation, based in Al-Khobar, Saudi Arabia now wishes to appoint a high caliber individual for the following vacancy:

Senior Industrial/Petroleum Economist

Requirements:

- Experience in modern investment appraisal, preparation of pre-investment studies, project economic and financial analysis, gained within the petroleum industry, or in an internationally oriented financial corporation with axposure to petroleum/ petrochemical business.
- Ability to prepare reports of publishable quality in a fiald of relevanca to that petrolaum/petrochemical industry - e.g. papers on petroleum economics in a macro-economic setting for Arab and international specialised conferences.

Aged 35 - 40 years, the ideal candidate should have a relevant doctorata degree with a minimum of 5 years pertinent experience, or a Master's degree with a minimum of 10 years of similar experience.

Proficiency in English combined with good analytical and writing skills is essantial, as is tha ability in using PCs for developing relavant models. Knowledge of Arabic will be an advantage. The successful applicant may be required to travel frequently.

Appointment will be for an initial 2 year contract, renewable. In addition to a rewarding tax free salary payable in Saudi Riyals, there is a comprehensive benefits package which includes free fully furnished family accommodation, transportation and education allowances, medicare, relocation expenses and a contributory retirement scheme.

Applications in strictest confidence, giving relevant details of personal and career history, may be sent to:

> The Administration & Human Resources Manager Arab Petroleum Investments Corporation P.O. Box 448, Dhahran Airport 31932 Saudi Arabia

Experienced FX Dealer For London desk of Chicago futures firm to work overnight (10.00pm 8.00am). Ideally the candidate will be experienced in EFP's as well as spot trading. Please send your cy in confidence to: Box A5299, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge,

London SE1 9HL

Int'l Bond Credit Analyst

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PRICOA Capital Group Limited ist führender europäischer Spezialist im Bereich Mezzanine Finanzierungen und Beteiligungskapital. Spezieli, Tür deutsche Mittelstandsunternehmen wurde eine Innovative Langfitstiftranzierung mit eigenmittelersetzendem Charakter entwicket, die Schule macht das Prudential Private Placement of Capital oder PPPC. PRICOA Capital Group Limited ist eine Tochlergesetischaft von The Prudential Insurance Company of America. eines der größten Finanzinstitute weltweit.

Aufgrund sich stark ausweitender Anlageaktivitäten möchteo wir das Anlagepersonal in unserem Frankfurter Büro verstärken. Wir laden auf diesem Wege zu Bewerbungen von Kandidaten ein mit überdurchschnittlichen Hochschulexamina und mindestens zweijähriger Berufserfahrung im Bereich Finanzanalyse sowohl auf der Fremd wie der Eigenkapitalseite. Wir statien uns ver, daß diese Erfahrung am besten bei einem Wirtschaftsprüfer, einer Investment Bank, einer Kapitalbetelligungsgesellschaft oder einem vergleichbaren Spezialinstitut erworben wurde. Perfekte Beharrschung der deutschen und anglischen Sprache in Wort und Schrift Ist weitere Voraussetzung.

Wir bleten eine echte Herausforderung in einem kleinen, internationalen Team aberersten Kalibers. Der Kandidat wird innerhalb aines Dealteams von typischerweise drei Mitgliedern für die erschöpfende finanzielle und geschäftliche Analyse potentialler Betelligungsuntemehmen verantwortlich sein. Ein alternativer, flexibler Einsatz in unserem Londoner Schwesterbüro wird von uns als Pluspunkt gesehen. Darüber hinaus bieten wir größere Möglichkeiten der Übernahme von Verantwortung im Umgang mit Kunden ood der Gestaltung das Geschäfts als in einer Großorganisation darstellbar. Die Position ist so dotiert, daß sie für Spitzenkandidaten attraktiv sein sollta.

Schrüftliche Bewerbungen mit ausführlichem Lebenslauf sind in englischer Sprache zu richten an:

PRICOA Capital Group Ltd Melemstraße 2, 60322 Frankfurt/Main

A Lift Company, N.E. LONDON based, has a vacancy for an:

ACCOUNTS CHIEF-EXECUTIVE

The Company is an Independent Lift Manufacturer. The successful candidate will be responsible for all matters relating to the accounts and financial management of the company, leading a team of three people, coordinating with other departments and reporting to the Managing Director. Suitable candidates should be educated to degree level in BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION and will have:

- 3 years' EXPERIENCE in accounting and/or auditing skills. - Excelent interpersonal and team working skills.

- Strong analytical and problem-solving skills. Good knowledge of SPANISH. Familiarity with PC applicat

In return the company can other career opportunities.



We are an international bank operating from our German headquarters in Hamburg since 1972. Our activities include European and non-European countries. A large part of our profitable business refers to international transactions. For reasons of succession we are currently seeking the

Head of Foreign-Exchange and Money Dealing Dept.

and are offering a position with good prospects.

Concerning money market activities you will be responsible for liquidity control, investmentplanning and decisions in lending and deposit business, purchase and sale of own securities as well as for buying bills of exchange for utilizing the rediscount quota at the Bundesbank. The service you provide within our foreign exchange business must be reliable for our customers as well as profitable for our bank. Profound knowledge of spot and future transactions is a must.

For this demanding position we expect several years of relevant job experience and a good knowledge of German and observance of the principles of the German Moneylenders' Act.

Your field of duties will be supported by EDP and Reuters. Our modern office building is located in the city of Hamburg.

Remuneration will be In line with your qualification and German market rates.

If you are interested please send your complete application to box: A5290 Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

MEDIA PROJECT MANAGER IN SARAJEVO, BOSNIA

Internews, a U.S. based non-profit is seeking a Project Manager for the Sarajevo Internews office. The duration of this position is expected to run from 1 April 1996. through 1 February 1997. Previous experience managing or coordinating grants programs is essential. The project mission involves supporting independent, non-

tal local television and radio stations in Bosnia and training their personnel in journalism and station manag

The project manager position involves coordination of all project related activities, management of the office and supervision of local staff (about 4 people), financial oversight and reporting on grants expenditures, coordination of visits to Boania by individuals, coordinating training seminars to be held in various cities, the importation of equipment and the distribution of videotapes and other resources throughout the country, as well as possible travel to conduct research throughout

Applicants with experience in broadcasting or journalism will be given preference, experience in Bosnia or the former Yugoslavia, or knowledge of the language will be considered an important asset, as will knowledge of Russian or Czech. The ability to maintain good working relationships with all ethnic groups in Bosnia i

Please respond with resume to: Kay Elewski internews Network PO Box 4446 Arcata, CA 95518 USA (707)826-7136 (fax) kny@internews.org Internews Network is an equal opportunity employed

GRADUATES 23+

Private company seeking to expand, following highly accessful fourth year of tracting, requires Graduates or those of sound scatternic background, to be with aim of full profit participation with aim of full profit participation within 2/3 years. For further details, cal STEWART CUNNINGRAM 0171 240 8132

A fast-expanding Group, both in France and internationally, occupying a leading position in the world of finance, seeks :

you will be the essential element in commercial and technical development in the team dealing with these products.

Aged around 30, you will already have successful initial experience io this field, ideally in a bank or with a financial intermediary.

Your strong commercial and relationnal poteotial, along with your capacity for reaction and speed will be decisive elements to succeed in this post, The positioo may be based in Paris or Londoo.

Send your application to The Fioancial Times PO BOX N. A5283 - Number One - Southwark Bridge - London SE1 9HL.

European Investment Bank

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A.career in the heart of Europe



The EIB, the financial institution of the European Union, is currently seeking for its Directorate for Lending Operations in the European Union at its headquarters in

Lending/Credit Specialists (m/)

Qualifications:

good university degree in finance/economics;
several years' professional experience, acquired in a CREDIT DEPARTMENT OF A BANK, FINANCIAL INSTITUTION OR RATING AGENCY, in examining and carrying through credit operations (preferably long and medium term lending), in particular: risk assessment, analysis and carrying through them operformance and competitiveness, financial position, prospects and investment decisions; and assessment of company performance and competitiveness, financial position, prospects and investment decisions; and assessment of company period and itions and security structure; I experience in assessing the credit worthiness of negotiation and definition of loan conditions and security structure; I experience in assessing the credit worthiness of negotiation and cermition of toan contractors and determines of the banking industry and its specific risks; I knowledge of Banks and financial institutions, with good knowledge of the banking industry and its specific risks; I knowledge of panks and financial institutions, while good allowing set and on credit risk and guarantee; C experience and aprinde in quantitative tools and ability to make qualitative judgements on credit risk and guarantee; C experience and aprinde in quantitative tools and ability to make quantitative jungsmithe our state and goal antee, a experience and apri direct contact with clients and negotiation of contracts; a ability to draft clear and concise financial reports and recommendations; I sufficiency in computer applications.

Languages: excellent knowledge of English or French and a good command of the other is essential. Knowledge of other Community languages would be an advantage.

The EIB offers attractive terms of employment end salary with a wide range of welfare benefits. It is committed to a policy of equal opportunities and applications for these posts are sought from both men and women.

Applicants, who must be nationals of a Member Country of the European Union, are invited to send a detailed Applicants, who must be nationals of a strench, together with a letter and photograph, quoting the reference, to:

- EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK Recruitment Division (Ref. PM 9610) L-2950 LUXEMBOURG. Fax: (00352) 4379 2545.

Applications will be treated in the strictest confidence and will not be returned.



and in the International edition every Friday. For

further Information please Toby Finden-Crofts +44 0171 873 3456

Brokers specialised

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BONDS, FUTURES

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Sector . But Safes

Our client is a long established and successful insurance company, transacting most classes of general insurance business with annual premium income of around £200m. Following the recent implementation of a sophisticated computer system, the company now has considerable potential for significant development and growth.

Reporting to the Managing Director, the Finance Director will take full responsibility for managing the finance function and will play an active part in the overall running of the business. An initial key task will be to deliver more detailed and pertinent management information to assist with the effective management of the overall business.

Candidates should be graduate calibre qualified accountants with proven experience of managing a pro-active finance function, coupling sound technical skills with entrepreneurial flair and a positive outgoing attitude. Suitable individuals

OUTSTANDING OPPORTUNITY FOR BUSINESS FOCUSED ACCOUNTANT

NORTH WEST

14

· Part of a major European group, this market leading financial service sector organisation is set to play a key role in its parent group's plans for further expansion. With a turnover of c. \$400m, its strong profit performance reflects a focus on quality and customer service, and continuing investment in leading edge technology.

 Reporting to the Finance Director and with strong links into the business, your brief is to ensure the function is seen to add value and contribute to overall business performance.

 Wide ranging and challenging role covering planning. and performance analysis, statutory accounting, financial control, cash management and treasury,

> Please apply in writing quoting reference 1097 with full career and salary details (o; Susan Ryder Whitchead Selection Limited 11 Hill Screet, London W1X SBB Tel: 0171 290 2043

Operational Review and Consulting West London £28-£36,000 + Outstanding Benefits Package

SmithKline Beecham (SB) is one of the world's most management levels, with up to 40-50% innovative and highly respected healthcare r in excess of £7

international travel. The department is

billion, pre-tax profit of £1.36 billion and a series of strategic acquisitions and disposals completed during the past 18 months, the company has made significant progress towards its goal of leadership in human healthcare.

SB currently seeks two additional finance professionals to join a small highly visible multidisciplinary operational review and internal consultancy team. In order to support the acheivement of business objectives and to increase the company's competitiveness, the department advises management on the effectiveness of financial controls and provides an internal consultancy service. You can expect a broad grounding in commercial issues within a complex international business, working as part of a team of individuals from financial, manufacturing and scientific backgrounds. The opportunity will span all business activities and provide exposure to the company's worldwide operations at the most senior

acknowledged as an excellent entry point for outstanding individuals wishing to develop a varied career within a world class company. Recent career development from this function has been into both finance and non-finance roles.

The successful candidates will be qualified ACA's with 1-5 years POE and have excellent personal qualities and strong commercial focus. Dutstanding communication and organisational skills are a orerecuisite.

In addition to an attractive basic salary, benefits will include a performance related bonus and exceptional large company benefits package.

Interested applicants should write in the strictest confidence to our retained consultants David Crain or Brian Hamill, at Walker Hamill Executive Selection, 103-105 Jermyn Street, St James's, London SW1Y SEE, forwarding a brief résumé quoting reference DC1904.

Manage bodgets, stock levels, costings and capital

Qualified accountant with minimum 4 years' PQE;

toultifunctional management team. Able quickly to

Combination of strategic and hunds-on skills.

Excellent interpersonal skills and business judgement.

Commercial, astute and able to operate in

achieve credibility across the business

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QUALIFICATIONS

manufacturing sector.

SB SmithKline Beecham

Financial Controller

Manufacturing

To £35,000 + Car + Benefits

Manchester

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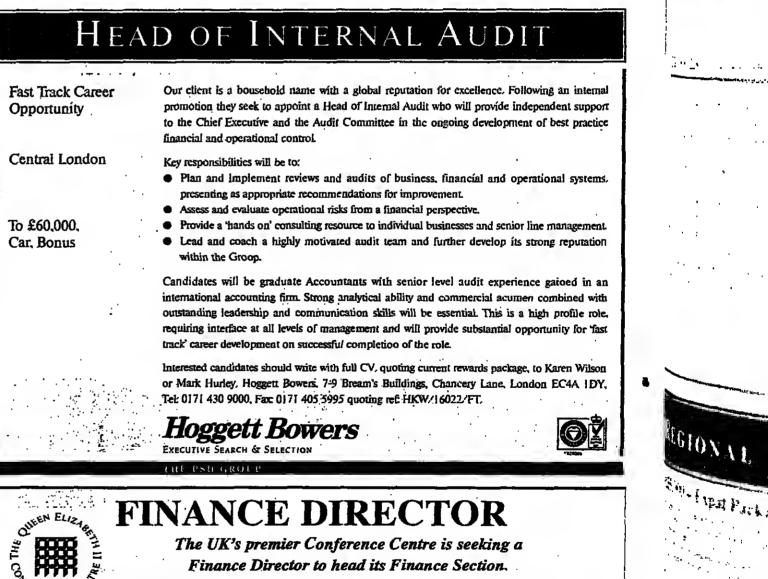
. . .

Business role for commercial, qualified accountant in fast-moving, competitive sector. High degree of autonomy, working closely with Business Director.

THE COMPANY

- Profitable subsidiary of industrial, multinational, 1.2bn turnover plc
- Market-leading manufacturer of components for automotive sector; 350 employees. Ambitious growth plans; substantial investment in new
- Systems. THE POSITION
- Provide complete financial service for business. Advise and actively participate in development of business
- strategy. Evaluate strategic options. Implement major new business systems. Challenge
- current practices.
 - Please send full cv, stating salary, ref LD60204, to NBS, Yorkshire House, Greek Street, Leeds LSI 55X





The UK's premier Conference Centre is seeking a

Finance Director to head its Finance Section.

Responsible to the Chief Executive. This diverse and challenging position requires a multi-talented individual with a flexible approach to assume total control of the Centre's financial function.

Specific men sibilities will include proactive and innovative financial man nt and further develo ction to face new challenges.

As the senior financial executive a further and equally important aspect will be your contribution to the general business ent of the organisation, both in support of the Chief Executive and through close liaison with other Directors in the

Applicants must be qualified accountants with at least three years directly relevant management account level, in a small to medium size service orientated organisati

Excellent communication shills and the ability to lead and motivate your team are essential

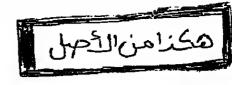
This appointment will be for a five year period.

Salary circa: £35,000 [depending on experience and qualifications]

For a job description and an application form please contact

Miranda Abrey, HR Manager The Queen Elizabeth II Confer London SWIP 3EE Tel: 0171 798 4076 Fax: 0171 798 4033

The closing date for applications is Friday 15 March 1996. The Centre is an Equal Opportunities Employer STRICTLY NO AGENCIES



Group Accountants

Chertsey, Surrey

to £40.000 + Car + Benefits

15

Compass Group is a fast growing food service company which has achieved a world leading turnover of circa £2.5 billion from a floatation only 7 years ago; it is undoubtedly a success story in strategic development. This has been achieved by adopting a strategy of international expansion, an assertive acquisition policy, combined with the use of famous franchised brand names to back up strong market segmentation. Compass Group now employs over 100,000 staff in 40 comprises and holds strong market positions in the UK. Continental Europe and the USA, in addition to small developing businesses in Eastern Europe, South America and Asia. As a result of this growth, plus a significant acquisition in Continental Europe in late 1995, new positions have arisen for highly able accountants to join a small and highly effective head office team, giving significant exposure to senior executives across the group.

Financial/Planning Accountant

Prodoction of group consolidated accounts at period ends. Statutory accounts.

COMPASS

GROUP

- Control of group planning process by production of consolidated budgets, forecasts and strategic plans Production of group management accounts.

FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY MARCH 1 1996

- involvement in group cash management and forecasting
- Economic forecasting for the group's principal operating countries. Involvement in head office installation of new, group wide, accounting software.
- Ad-hoc projects.

MARCH 1 1996

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Candidates will be graduate qualified accountants, trained in large organisations, 1-4 years post qualified, with a strong academic background and highly technically able. Salary indicator - £30-35,000. Reference:]277301

Only high achievers need apply. Candidates will be in the early stages of a progressive career, not necessarily based within the UK at present, and will wish to take up future career developm opportunities that will arise in the group. As the head office of a multi-national business, language speakers will be able to use their skills both in these positions and in potential postings abroad. Offices are based in Chertsey, Surrey, which is commutable with ease by rail or road.

Logistics function

If you feel you have the ability to undertake these challenging roles in a highly progressive environment, send your curriculum vitae, quoting the appropriate reference numbers, to Jonathan Ross at Michael Page Finance, Cygnet House, 45-47 High Street, Leatherbead, Surrey KT22 8AG.

Our client is a vibrant multinational Corporation with substantial business interests spread throughout the world,

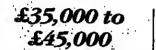
leading players in the global networking industry, which clearly provides exceptional opportunities for rapid expansion.

The Group designs, manufactures and sells leading edge LT, networking products and has consistently achieved dramatic sales and

profitability growth through policies of new product innovation, aggressive marketing and acquisitions. The company is one of a few

Two new senior finance positions have now been created to support future development of the worldwide Manufacturing and

procedures



+ Car + Bonus + Benefits

Hi-Tecb

Thames Valley

Multinational

sourcing arrangements are achieved for each international market ▲ review and control product margins

> ▲ coordinate budgets and forecasts at five international locations

A support major manufacturing investment initiatives, such as new factories and acquisitions

Manufacturing Controller

A develop strategic plans to ensure that optimum product

- A evaluate "make v. buy" decisions and assist in negotiation of supplier contracts
- A provide decision support for senior management.

A develop globally integrated operational plans to ensure optimum supply chain efficiency

Senior Financial Analyst

▲ design consistent manufacturing performance measurements and controls, and install product costing systems at factory locations

▲ lead the implementation of a new integrated financial and business LT, system into the Manufacturing and Logistics function

▲ create new cost analysis models to identify areas for profit improvement

provide decision support to senior management.

Suitable candidates for these roles will be graduate calibre qualified accountants, probably aged 28 to 35, with experience of manufacturing and costing. A background gained in a hi-tech, consumer goods or other product based organisation is preferred. In addition, you must be commercially aware, proactive, adaptable and able to thrive in a fast moving environment.

Applicants should write, quoting reference number 23225, and enclose a Curriculum Vitae with details of current salary, to: Peter Ward ACMA, Martin Ward Anderson, Goswell House, 134 Peascod Street, Windsor, Berkshire SL4 1DS.



Surrey/Hants Borders c.£37,000 + Car + Benefits

Our client is a rapidly expanding company manufacturing high technology engineering products. Following a strategic review, it has been decided to create this new position with an appointment to the Board envisaged within 6 to 12 months

The role is varied but responsibilities will include leadership of the finance team, the management and enhancement of the IT function and the development of management information systems.

Reporting to the Managing Director, the successful candidate will be a qualified accountant, preferably a graduate, aged 35 to 45, with excellent IT experience gained in a manufacturing environment. You will have first class interpersonal skills, be commercially astute and display the energy and enthusiasm that will belp to drive the company forward.

Please send your C.V. with salary history to Chris Carr, Fraser Russell, Chartered Accountants, 4 London Wall Buildings, Blomfield Street, London EC2M 5NT, quoting ref: cc/f9605.



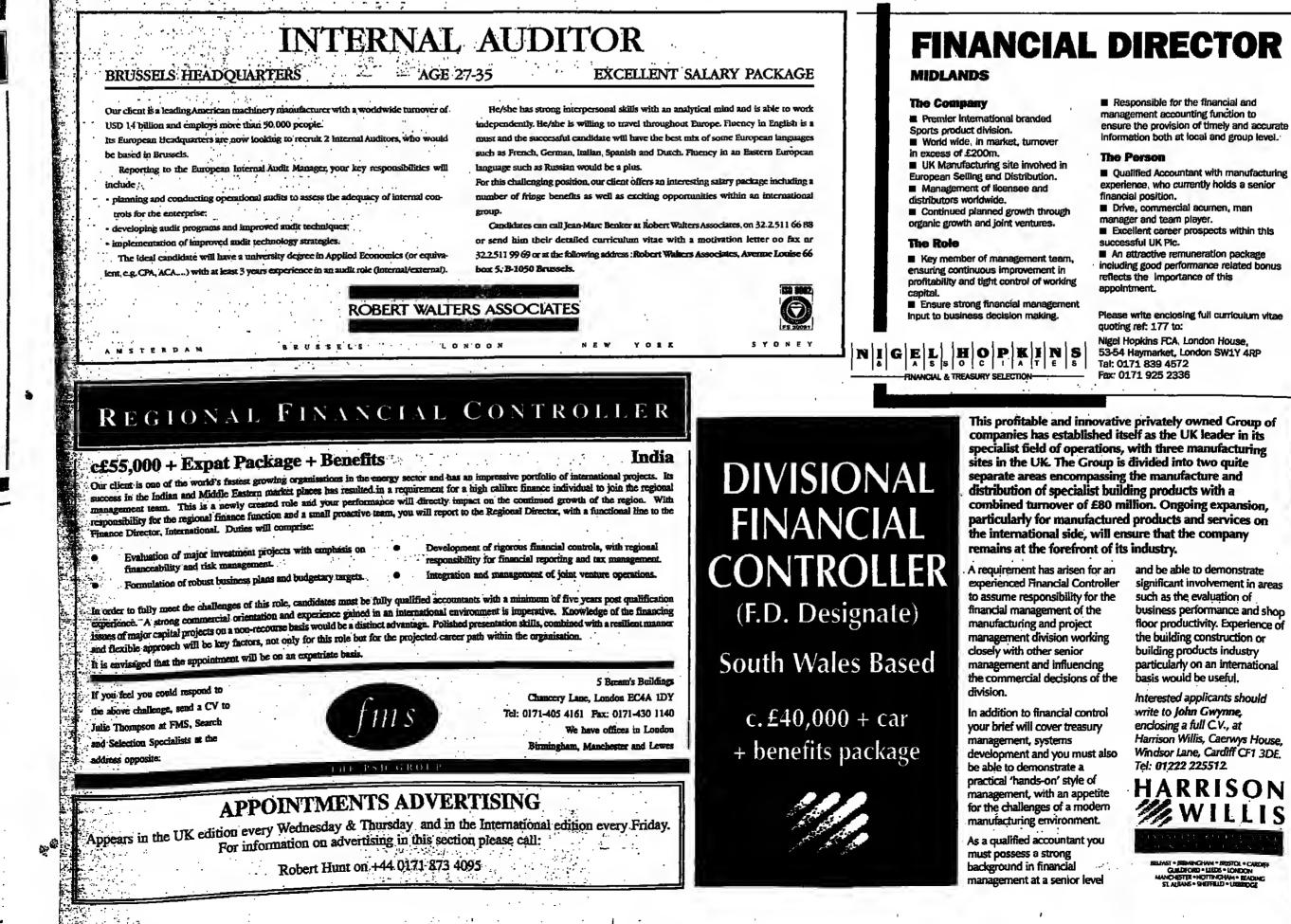


 Strategic multi-currency work including maintenance of the group's hedging policies, liaison with the Group Treasurer.
 Involvement in planning and execution of intra group funding including dividend and loan policy. Ad-hoc projects. Candidates will be graduate qualified accountants or equivalent, 2-5 years post qualified, highly technically able, with strong

interpersonal skills and backgrounds in large, and probably international, concerns. Salary indicator - £35-40,000. Reference J277299.

Review and analysis of monthly group management accounts, strategic plans, annual budgets and quarterly forecasts.
 Control of group capital expenditure including appraisal of investment proposals, post investment reviews and development of

Michael Page Finance



Harrison Willis, Caerwys House.



HARRISON

Excellent career prospects within this including good performance related bonus

Karen Wilson EC44 1.33.

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this week by Chargeurs. the French media and tex-tiles group, that it plans this summer to split into two separate quoted companies has raised eyebrows in corporate boardrooms

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across the country. After the group's shares were suspended on Tuesday morning abead of an announcement, rumours - swiftly denied by the group - began circulating that it was to sell its 17 per cent stake in BSkyB. In some ways, the reality revealed later in the day was far more striking.

Chargeurs, a peculiar and highly personal collection of assets built up by Jerome Seydoux, the chairman, is to be demerged into Pathe, containing its cinema, television and newspaper interests; and Chargeurs International, holding its textiles and distribution businesse

After AT&T and ITT in the US, and ICI and, more recently, Hanson in the UK, it seems that the corporate trend towards businesses splitting up is beginning to spread into continental Europe. Chargeurs is the first such example in France. The question is bow far the board's decision was takeo on the same grounds as its confrères in the Anglo-Saxon world, and bow many other French companies are likely to follow its lead.

"By and large, this reflects the international trend," says Pierre-Yves Gauthuer, an analyst with Crédit Lyonnais,

"There is pressure coming from shareholders and from international competition."

In France, one of the key stumbling blocks in the past to demergers has been a cultural one. The Paris bourse still contains a number of holding companies with a rationale more linked to a history of empire-building by strong top executives than to any real business logic or synergies between operations.

The widespread practice of cross-shareholding, with companies taking stakes in each others' capital and offering reciprocal seats on their boards, has created an environment in which there is often little serious controversy or demand by large investors for change, let alone for maximising shareholder value.

Chargeurs remains very much Seydoux's company. He now holds 29 per cent of the group, and under the terms of the proposed split -une share in each of the new companies for each share held in the current group - his presence will remain strong in both.

His influence is one explanation put forward for his decision last year to agree to contribute most of a new FFr70hn (£9.2hn) recapitalisation designed to save



Andrew Jack wonders if the Anglo Saxon fashion for demerger is influencing French companies



Jerome Seydoux: under pressure from shareholders

Libération. the loss-making daily "homogenous activities". Certainly, French left-wing uewspaper, from his group often traded at a share bankruptcy. price giving it a market

In 1995, be wrote off FFr140m in capitalisation as low as balf the financing of the paper, and many believe his decision bas far more to value of its net assets, reflecting what one executive says was a lack do with personal alliances and of comprehension by investors in the group. beliefs than any husiness rationale. Chargeurs' decision also seems to bave reflected the growing management belief in concentrating on "core competences". It justified His strong ownership of Chargeurs means be could get away with the decision without facing a strong

attack by investors. the demerger with references to Nevertheless, it seems that Seydoux felt the need to respond to "better concentration" on strategy and competition, more effective use the concerns of his fellow sharebolders, arguing that one of its staff, and the prospect of new consequence of the demerger would partnerships in each sector. be the chance for investors to have There is certainly no shortage of companies in France which share a direct stake in a series of

MANAGEMENT

Chargeurs' problems as bolding entitles with diverse activities which are trading at a discount on.

the stock market. Other French executives are talking more about focusing on their core businesses. For example, Crédit Lyonnais, the state-owned bank, bas in the last two years removed FFr135bn in non-core assets from its balance sheet, including all of Its participations in industrial companies, and much of lts property portfolio.

Indosuez, the banking arm of the Suez group, has withdrawn entirely from property lending, has has its parent, and recently announced its intention to focus on certain banking activities in clearly-defined regions: Europe and the near and Par East. Pechiney, the aluminium producer, undertook a number of sell-offs of operations outside its main business in advance of its privatisation last year.

"Demergers are as necessary in France as they are anywhere else," says a tax adviser with consultants Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu in Paris, which was involved in advising Chargeurs on its proposed new structure

He points out that, three years ago, the Patronat, the French employers' federation, lobbied hard for a change in the law which would make the process easler. There appeared to be no shortage of interest in the idea from among its members.

Yet be argues that tax bas been a key stumbling block. French groups have been held back in the past because the tax office has required any demerger to be treated in the same way as a liquidation, subjecting deals to some 60 per cent tax. It has also demanded an awkward negotlating game, with neither the company nor the inspector willing to commit themselves to a deal before the other.

Chargeurs says that its demerger bas already been approved by the authorities, and will be tax-neutral, As part of the deal, Seydoux has agreed to hold on to his shares for the next five years.

Nicholas Clive Worms, chairman of Worms & Compagnie, a Paris-based holding group, says he seriously considered a demerger last year, which could have separated bis industrial and financial boldings into two. But he changed his mind after trying to negotiate. The conditions imposed by the fiscal authorities were impossible to accept," he says.

Given Chargeurs' precedent, a number of senior French executives may well reconsider the possibility of demergers, and other ways to refocus their husinesses in a way will help enhance which shareholder value. Bnt progress is likely to be extremely slow.

JOHN KAY The coming age of a shop for all markets Retailing exists

because consumers ignorant, аге small, and immo-bile. When 1 plan tonight's supper, my first problem is that 1 do not know

options available. Nor, within that range, do I know what is good and what is not. I ask the retailer to search and select on my behalf. Having decided on baked beans, I face my second problem. I am small. Facing the might of Heinz and the power of Crosse and Blackwell, it is difficult for me to negotiate a good price. The retailer aggregates the demands of many potential customers and bargains on behalf of us all.

And then I find it rather inconvenient to visit the Heinz factory to collect my beans. My third problem is my immobility. I would rather pick np the beans from some more convenient location. close to home, and, ideally, with a car park.

Retailing exists to solve these three problems. The three components of retailing are product search and selection, purchasing and delivery logistics. In grocery distribution, all these functions have come together - Sainshury and Tesco do them all.

That was not true some thirty years ago. There are some markets in which a different agent performs each of these three functions, like pharmacenticals (see table). That doesn't sound like an organisation system that will last. And there are other industries, such as financial services and travel, which have yet to organise themselves clearly on the func-

tional lines. So where does electronic home shopping fit into this picture? It doesn't resolve the problem that I'm small. And it doesn't help much with the logistics either. There are one or two products that you can send down a wire into people's homes, like videos and banking services, but no technology yet devised can deliver a can of beans or a washing machine ou the Internet.

The service of electronic ordering of food sbopping has existed for a long time. It used to be called ringing up the grocer, who would send his delivery boy round ou a bleycle. It is a service that largely disappeared, because It costs too much to provide. And nothing has changed those basic

economics. What modern technology offers that is new is a capacity for structured search - to interrogate the electronic media to search for the goods and services yon want. New technology may not resolve the prohlem that I'm small, or deliver the product: but it helps reduce my ignorance, or at least helps me to organise it. So the ideal product

the availability of technology, but changes in the underlying economic and commercial structures. Remember again that retailing exists because consumers are small, ignorant and immobile. And that group of problems applies to almost everything we buy. Yet what is retailed amounts to little more than half of consumer expenditure. The other half of what we spend is varied. It includes housing, ntilities, finan-cial products, petrol and many kinds of services - cleaning, car maintenance, conveyancing, There is scope for retailing

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What is re	stailing?	<u>نے میں اور اور اور اور اور اور اور اور اور اور</u>	
Customer	Retailer function	Foot	Phamacauticals
Ignorant	Search and selection	Retailer	Doctor
Small	Bergeining and purchasing	Retailer	NHS/Benefit manager
Immobila	Distribution logistics	Retailer	Pna mecy

for electronic shopping is the wasbing machine, a product suffi-ciently complicated and sufficiently expensive to justify an effective search across the available product range, and too big and bulky to be taken home by the sboop

Yet while people can buy washing machines today off the catalogue or on the phone, mostly they don't. What they actually do is rather peculiar. They visit a display of washing machines. All of them look virtually identical, and they sit in the middle of the shop floor, devoid of plumbing or elec-tricity, like beached whales. If yon asked the assistants to demonstrate one working they would assume you were off your head. All you get from the display is the comfort of physical contact with the machine. Yon can tonch it, you can feel it. One way or another, that seems to be very important. Mayhe virtual reality can

deliver the same reassurance. Somebow, I doubt it. What really drives changes in market and industry structure is not simply we know today.

almost all of these, where retailing means providing the combina-tion of search and selection, effective purchasing, and convenient distribution logistics which are the characteristics of those retailing activities that already exist. You can already see this happening. Supermarkets bave captured a quarter of the petrol market, you can make withdrawals from your bank account from a machine on their sites or through their tills, and Marks & Spencer will make yon a loan or sell yon a unit trust.

As competition comes to utility markets, a surprising range of companies will emerge as suppliers of gas and electricity. And why can't the house shop take over from the estate agent and the money shop from the bank? Some of these new retailers will be physical shops like those we are used to, others virtual shops at the end of the telephone. The half of consumer expenditure that is retailed could rise to three quarters. There is a scope there for a very different industrial structure to the one

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FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY MARCH 1 1996 †

Just mad about the boy

But emulating Noël Coward is not easy. Alastair Macaulay reports

likely to fall in love to some degree with Noël Coward. The test of maturity is, to my mind, the degree to which you then fall out of love. Some aspects of Coward are forever shrewd and disarming and enchanting. Others were always mere facades and are now wearing very thin indeed. By chance, two different Coward shows

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have just arrived in the West End. Present Longhier, with Peter Bowles in the most stellar and funny role Coward ever wrote for himself, is at the Aldwych. Down the road at the Vandeville, Peter Greenwell who worked with Coward, and whom Alan Jay Lerner once called The best Noël Coward since Noël Coward" - accompa-nies himself in a one-man anthology of Coward songs and stories, A Talent to Anuse. Both shows confront us again with Coward's own persona, cultivated so carefully in order to take English society by storm. And in this respect, of course, the rapid-fire Coward resembled the languor-ous Oscar Wilde. How both men dressed, and what they said in private life, mat-tered as much as what they wrote.

Coward first branded his persona onto English society in the 1920s. "I lent that woman the top of my Thermos flask and she never returned it. She's shallow, that's what she is, shallow." With that line in Ó The Young Idea (1923) - as Kenneth Tynan wrote in 1977 - Coward first expressed a type of humour new to British comedy: and captured the brittle escapism (sometimes while criticising it) of the clever young people trying to shake off the shadow of the first world war. Coward's polished veneer and his brisk, clipped diction stamped the 1920s - but he was just as quoteworthy in succeeding decades. Tynan also wrote, in 1953, "Even the youngest of us will know, in 50 years'

time, exactly what wa mean by 'a very Noël Coward sort of person." That remains true, even for those not born when Tynan said it. Yet what is a Coward sort of person? The Coward sort is urbane, witty, theatrical, charming. But a Coward type is also very contained; is concerned more with polished effect than with raw

ooner or later, if you live in England and like doing so, you are likely to fall in love to some dorman this lost arrest that format different water that format different water that format that format different water that form this last respect that Coward differs most artificial and exaggerated) stage sctor that clearly from Wilde.

When Coward tried to depict serious emotion between man and woman, as in Private Lives and songs like "TI see you again", he told charming lies. When he tried to depict the state of the nation, as in Capalende, or wrote tenderly idyllic songs about London, be created twee fiction. What he knew most about was sexual attraction between men, the conventions of English society, and the ways of theatre folk. Homosexuality he seldom dared to touch on (though in A Song at Twilight he did so with great seriousness and nerve, unearthing the buried homosexuality of an often odious writer who largely resembled himself).

he patterns of English society always stimulated him; there is usually a hilariously inappro-priate maid in his comedies,

and several vintage English-eccentric caricatures (see Madam Arcati in Blithe Spirit). As for theatre folk, he was in every sense most at home with them. In Hay Fever, the theatricality of the Bliss family is hilarious because it is so hadmannered. And the two central jokes of Present Loughter are the extents to which Garry Essendine, a West End star, is (a) theatrical offstage (b) incapable of dealing effectively with the people who, thanks to his theatrical brilliance, are infatuated with him. Few of his songs have the visceral force of "Don't put your daughter on the stage, Mrs Worthington".

Alas, Richard Olivier's staging of Present Laughter (the 1947 text, slightly adjusted) makes Coward'a portrait of his own offstage life as tinselly and hollow as his less sincere work. Though Garry, Monica, Liz, Henry and Morris keep saying that they have known each other for many years, it is impossible to believe that here. As Garry, Peter Bowles has suavity and relaxation on his side. But his manner is too unflappable, his nervous system too inscrutable; and he is particularly unconvincing in every tirade. Whenever Garry turns on the theatrics, Bowles's hamming

everyone agrees he is. Or that Garry him-

ARTS

self hardly knows when he is not acting. A Talent to Amuse, unfortunately, never distinguishes Noël genuine from Noël fake. "Swest and beautiful ladies, sigh no more" is the kind of synthetic sentimentality in which Coward was most insufferable. Likewise his twee patriotism. Only one side of Noël here seems sincere: the coldly expert entertainer. As Greenwell's piano turns out the pastel tunes of 'T'll follow my secret heart" etc., you start to feel how smartly Coward planned such tosh to go over big with his audiences -with the middle-aged ladies in Goring-on-Sea whose belief in his beterosexuality he thought was too valuable to undo.

No, Coward was not a great songwriter. Still, great singers - Yvonne Printemps (who may have been the best for whom be wrote), Joan Sutherland, Barbara Cook have made surpassing effects with his music. And you do not have to be a great singer: Gertie Lawrence sang flat, but hauntingly. Coward's own recorded performances are completely uninteresting as singing, but several of them are virtuoso affairs of verbal delivery. (That Gathing-gun attack.) Greenwell, alas, has a Benny Hill face and a Quentin Crisp voice. He can almost never sustain an open vowel, and he flicks at notes with a grey thread of voice. More important, he brings no individual insight into any of the songs.

True, there are numerous funny lines. The second encore is a hilarious, hitherto unknown, gay-man extra verse of the famous song "Msd about the boy". ("Peo-ple I employ/ Have the impertinence to call me Myrna Loy./ I rise above it./ I simply love it/ Because I'm mad about the boy.") Nonetheless, this is simply a mimsy trip down memory lane, and its underenergised camp makes Coward appear a yet more minor artist than he was. It leaves you feeling that Greenwell is the worst Noël Coward since Noël Coward.

Present Loughter is at the Aldwych Theatre; A Talent to Amuse is at the Vandeville



Sponsorship/Antony Thorncroft Tate drums up funds for Bankside

and under. If Austwick can convince the commission, and the Tate's trustees, that 90-95 per cent of the money is wrapped up the fund will start to hand over its £50m.

Although the Tate has many rich admirers - the reclusive American, Edwin Manton, recently gave £12m to create more space in the Pimlico Tate, which continues as a

Nicholas Serota, and his trustees bave been consumed innumerable lunches and dinners with potential donors and it is unlikely that anything can check the Tate's smooth drive to Bankside. It expects to start converting the building, to the designs of Swiss architects Herzog and de Meuron, in the spring of 1997, and promises

on view. The extra galleries will encourage donations of works from patrons and artists who are inhibited from giving at the moment because the Tate cannot guarantee a display. Bot these are among future worries, such as how to raise the £10m needed to cover The director of the Tate, the annual running costs. The Millennium Commission

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needs the Bankside Tate as much as the Tate needs the Commission. Many of the big projects of a year ago with their eyes on millennium money have bit the dust -Albertropolis, Cardiff Bay Opera House, the regeneration of St Pancras - and there must

Ballet Dance in the '50s

s part of the city's Towards the Millennium celebrations, Birmingham's Royal Ballet is presenting a triple bill of works created during the decade of the 1950s. It is an odd, if illuminating, programme of Ashton's Birthdoy Offering, Balanchine'a Agon and Jerome Robbins' The Cage. Played - as it was on Wednesday night - in that order, it suggests a meal in which one starts with a very sweet pudding, proceeds to a culinary masterpiece (I can think of no dish as concentrated or as full of flavour or as enduringly nourishing as Agon) and finishes with Rob-bins' highly spiced steak tar-

tare. It is good to report that BRB is dancing in brighter form than at the start of the season. Birthday Offering looked more like itself, and will be almost wholly recognisable when it is lit as if it is the celebratory and sunny piece it once was, rather than a visit, in a stormtossed twilight, to a municipal cemetery. Amid the encircling gloom of Peter Farmer's cloudwracked set, the dance shines fitfully, but the dancers now entrusted with those subtle, witty solos are mncb more mistresses of their tasks. Only the central Fonteyn/Somes passages are still a bunch of imortelles from the grave of the dear departed: Sabrina Lenzi and Kevin O'Hare offer desiccated accounts of sublime choreography.

gon was given most a creditable interpretation, the clarity of the L Adance much belped by a taut reading of the score under Leslie Dunner. There is not quite - not quite yet - the mnscular inevitability the piece has in New York, but the aerodynamic efficiency and motor force of this staggering, stunning ballet are under-stood, and Monica Zamora and Joseph Cipolla give a highly charged and absolutely convincing account of the great dnet. I was also impressed with the men - Chi Cau, Robert Parker, David Justin - who caught the sportive clarity of their dances: the great bronsle simple was as tremendous as the sound of its two trumpets in canon cleaving the music's texture. About The Cage I can give only a partial report. Robbins be some major national openings in 2000. The Bankside made it in 1951, and it shocked Tate, neighbour to the Shakethe public. A community of speare Globe and only minutes insect women initiates a nov ice (the part was made for from a revamped South Bank Norah Kaye, who was unfor-gettably menacing in it) into Centre, has all the right conits ritual of dealing with the male: copulate and kill. The music is Stravinsky's Basler concerto, bnt the theme is Giselle Act 2, and the chill inevitability of the proceedings (a conflict between momentary passion and tribal demands is won by the need to despatch the male intruder) has always made the piece "strong" theatre. Various caprices of time-tabling meant that I could see only half of the performance: I record sim-ply that the staging looked of lottery money available neigood; that Monica Zamora was ther London, nor the UK, has excellent in Kaye'a role; and that Catherine Batcheller had the right forbidding presence for the Queen of the tribe. I come up with a major brand new building for the 21st cen-tury. A lack of imagination by shall hope to discuss it more the commissioners has come fully before long.

Recitals/David Murray Three keyboard virtuosos

especially remembered for having lost out at the 1993 Leeds Piano Competition to a competent Italian more two years ago, the Vene-whom nobody seems to remem- zia e Napoli triptych, was short ber at all. The next year, McCawley and Anderson both gave finely played Wigmore

if he had not, in the repeat of

the Allegro exposition. repeated every practiaed nuance so literally. One cannot

believe that when performing,

Mozart ever failed to vary his

repeats with new lights: a

repeat must sound different,

just because it is a repeat, and

eon McCawley, like McCawley's exposed, eloquent Mark Anderson, is line where too many pianists line where too many pianists blur it with indulgent pedal-

ling. McCawley's Liszt at the Wigof diablerie and virtuoso drive. Here he made much more of the Rapsodie espagnole: nothrecitals, though I thought ing quite diabolical, but chock-McCawley's much more a-block with verve and gleeful uneven than "Anderson's ""finesse." We can expect much mature readings (Anderson is more as he grows up.

expects. It made a long haul. Further back, young Jack Gibbons played Charles-Valentin Alkan's monstrous 12

Etades in the Minor Keys (from the early 1850s: they include a 4-movement "Symphony" and a wild 3-movement "Concerto" sans orchestra) in the same hall. Without figuring in any major competition, Gibbons has won golden opin-ions for his Alkan performances - and his "authentic"

Austwick is remark-ably calm. "Talk to me on April 29 and I could well be a trembling wreck," she says, not very convincingly. Austwick is the project director at the Tate Gallery charged with gathering in the £106m needed to build the Tate Gallery of Modern Art on London's Bankside in time for a royal opening in May 2000.

or someone under

She got off to a flying start with a £50m contribution from the lottery-financed Millenntum Commission. When the lottery and the Millennium

10 years older, after all). On THE ATOM & STATE Sunday McCawley appeared at the Queen Elizabeth Hall, perma had to taken ceptibly more assured, but as States - Constants bright-fingered as ever. and the second second His clarity and freshness in Mozart's C major Sonata K.330

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That is not a very grave niggle. Nor would it be to remark that in McCawley's sternly felt Schubert - the A minor Sonata, D.784 - he sometimes grew harsh and strident in for tissimo. This was still a vital, deeply considered reading. So was Schumann's Kreisleriana, gaining anormously from

not a first statement.

. rtur Pizarro, who won the 1990 Leeds Competition over Lars Vogt, sounded precociously "mature" then - and still does withont having perceptibly matured any further. The day were delightful to hear. after McCawlay's recital he McCawley is never so happy as .gave a BBC lunchtime concert when spinning an elegantly nuanced 18th-century line. It at St. John's, Smith Square. He would have been happier still

chose to devote it to the mon-ster-sonata Paul Dukas composed at the start of our century, between his much earlier Sorcerer's Apprentice and his swan-song La Péri. The Dukas Sonata is grossly Franckian: long-drawn-out, upbolstered · in · busy · pianotextures, and tortuously chromatic - like his "Variawere reduced to noisy wallpa-

tions, Interlude and Fugue on a Theme of Ramean" from almost the same time, but far less pungent and succinctly at the virtuoso forefront? original than that neglected work. Pizarro dwelt piously over the Sonata in warm, broad tones, but missed both which would display Gibbons' its saving rhythmic energy and the overt virtuosity it to so little purpose.

Gershwin, too: a strange pairing! But it was hard to match moved quickly. It was the first the praise for his Alkan recordings with what we heard on institutions to announce lts ambitions - to hive off its 20ththe South Bank. Gibbons' fingers are supercentury art collection into an fleet, and one way or another

he managed to keep things its pioneering has paid off. frantically going. On the other Its choice of a site, the conhand, his dynamic range seems version of an abandoned power limited to three or four levels, station by the Thames, may with a minimal expressive range, and his rhythm is too not have satisfied those seek-ing ground breaking moouanxiously metronomic to allow ments for the 31st century, but room for Alkan's structural Bankside hardly lacks grandeur and, as a prestige central nodes to register properly. London development which Without their monumentally sculoted scale and their rare focuses on the modern, the blazes of flinty feeling, Alkan's Tate was a natural choice by the Millennium Commission to long, grandiose movements

be the capital's landmark proj-Has Gibbons really taken But the commission's £50m stock of the competition, with grant is based on the understanding that the Tate can pro-Marc-André Hamelin far ahead duce copper-bottomed pledges There is no point in boarding Alkan with lesser means; and for the rest of the money by the spring. At the moment it there must be a lot of music looks like the Tate will receive two substantial donations, fluent gifts without taxing him each in excess of £10m, plus a goodly number of gifts of £5m

Fund were mooted the Tate museum of British art - the of the UK's major cultural funders of Bankside are an eclectic crowd, some quite new to the Tate. The City, which is likely to be joined to Bankside impressive new building - and by a new bridge, is an obvious target, but the big donations come from private individuals and companies; from the UK and overseas; from lovers of

art and philanthropists. As Dawn Austwick aays, "some want to give because we are creating a new London landmark; some for charitable reasons because we are bringing jobs to Southwark, a deprived area; and some because they love modern art". There will be anonymous benefactors, and those motivated by having one of the five planned galleries in the Bankside Tate named after them, an immortality conferred on Lord Duveen in Pimlico. No one has

that, unlike most other major construction works in the UK, tough budgeting and management controis will prevent an inexorable over-spend.

he Tate Gallery of Modern Art looks like e carefully controlled dry run for the other 11 landmark projects planned. to celebrate the millennium. It could actually secure all its £56m by the end of April. This would be pleasantly embarrassing, since the Tate plans a public appeal for 1997 in which its more bumble supporters can show their commitment. Whatever happens the appeal will go ahead to raise money for extra refinements - like major paintings to fill the Tate's gaps in Cubist art, German art, Russlan art, and more, among the 1,000 works that will be on permanent display at Bankside.

up against the unpopularity of Filling the museum is no problem: 80 per cent of the Tate's current collection is not modern architecture, with depressing consequences.

nections. The Queen has been heard to say that it is a good thing the Tate is going ahead or else she would have nothing to open in Millennium year. The higher than expected revenue from the lottery may give London one mors landmark project, probably the proposed new Great Court at the British Museum. But like the Bankside Tate, the exterior of which will retain most of Sir Gilbert Scott's 1950s's structure, the BM scheme improves an existing building. It is a scandal that with the billions

Clement Crisp



ADELAIDE

EXHIBITION

Art Gallery of South Australia Tel: 61-8-2077000 1996 Adelaide Biennial of Australian Art: fourth edition of this biennial exhibition surveying Australian contemporary art. The Adetaide Blennial, presented in collaboration with the Adelaide Festival, features the work of 20 artists from all over Australia: from Mar. 2 to Apr 14.

AMSTERDAM

CONCERT Concertgebouw Tel: 31-20-5730573 Catalogue des oiseaux by Messiaen. Performed by planist Anatol Ugorski. This work for solo plano is based on birdsong as noted and remembered by the composer, 3om: Mar 2. Het Muziektheater Tel: 31-20-5518117 Michael Nyman Band: with planist Michael Nyman, violinists Ann Morree and William Hawkes,

Martin Elliot, and saxophonists John Harle and David Roach perform works by Nyman. Including music from the films The Piano, Carrington and The Draughtsman's Contract; 8.15pm; Mar 4.

cellist Anthony Hinnigan, bass

BERLIN CONCERT

Konzerthaus

Tel: 49-30-203092100/01 Borodin Quartet: perform Beethoven'a String Quartet No.15 in A minor and Shostakovich's String Quartet No.15 in E flat minor; 7.30pm; Mar 4. DANCE Staatsoper unter den Linden Tel: 49-30-2082861 Apropos Scheherazade: a

choreography by Béjart to music by Ravel, Stravinsky, Rimsky-Korsakov and traditional Iranian music. performed by the Ballet Unter Den Linden. Conducted by Sebastian Weigle, costumes designed by Gianni Versace; 8pm; Mar 2, 8, 9 (7.30pm). OPERA Deutsche Oper Berlin Tel: 49-30-3438401 Martha oder Der Markt zu Richmond: by Von Flotow. Conducted by Sebastian Lang-Lessing and performed by the Deutsche Oper Berlin. Soloists

Lukas; 7pm; Mar 2. CAPE TOWN

CONCERT City Hall Tel: 27-21-4617084 • St. Paul's Chamber Orchestra and Choir: with conductor Herman

Wagener perform Perotin's Beata Viscera, Dufay's Ave Maris Stella and Gloria Ad Modum Tubae. Purcell's First Ode to St. Cecilia Fauré's Madrigal, Op.25, Part's De Profundis, Closts'a Hiax, Hofmevr's Introit & Kyrie, and Tavemer's God is With Us; 8pm; Mar 2.

COPENHAGEN OPERA

Det Kongelige Teater Tel: 45-33 14 10 02 Madama Butterfly: by Puccini. Conducted by Paolo Olmi and performed by the Royal Danish Mar 4.

CONCERT **Musikhalle Hamburg** Tel: 49-40-346920 I Musici di Roma: perform works by J.S. Bach and Vivaldi; 7.30pm; Mar 4. OPERA Hamburgische Staatsoper

Armide: by Gluck. Conducted by Gerd Albrecht and performed by the Hamburg Oper. Soloists Include Sabine Ritterbusch, Gabriele Rossmanith and Philippe Rouillon: 6pm; Mar 3, 6 (7.30pm).

Gewandhaus zu Leipzig Tel: 49-341-12700 Edgar Krapp and Berthold. Possemeyer: performance on the occasion of the 80th anniversary of the death of composer Max Reger; 8pm; Mar 3.

Ronnie Scott's Tel: 44-171-4390747

Irakere: jazz performance by the

12-piece band, with special guests

the Stan Sultzman Quartet; 10.45pm

& 1am; from Mar 4 to Mar 10.

Tristan und Isolde: by Wagner.

performed by the English National

LUXEMBOURG

Théâtre Municipal Tel: 352-470895

Conducted by Mark Elder and

Opera; 4pm; Mar 2, 7 (5pm).

Solistes Européens: with

JAZZ & BLUES

London Coliseum

Tel: 44-171-8360111

OPERA

CONCERT

Mar 4, 5.

CONCERT

Avery Fisher Hall

Tel: 1-212-875-5030

NEW YORK

National Arts Centre Orchestra of

Pinnock and pianist Jon Kimura LONDON

come up with a sum large

enough to endow the whole

museum with their name, the

achievement of sugar magnate,

Sir Henry Tate, a century ago.

Parker perform works by Beethoven R. Schumann and Mozart; 7.30pm; Mar 4. Camegie Hall

Canada: with conductor Trevor

Tel: 1-212-247-7800

 Orpheus Chamber Orchestra: with planist Bruno Leonardo Gelber perform Beethoven'a Coriolan Overture and Piano Concerto No.1 in C major, Stravinsky's Pulcinella Suite, and Sibelius' Valse Triste; Bpm; Mar 4.

 Wiener Philharmoniker: with conductor Seiji Ozawa perform Bernstein's Opening Prayer, Mozart's Symphony No.41 in C major (Jupiter), and R. Strauss' Eina Alpensinfonie; 2pm; Mar 2. OPERA

New York State Theater Tel: 1-212-875-5570 La Boheme: by Puccini. Conducted by Robert Duerr and performed by the New York City Opera. Soloists include Janice Hall, Michele Patzakis, John Fowler and Robert Perry; 8pm; Mar 2, 7.

OSLO

OPERA Norske Opera Tel: 47-22-429475 Mysteries: by Kvandal. Má Viast: by Smetana. Performed Conducted by Kjell Ingebretsen and performed by the Norweglan National Opera; 6pm; Mar 2.

ROTTERDAM

CONCERT De Doelen Tel: 31-10-2171700 Imogen Cooper: the planist performs Schubert'e 16 Deutsche Tänze, Klevierstück No.2 in

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E flat, and Sonata No.18 in A: 4.45pm; Mar 3.

STUTTGART OPERA

er Stuttgart Tel: 49-711-20320 L'Italiana In Algeri: by Rossini.
 Conducted by Gabriele Ferro and performed by the Oper Stuttgart. Soloists include Roland Bracht, Gabriela Herrera, Etusko Kanoh and Gustavo Gibert; 7.30pm; Mar 2, 4, 8.

VIENNA

CONCERT Konzertheus Tal: 43-1-7121211 Alban Berg Quartet: with pianist Rudolf Buchbinder perform Berg's Lyric Suite and R. Schumann's Piano Quintet in E flat, Op.44; 7.30pm; Mar 4, 5. Musikverein Tel: 43-1-5058681 Maria João Pires: the pianist performs works by Mozart, J.S. Bach and Chopin; 7.30pm; Mar 4.

ZURICH

CONCERT **Opernhaus Zürich** Tel: 41-1-268 6666 Die schöne Magelona: by Schubert. Performed by baritone Oliver Widmer and Will Quadfileg (recitative); 8.30pm; Mar 4. OPERA **Opernhaus Zürich** Tel: 41-1-268 6666

Il Trittico: by Puccini. Conducted by Marcello Viotti and performed by the Oper Zürich. Soloists include Mara Zampieri, Giorgio Zancanaro and Bolko Zvetanov: 7pm; Mar 3, 5 (7.30pm).

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include Carol Malone and Rati LEIPZIG CONCERT

conductor Jack Martin Händler, and clarinettists Sabine Meyer and Wolfgang Meyer perform Kommer's Double Concerto for Clarinets and Orchestra; Rossini's Variations for

Clarinet and Orchestra; 8pm; Mar 4. MUNICH CONCERT Nationaltheater Tel: 49-89-21851920

by the Bayerisches Staatsorchester with conductor Jiri Belohlavek; 8pm;

Tel: 49-40-351721

Opera. Soloists include Gitta-Maria Sjöberg and César Hemandez; 8pm; **HAMBURG**

COMMENT & ANALYSIS



18

Another ceasefire. Possible, not yet probable. John Major and John Bruton have gamhled that the IRA might suspend for a second time its war against the British state. The stakes could not be higher. This is a last chance for peace. For Mr Major's administration the domestic politics are equally fraught. Northern Ireland is now inextricably entangled with the Conservatives' perilous position at Westminster. This may also be a last chance for the prime minister

John Hume, the leader of the nationalist Social Democratic and Labour party, and Gerry Adams, the Sinn Féin president, bave put the case for renewed peace directly to the IRA's military commanders. The rest of us should be optimists. It is too easy to be otherwise. Pessimism leads nowhere but to the cul de sac of sectarian violence.

Yet the brutal cynicism with which the IRA has resumed its bombing renders hope much harder a second time. Mr Adams is a pawn. Whatever he might say, the republican movement is under the control of the men with the guns. We saw them stride back into public view only this wee

As Mr Major and Mr Brutoo met at 10 Downing Street on Wednesday, the parents of a 21-year-old boy were burying another of the IRA's victims, Strictly speaking, Edward O'Brien was a terrorist, a so-called volunteer. He had blown himself up on a London bus. But Father Walter Forde, the parish priest in the small southern Irish town of Gorey, spoke eloquently of the "sordid godfathers" of violence who had hijacked and perverted a teenager's idealism. Edward's parents had told the IRA to stay away from the

funeral. But these men are comfortable with death. So there they were, hard-faced in the courceyard, proud of their achievement, adding a martyr to the republican cause. in deciding he must treat

John Major is right to make compromises for peace in Ireland. But there is little comfort for him at Westminster with them, Mr Major has taken an immense risk. The communiqué hammered out with Mr Bruton on Wednesday bears the deep imprint of uncomfortable compromise. It takes the British government much further along the road to meeting the IRA's demands than would have seemed possible only a few weeks ago. The IRA has a firm date for all-party talks. No longer do its military commanders have to decommission a single armalite before Mr Adams is allowed to represent them in all-party negotiations. Sure, Sinn Fein must stand in elecblocks? None. tions, but it no longer has to Mr Major was right. To have sign up in advance to the principles of democracy and noncome this far over the past

Philip Stephens

violence. Once pre-conditions, these are now merely the first item on the agenda of allparty talks. If the ceasefire is restored there will be a seat at the table for Mr Adams on June 10. I am told that this section of

still to be finalised when Mr Bruton arrived in Downing Street. But there is no doubt that it was Mr Major who made the important compromise. Sinn Féin bas got what it asked for.

There were other conces-slons. If the talks between Northern Ireland's constitutional parties do not reach agreement on the shape and The assumption hitherto has been that the nine official

unionists would keep Mr Major afloat. Such logic is now less certain

role of the proposed new peace convention. Mr Major will impose his own hlueprint. He may also give the go-ahead for a referendum to be held simultaneously north and south of the horder, the first all-Ireland poll since 1918. All this has been offered without a guarantee that the IRA will call off its campaign. And if there is another ceasefire, what confidence can Mr Major have that it will stick. that Mr Adams's chums will not simply start bombing again when negotiations run into the inevitable road-

A risky business

short of such a moment of truth would have been to have put smiles on the faces of the dice, the leader of Northern Ireland's non-sectarian Alliance party, put it: "The two

the communique was the most difficult to negotiate. It had on the line for the republican be part of the process or they can continue their self-

o Carrel Carllel

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Markets must strive for competitive balance another taxcutting Budget. You do not have to be a political scientist appreclate the leverage to which now lies in the hands of the unionists.

The assumption hitherto has been that the nine official unionists led hy David Trimble would keep Mr Major afloat. Better for them to wield influence over a weak Tory administration than to help put Tony Blair's Labour party in power with a large majority.

Such logic is now less certain. The failing out between Mr Major and Mr Trimble this For all that, I still think that week over the Scott report on arms sales to Iraq was greatly to the prime minister's credit. few years but to have stopped He was prepared to offer the unionists general reassurance over Northern Ireland in return for their votes in the IRA hawks. As John Alder-House of Commons, hut he would not trade the substance of his policy. Mr Trimhle was not best pleased. In the event, Mr Major won the Scott vote anyway, saved hy the three prime ministers have laid it movement - either they can abstentions of Ian Paisley's Democratic Unionist party. But he cannot be certain of repeating the trick. Nor will the unionists have

exclusion and marginalisa-tion." Mr Adams, one might say, has nowhere else to hide. failed to notice the harder That though offers Mr Major edge to Mr Blair's voice this little comfort at Westminster. week when he warned Sinn The charge, already whispered Fein not to expect a better loudly by unionists and echoffer from a Labour government. And no-one will believe oed by some on the Tory backit was a coincidence that Mr benches, that the IRA has bombed tts way to the negotia-Blair chose this week to reverse his party's once-implacable opposition to the ting table will not be easily shaken off. The government's majority in the House of Com-Prevention of Terrorism Act. mons is fast slipping away. The looming by-election in Staffordshire South East could So in the coming wrangling over elections and all-party talks, Mr Trimble can be expected to test Mr Major cut the majority to one. Death or defection could wipe it out again. If he secures nothing entirely within a matter of for his votes he may offer months. But Mr Major's them elsewhere. chances of a political recovery Do not write off Mr Major on the basis of such hypothe ses. He is resourceful and resilient. Perhaps, just per

depend on postponing the general election until the spring of 1997. All hope of snatching victory from defeat rests on the expectation that the next haps, his latest gamble will pay off. But even now another Edward O'Brien may be stick-12 months will see a sustained rise in the voters' living staning detonators into lumps of Semtex in some seedy south dards. And an October election would deny the govern-London flat.

From Sir Hugh Cortozzi. Sir, Professor Ronald Dore (Letters, February 28) declares that "the Japanese keep up employment precisely hy the limitation of competition". This is at best a half-truth. Many Japanese regulations (eg. on the hours during which department stores and public. facilities can open or on the number of taxis allowed to operate and the fares they can charge) restrict employment opportunities. Over-regulation

a fall?

(February 27)."

too!

hat in the picture yon

Charles H. Goodlin,

Coral Gables

Florida 33134.

I accept that "competition and efficiency are not the only ends in life". I also endorse the view expressed by Edward Mortimer on the same page "Surfeit of good things") that there are real dangers in leaving everything to the market. If, for instance, market forces alone were to decide the educational curriculum the UK system of educetion would be

in Japan adds greatly to

consumer costs and vastly

distorts the Japanese economy.

in even more of a mess than lt is at present The issue is not one of a choice between a regulated economy and a total free market. It is how to balance the differing needs of individuals and the aunity. The Japanese model, in the, view of many Japanese and foreign observers, is over-regulated and imposes excessive costs on consumers and producers. The system is

.LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

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unfair to the majority as many regulations are designed to protect and enhance minority interests. Farmers, for instance, have a disproportionate influence with politicians because of the way in which Japanese stituencies have in the past been rigged to favour the rural vote.

> Hugh Cortazzi, 16 Hamilton Close London NW8 8QY, UK

Enlightened self-interest the way forward Heading for

From Mr A.A. Pelling. Sir, Pamela Meadows ("When growth fails the unemployed", February 27) From Mr Chaimers H. Goodlin. Sir, I was astonished to see Pat Buchanan wearing a black believes we can have the cake of increased efficiency and eat published on your front page it too by some artificial job creation like the discredited. Have Mr Buchanan's early mmunity programmes of the late 1970s and early 1980s. primary successes caused him and his staff to overlook the There is a clear risk that the fact that, traditionally, in structural unemployment we western cowboy lore the good see now and the lack of opportunities for the less guys always wore WHITE hats? Egad, while in Arizona, skilled will undermine confidence in our relatively free market systems and in the role of the leading firms in the economy. Especially 2615 Granada Boulevard, volnerable to attack already are the corporate bosses. In the

the rich vein of resentment against the corporate sector. Leading employers would do well to heed the warpings and together devise mechanisms to help new enterprises to create new jobs and trade, as well as to take action with others to protect the viability of the local communities where they operate and on which they Enlightened self-interest should be preferred to subsidising made-up jobs that lower the status of workers. In the early 1980s in the UK, the local enterprise agency movement and Business in the Community took on the leadership of job creation and community development

efforts using the resources of local employers. This approach was in part copied from the US but now might merit reinvention in the US, with more emphasis being given to protecting the long-term health of the local economy than to outplacement of the recently displaced within an often declining community. In both the UK and US there are plenty of examples of communities that have pulled out of depression by local joint efforts.

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NON CLUM

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A. Pelling, 3814 Seminary Avenue, Richmond Virginia 23227. US

Protest does not hide Berlusconi influence on Italian TV

From Mr Aldo Patamia Sir, Sen. Livio Caputo and Mr Riccardo Pera's letter (February 25) questioning the actual extent of Berlusconi's hold over Italian TV stations is a mystifying attempt to cover up the patent imbalance in the distribution of media control in Italy. Allow me to point out that

Forza Italia is the same party that is complaining about the fact that one of the leading ministers in Berlusconi's government, namely Mr Lamberto Dini, is now no longer sufficiently unbiased

even to run a caretaker government because of the fact that he has decided to join the electoral race with a party of his own. We are talking of the same man whose name Berlusconi himself put forward to the president of the republic as his successor to the position of PMI Are Caputo and Pera now going to revise the RAI-coverage statistics they mentioned in their letter to include in the centre-left total the time allocated to prime minister Dini? When is Forza Italia going to stop complaining about other

US, Pat Buchanan has touched

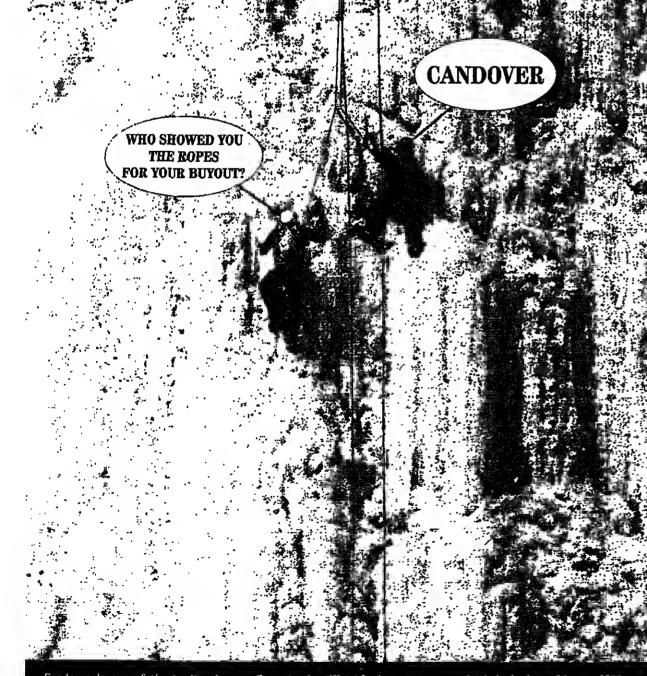
people's partiality and start working on its halo of contrite self-righteousness? For how long are its leaders going to accuse the referee and linesmen of Italian politics of siding with the adversary's camp despite the fact that Berlusconi controls one of the two teams, along with a good chunk of the field where they are playing, most of the lights illuminating the evening game and more than balf of the ticket offices where the public pays for the ticket to get inside and watch the gama? Last but not least, someone

should inform Caputo and Pera that Mr Biagi, one of Italy's leading journalists, does not "notoriously belong to the parties of the left" and that, if anything, be was vehemently ostracised by one of the main parties of the left during the lingering First Republic, namely the Socialist party and its then mighty secretary Bettino Craxi.

Aldo Patania professor of economics American University of Rome, Via Pietro Roselli 4, 00153 Rome, Italy



Europa · Michael Stürmer Cap in hand to Uncle Sam



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As long as the European Union is unsure where it is going, Eurodefence will remain elusive There is

nothing wrong with the idea of Eurodefence. except that, so far, nobody has been able to make it work.

and of the cold war, the European record on defence co-operation has been rather underwhelming. Several European countries were involved in the 1990-91 Gulf war, for example, but there was no role for Europe as a whole.

In the wars of the Yngoslav succession, Europe was illprepared. It claimed an exclu-sive role impossible to sustain, found itself divided over almost everything, and finally welcomed US leadership plus 20,000 soldiers.

It is a safe bet that the next 10 months will not be enough to put a structure together for the day when the Americans leave the killing fields of Bos-nia and the warring parties see now-or-never opportunity to take advantage of the US departure. This will he a moment of truth for the European role in containing the New World Disorder. there may be a need, one day, When the North Korean for something like a common

nuclear proliferation crisis reached breaking point two years ago, Brussels took hardly any notice. In the middle east Maastricht treaty's Common peace process, the Europeans Foretgn and Security Policy are friendly bystanders, provid-ing intrastructure but not strategic reassurance.

International security, as defined by the European Union, involves the use of ecodefence. nomic clout in the form of trade, investment and aid agreements to prevent disasters and to provide stability. With this modus operandi, professes to love - to organise Eurodefence. But one would Europe has claimed more sucneed European security to be organised very differently from the way that it is today. In the cesses than failures, especially in the Mediterranean.

But it should be remembered that not every crisis will go away when a billion Ecu are thrown at it, and that ecopast 40 years, all the empirical in European integration has been on civilian matters, while nomic growth and social conrity strategy and the various nation states have looked after sensus cannot flourish without a stable environment. In places not given to civil

their own defence interests. The accession of Austria, Finland and Sweden to the EU intercourse, containing a conflagration sometimes requires military hardware and suffihas not made them enthusiastic to join Nato or the WEU, or cient force to deter opponents.



defence policy through the

But at close inspection, the

Western European Union.

Even in the back pages of the Maastricht treaty (which is, according to the former Gergiven more substance to that most elusive of all concepts: the European Strategic and Defence Identity. The inclusion man chancellor, Helmnt of Poland, the Czech Republic and Hungary in the European Union in the foreseeable future Schmidt, a jumble of regulations grouped around the hard core of monetary union) a will not simplify matters. It is probably an illusion to reminder can be found that

believe that the EU will, without a clearer notion of common interest and a much more cen-tralised mode of governance, be an effective player in the field of security and defence. This will remain with Nato and

offers httla tangible evidence that anything short of a mirathe nations in Nato. The WEU, prior to 1969, was cle, or a major disaster, will enable the inter-governmental conference, starting this year, a treaty and an organisation in search of political purpose. It served, during the last years of the cold war, to draw France a to flesh out an effective Euro-One would not even need the little closer towards her Nato allies. Since 1990, the WEU has United States of Europe which no one except Germany invited many observers and

partners to the club. It could still, if a core group would come together and take matters in its hands, become the steering committee for European defence efforts, including in the armaments ist 40 years, all the emphasis and procurement dimension where it is most needed; given the depressed state of the industry. Indeed, how to forge an overriding European secu-

rity programme and express it via the Western European Union should be foremost on the agenda of the inter-

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governmental conference. The Combined Joint Task Forces concept, dating from 1994, has been unable to deliver anything in particular. It is suffering from its inherent weaknesses - the absence of a credible player to represent Europe and the need to seek US approval for the use of Nato hardware and infrastructure, even for those actions without US involvement. If it ever works, it would be

for a Nato action after the US had already signalled its unwillingness to participate; if it does not work, it should not be counted as an asset but discounted as an episode.

In the meantime, elements such as the Euro-corps should be continned and built up. pragmatically, much like Pranco-British nuclear consultations, British-Dutch amphibious co-operation and Dutch-Belgian naval co-operation. But here again, the availabil-

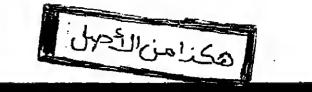
ity of key Nato assets, including headquarters, remains essential because duplication of defence efforts is unacceptable and too expensive.

As long as the European Union is unsure where it is going, Eurodefence will, of necessity, continue to be con-tradictory, ill-defined and elusive. Even "dissuasion concertée", the nuclear umbrella offered hy President Jacques Chirac of France to the European allies, will only be a cred-ible and meaningful concept if brought into the Nato context: the Common Foreign and Security Policy is too light a structure to carry ao heavy a weight.

The long and the short of it is that six years into the New World Disorder, Nato remains as necessary as tt has aver been - and perhaps even more so in view of the vast dangers of nnclear proliferation and rampant nationalism.

But nobody in Europe should be in any doubt that the US is overstretched now and will soon have to face down China over the balance of power in the Pacific. Among the US population, and even on Capitol Hill, it will be less and less acceptable that the Europeans, so powerful and active on the economic scene, will need Uncle Sam to protect them against their weakness, oppor-tunism and disunion.

Michael Stürmer is director of Stiftung Wissenschaft und Politik, a German foreign affairs and defence policy institu



COMMENT & ANALYSIS

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Groupe Paribas: poor record since privatisation

FINANCIAL TIMES

ANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY MARCH | 1996

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US is wrong on drugs

Today the US administration pesses its annual judgment on whather the rest of the world is doing enough to combat the illegal drugs trade. Certification, as this process is called, epitomises much of what is wrong with the US-led effort to combat drug trafficking. The judgments are made using a set of bureaucratic yardsticks, which are inconsistent from one country to another and irrelevant to the market in narcotics. It sets the US, the world's main cousumer of illicit drugs, in direct confrontation with the world's main producing and processing countries. This not an effective policy for dealing with the international drugs problem. What is clearly necessary is a co-operativa international stratagy that addresses both demand and

supply. Neither does the current approach further Washington's neiter interests, other foreign policy interests, such as its desire to encourage democratic and market-friendly governments in Latin America. This is most obviously true in

The US helped Mexico to emerge last year from a financial crisis. with \$20bp of credits and an international support package. Because of this, it would be a surprise if Mexico'a certification were to be withdrawn today. Decertification. even with the likely caveat to mitigate the economic consequences, would weaken President Ernesto Zedillo and make his task of eco. nomic and political reform more difficult.

Underlying problem Mr. Clinton will face stronger pressure from law enforcement officials to decertify and impose sanctions on Colombia. However, such a move would be seen by. Colombians as unwarranted interference in their domestic affairs.

The likely anti-US reaction might

even have the ironic effect of sav-

ing President Ernesto Samper in

his fight to aurvive allegations.

that he used drugs money in his

-1994 election campaign.

nately, this is the tone of much of the current US political debate. The underlying problem is that an effort that concentrates solely ou restricting supply, either through crop eradication or inter-diction, is bound to fail. The differential between street prices in the US and the sums paid to suppliers is so large as to overwhelm any such restrictions. On average, only 0.2 per cent of the New York price of cocaine goes to the peasant who grows the coca. That means traffickers can afford to multiply their payments to suppliers without a large impact ou profit margins. A 1998 study by the Rand Corporation concluded that "cocaine supply and control strategies that seize and destroy less than 70 per cent of production, without limiting the total level of production, will have little impact on the market".

Supply chain

This does not mean that efforts t crop eradication, alternative development, interdiction and law enforcement are useless. But they can only work in the context of an internationally-agreed approach. Such a policy would aim at all links in the supply chain, and would include measures to promote open markets for the producer countries' legitimate agricultural exports. It would also ensure adequate funding for eradication and control efforts by all consumer nations including the Europeans; currently the burden falls disproportionately on the US. Ultimately, of course, the eco-

nomics is relentless. No drugs control strategy will work without curbing demand. This is a matter of fashion and education. Education has been remarkably success ful over a decade in stigmatising the smoking of tobacco. The same can be done for cocaine and other illicit drugs.

What is also needed is a rational public debate on the whole drug issue, up to and including the possible decriminalisation of some currently Illegal substances. Society faces serious choices on these

ust when the crisis in French price has languished below its pribanking seemed to be over vatisation level. Its market capitalthe worst, the country's first isation stands at about half the important financial instituvalue of its net assets. And its tion to announce its 1995 return on equity for 1995 was just results this week issued the 3.7 per cent.

The group is split into four units: Banque Paribas, the investment poorest figures in its 124-year corpo-Groupe Paribas, which controls a bank; Compagnie Bancaire, its sperange of banking and investment cialist credit division; Crédit du businesses, reported its second ever loss: FFr4hn (\$796m) for the year, Nord, a retail banking business; and Paribas Affaires Industrielles, a holding company of investments in a range of French and overseas after making exceptional provisions of more than FFr5.5bn.

The losses have much to do with companies Many of the problems facing the the group's particular problems. first three of these divisions are But they hint at the challenges facing much of the country's banking common to the whole French banksector. They also highlight the coning sector. Like other banks, Paritinuing difficulties facing Frenchbas has suffered heavily from the weak property market. The style capitalism, with its penchant for, cross-shareholdings_and inter-... protracted decline in the residential

suffered from a decline in the volume of activity in global markets. Losses for the year were FFr551m.

The backbone of profits at Paribas in the last few years has been its investment portfolio which holds stakes in more than 200 mediumsized companies. Last year was no exception. Those investments generated FFr2.2hn, the bulk of operating profits before provisions.

But critics say the investments have little to do with the group's modern banking activities and are more a function of its old "banqueindustrie" approach which involved taking large investments in industrial companies from which it hoped to earn substantial banking fees.

> Thile many of those invastments are profitable, Paribas

the Navigation Mixte chairman. ousting him with the help of other leading shareholders.

This week, it announced the purchase of a further 20 per cent stake in Navigation Mixte, and the launch of a takeover bid for the remaining shares. Since appointing a chair-man to replace Mr Fournier, it says it has discovered that the value of the group was far less than previously stated. It has written down its shares to FFr845, compared with an average purchase price in 1989 of FFr1,500.

But Navigation Mixte was not the group's only attempt at empirebuilding. In 1991, it acquired majority control of Ciments Français, a cement producer, from Axa, the insurance group. It sold it the fol-

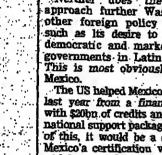
bolding company it offers little added value to the divisions it controls and lacks a clear strategy. They say it lacks the size to compete against international banking groups, and predict that the group's chairman will be replaced and Paribas will be taken over or broken up. Mr Lévy-Lang says the same criti-

cisms have been made for at least a decade, and yet the group survives. He argues that there is a coherence to the existing structure, which he classifies under two categories: an international wholesale investment bank, incorporating equity investment activities; and a retail bank ing business.

He says the way forward lies in continuing to develop a range of innovative products and services in niche markets, in a process which "sometimes takes some time". Meanwhile, aside from the latest provisioning and restructuring, be is promising to sell FFr15bn in assets over the next three years, most of which will be used to provide additional resources for Banque Paribas. He is also pledging to deliver a return on equity of 10 per cent by 1999, and 15 per cent in the medium term. That will not be easy to deliver against the backdrop of sluggish economic recovery in France and intensifying competition between domestic retail rivals and international investment banking giants abroad. And investors, including those in France, are becoming hungrier for better returns. Mr Lévy-Lang remains resolute. He tells the story of two dinosaurs millions of years ago walking along a beach who saw a snake coming out of the sea. They turned to each other and asked: "What is that outdated animal?" Mr Lévy-Lang says: "I like to think that we are that snake." The only difference is that Paribas does not have an acon to test its survival strategy.

elled at Navigation Mixte: that as a

Trouble behind the facade The FFr4bn losses at Paribas reflect the enormous challenges facing the entire French banking sector, says Andrew Jack



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-A.A. Peller

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A CART A MERINA OPPORT # ### SINGT. 2

Al Strengt is institut of Williams States Colleges ANY PLAY PROVE

The other problem with the cer- questions. Unfortunately, in prestification process is that it bebs _ ent circumstances any western perpetuate an illusion in America _ politician who attempts to conperpetuate an illusion in America that the drugs problem is entirely. front them risks his or her politithe fault of foreigners. Unfortu- cal career.

Slow crawl to the fast link

At long last a consortium has been chosen to build the fast rail link from London to the Channel tunnel. It is nearly two years since. the tunnel opened, three years since the fast link from Paris to the Channel was completed, and more than a decade since Eurotunnel won its concession to build the tunnel. On the present timetable, trains will start running on the new line through Kent in 2003. It is a dismal story of delay, indeision and incoherent planning.

The worst of the delay may now be past, although on past form only the supreme optimist would place money on yesterday's schedule running to time. Even the necessary enabling legislation is not expected to complete its parliamentary passaga until early 1997. At any rate, it is encouraging that the winning London & Continental consortium features groups such as Virgin, with significant transport experience and cus-

tomer service skills. Neither has been pre-eminent in the Channel tunnel tale to date. In effect, therefore, yesterday's announcement is little more than

interim. It is not fair to blame this entirely on the politicians: governments in England find it harder than their French counterparts to impose their planning priorities. Yet the fact is that the spectrum between best- and worst-case scenarios remains very wide. It is the same for taxpayers, who stand to foot a huge bill for the enterprise, the scale of which is hard to quantify from the available figures.

Flagship programme

It is important not to be hoodwinked by the term "private finance initiative". Ministers have chosen to categorise the fast link as a PFI project - indeed at nearly EShn in construction costs, the project accounts for more than half of the total value of contracts agreed to date under the government's flagship programme for boosting private investment in

public infrastructure projects. However, in reality the 68-mile Channel link is as much a public as a private investment; and on some interpretations of the figures it may even be costing the Exchequer more than the British Railled option which bit the dust in 1989 through ministerial insis- for decades to come.

tence that the project proceed without government money. And that is without making allowance for the cost of the delay cause partly by the government's futile bid to secure private operators with little or no public subsidy. There was no such pretence yes terday. The government is putting

£1.4bn on the table, only thinky disguised as cash towards improvements for domestic rail traveliers. Labour claims that allowing for the transfer of the assets of European Passenger Services - the existing Channel train operator - and property associ-ated with the deal, that figure rises to £5.7bn. The truth doubt less lies somewhere in between making the fast link one of the biggest public infrastructure pro-jects in history.

Lessons for PFI

There are lessons in this for the PFI more broadly. Other significant infrastructure projects notably the scheme to automate Britain's 20,000 post offices - have heen seriously dalayed by the determination to bring them within the PFI as a matter of policy. The principles underpinning the PFI remain sound if applied properly, case by case. That must involve factoring into any public/ private comparators the cost of delay, alongside other expenses such as the higher cost of the capital involved in PFI projects. This will not always make PFI an attractive option.

Then there is the moral of this saga for national transport policy.

When the fast link is completed it will be the only such dedicated line in the entire UK. It barely counts as a national project. London & Continental claimed yesterday that rail services bypassing St Pancras and extending to Glasgow, Manchester and Birmingham would be "more competitive with air travel" after 2003, At five hours from Paris to Manchester, this sounds like wishful thinking.

It is unlikely that privatisation will transform Britain's rail network to deliver the high-speed services now common on the Continent. Yet there is no other policy under consideration for doing so. Britons are set to crawl through most of their countryside by train. locking directorships - which can cause conflicts of interest and inhibit reforms that would help the companies concerned.

rate history.

From its beginnings in 1872 as the Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas, Paribas has always been international in its activities. In the past. few years, it has increasingly emphasised an "Anglo-Saxon" style commitment to corporate governance and the interests of shareholders. Yet its structure and ownership remain linked to a history which is quintessentially French. A record 3.6m shareholders

invested in the group's privatisation in 1987 - five years after it had been nationalised under former socialist President François Mitterrand in 1982. They were attracted by a marketing campaign geared to the mystique of an investment bank and symbolised in its advertisements and corporate logo by the stone doorway in the historic central Paris headquarters it has always occupied.

Nearly a decade later, they are finding that some of the assets managed behind that door are far from healthy. Apart from a brief peak at the end of 1989, the group's share

lust between

Schmidheiny's recent purchase of SFr250m worth of Union Bank of

Switzerland registered shares has

intrigued the gnomes of Zorich.

But they do not have to cast their

minds back too far to understand

why Schmidheiny might be in a .

In 1969, UBS bought PBZ

cent owned by Schmidheiny.

on the UBS board

income opportunities in the

merged with another UBS

subsidiary. It was a disaster,

says a source close to UBS.

a proxy siege from maverick Zucich broker Martin Eimer,

Schuldbeiny appears to have

ridden to the rescue with his

recent purchase. The registered

shares sell at an effective 11 per

by buying bearer shares

But the registered shares have

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Questions were raised at the

time concerning PBZ's heelth, not

to mention a possible conflict of interest with Schmidkeny being

Two years later, UBS announced.

that due to "a deterioration in the

Now, as the UBS board is under

Privathank Surich, a small

particularly helpful frame of mind.

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E Swiss financier Stephan

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and commercial sectors since 1990 with a drop in prices, falling rents and lack of sales - seems only now to be reaching its nadir.

Mr André Lévy-Lang, chairman, stresses that Paribas was among the first to warn of the risks of the market in 1991. Even so, it was forced to make heavy new provisions for 1995, including FFr1.2bn for property development lending by Crédit du Nord. The group also made provisions of FFr1.9bn for Cogedim, a property developer now being restructured.

And like other French retail banks, Crédit du Nord suffered from declining revenues, down 4 per cent during the year. That was linked to France's gloomy economic prospects, which had a dampening effect on demand for loans from companies, and to a corresponding growth in competition between the banks which cut into margins.

Banque Paribas, the group's investment bank, also suffered during 1995 - like its peers. It disclosed in January that its Madrid office bad generated losses of FFr250m from trading in Spanisb bouds which had been concealed by those involved. More fundamentally, it

Water line

son Constantine?

to a family friend.

to build controlling stakes which proved disastrous. The largest single provision taken by the group in 1995 was FFr2.2bn, which represented a write-down in the value of its shares in Navigation Mixte, a holding company over which it failed to gain control dur-ing a takeover hid in 1989.

"There are fashions," says Mr Lévy-Lang, who at the time was in charge of a Paribas subsidiary. "At that time, it was to acquire and grow. The idea was to keep up with Suez," he says. Suez is another large French bolding company which has been coping with beavy losses incurred by a takeover spree in the late 1980s, which brought Société Générale de Belgique and Victoire under its control at considerable cost.

After its bid Miled. Paribas was left with a 30 per cent stake in Navigation Mixte, which in turn held 9 per cent of Paribas. The position was frozen under an agreement between the two groups which ran until last summer, at which point Paribas launched a surprise vote of no confidence in Mr Marc Fournier.

lowing year to the Italian group Italcimenti, which discovered a series of undisclosed acquisitions has also attempted and inflated profits.

As a result, Paribas was forced to refund part of the sale price of Ciments Francais, And French magistrates began to raise questions about whether Paribas did or should have known about the transactions, and have placed a number of groon executives under formal examination ~ including Mr Levy-Lang last December.

With Aza being a shareholder in Paribas, the Ciments Français affair raises the broader issue of the intertwined structure of Paribas shareholdings. The group remains closely linked with a number of other French groups, including Assur-ances Générales de France.

Mr Lévy-Lang argues that while cross-shareholdings can lead to couflicts of interest in other groups such as Suez, there is no such problem in the case of Parihas. Others are more sceptical, and say his position as chairman and the company's business strategy depend on interlocking interests between Paribas and a core of investors.

Some argue that Paribas suffers from the same criticism that it lev-

again yesterday in the unlikely setting of Bangkok's Hilton hotel. Standard Chartered had thrown a party to celebrate its move into new premises in Bangkok which Mee, an operations whiz, helped organise. Since the prime minister was in town at the start of his Far East tour, he was invited along for

old time's sake Never one to blow his own. trumpet, the prime minister recalled his 13 years with the bank, and his hair raising first few months. "They called for volunteers for Nigeria," he said. "and as they were looking for the ... most expendable members of staff they chose me."...

Mee, who has retired from the bank but still works for them as a consultant, has tracked Major's morress throughout, writing him letters on each promotion within the cabinet. If only Tory MPs were :

that loval. Old Standard Chartered hands still talk fondly of Major. Who knows, if the prime minister were ever to quit politics he could end up as chairman of Standard Chartered. But knowing his luck if will probably be taken over before he has the chance

Purple reign

For her post-divorce title, Diana could always follow the example of the singer from Minneapolis and become "the aristocrat formerly. known as Princess".

50 years ago

Rand taxes reduced Abolition of the special 22% per cent Special Levy on gold-mining profits and the removal of the 15 per cent basic tax were recommended by Mr. Hofmeyr. Union of South Africa Finance Minister, in his Budget introduced yesterday. In their place, he proposes to substitute an increased tax formula, which . will show a higher yield and encourage low-grade mining. Benefit of the tax reductions which include the abolition of native pass fees and claim licenses, amounts to about £3,000,000 per amaum. Mr Hofmeyr said that as a state the Union had "ceased to be a ... foreign borrower."

Financial Times

Coal supplies

Holders of shipping shares should bear in mind that the present shortage and high price of coal hit owners hard and in two places. Any owner of a coal-burning ship feels just now that he is in a voinerable post and the owner of a tramp ship looks with anxiety to the bleak prospects of obtaining outward coal cargoes. It will be a serious matter for the shipowner and the country if the United States or Poland are able to consolidate sales in overseas markets while the U.K. coal industry is experimenting with nationalisation to the grave

detriment of output

> server a property of the server and the second second second

• O B S E R V E R bearers and Schmidheiny has made complete negotiations with Daewoo clear he will vote his 1.1m shares, of Korea for a couple of new supertankers. carrying a useful 2.5 per cent of the Unlike young Spiro Latsis, the total votes, in favour of the board.

beir apparent of the less wealthy I is the last of the "Golden Greek"

Stavros Niarchos, 86, has been in a Swiss hospital for almost a month. Constantine and his brothers, Philippos and Spyros, are keeping a bedside vigil, according

more than 70 ships to fewer than meaning that he could have got the-30. But recently he had shown same reports for some SPig7in less interest in acquiring more tourrage. If he gets the nod from his father, . Constantine's first task will be to five times the voting power of the 6 1.100

Constantine, 34, has shed his playboy image and now pitts in what the friend calls "fauly regular hours" at the Niarchos offices in London. His mentor is Malcolm Walker, who runs the group's day to day shipping operations. Unlike most Greek shipowaers, who take pride in having a

hands on style, Marchos has for years preferred to delegate. This gave him time for other interests among them breeding racehorses and putting together collections of Impressionist art and Greek

antionities After the death of his arch rival Aristotle Onassis in 1975, Niarchos allowed his fleet to shrink from

Latsis family, Constantine Misrchos seems intent on turning himself into a shipping tycoon. shipping tycoons about to transfer control of his fleet to his youngest Over and out

E Kenya's defeat of the West Indies must be one of the biggest upsets in the history of World Cup cricket: The last time that the West Indies faced such a humiliation . was in 1969 when they were all out for 26 in a match against freland. However, they had an excuse that

time They had been on a works outing to the local Guinness brewery the day before

Memory lane

name. But back in 1966 he helped change the face of British politics. As a raw recruit to the Standard Chartered Bank, Mee was sent to Nigeria, with five colleagues, as the Biafran war was flaring up. One of his colleagues was young John Major, who suffered a serious

knee injury in a car crash in the town of Jos a few months into his assignment. Mee organised Major'a evacuation back to Britain and helped stretcher him on to a VC10.

Thirty years on, the two met up Same and a · . · . .

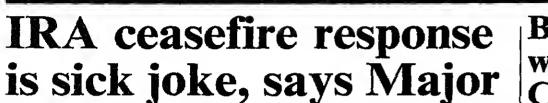
E Lionel Mee is not a household

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FINANCIAL TIMES Friday March 1 1996



By Robert Peston in London and John Kampiner in Bangkok

Mr John Major, UK prime minister, last night described as a "sick joke" a statement from the IRA indicating it was not ready to renew its ceasefire in response to Wednesday's Anglo-Irish initiative to rebuild the

Northern Ireland peace process. After a day of confused speculation about the IRA's plans, Mr Major reacted furiously to an equivocal statement from the paramilitary group's ruling army council, in part to reassure prouniooist Tory backbenchers that he had not softened his commitment to forcing the paramilitaries to give up their arms. In its statement, the IRA said

the British government had been responsible for the renewal of its terrorist campaign by failing to put in place "inclusive negotiations free from preconditions".

The army council statement was "nonsense" and a "pathetic response to the hopes and dreams of the people of Northern Ireland". Mr Major said in a BBC interview.

Daiwa plea

Speaking in the early hours of announcement que issued with the Irish prethe morning in Bangkok, where he is attending a European Union mier, Mr John Bruton - of a firm June 10 date for all-party talks on a Northern Ireland political setmeeting with south-east Asian nations, he said "most people would be fed up to the back teeth tlement. with comments of this sort that we get so repeatedly from the IRA".

Earlier he had warned that in the absence of tangible proof of the terrorist group's conversion to non-violent action, the "demo-cratic process" of finding a political settlemeot would not "stop and wait" for Sinn Fein, the

Mr Hume and I wanted to see an end to all armed actions", Mr IRA's political wing. Mr Major said Sinn Fein had Adams said yesterday. "the opportunity to join" all party political talks "if they In its statement, the IRA's army council said that it restore the ceasefire, begin to talk" and "meet the six princiresponded to the approach from Mr Hume and Mr Adams by resples" set down in US Senator tating its "absolute commitment

to our republican objectives which include the free exercise George Mitchell's report into how paramilitary groups should by the Irish people of our inationdecommission weapons. "I am these days not quite so able right to national self deterimpressed by words", he said. "I minstion" am impressed more by actions."

cil.

The IRA did not however rule Lahour and the Liberal Demoout an eventual ceasefire. It was crats have praised Mr Major for "prepared to face up" to its responsibilities, so long as "others...do likewise"

Party. Mr John Hume, held talks

with the IRA's ruling army coun-

"The IRA left quite clear that

Brittan will ask China to lift news restrictions

Following the release of the communique, the Sinn Féin pres-By Pater Montagnon and ident, Mr Gerry Adams, and the Ted Bardacke In Bangkok leader of the moderate national-ist Social Democratic and Labour

Sir Leon Brittan, European trade commissioner, will today tell China that its recent decision to restrict circulation of financial information in its domestic market is a sethack in its efforts to join the World Trade Organisation.

China announced in January that informetion supplied to financial markets by news agencies such as Reuters and Bloomberg would have to he passed through its own Xinhua agency. The announcement sparked worries about efforts by China to

censor financial news which could even extend to Hong Kong after 1997. But although China is known

to be concerned that information flows can aggravate volatility in its fledgling financial markets, industry executives said it appeared more likely that Xinhua was seeking a financial cut in a market with considerable growth prospects.

Yesterday Sir Leon said China's move was inconsistent with international trade rules and would not be acceptable if it were a member of the WTO. He said he would convey this to Mr Qian Qichen, China's foreign minister.

at a meeting in Bangkok today. His comments came after the question of China's membership of the WTO had already surfaced at the Europe-Asia summit.

The meeting is expected to endorse the Idea in broad terms, amid worries expressed by some Japanese officials that US demands on China are discouraging it from actively pursuing

membership. Mr Li Peng, China's prime minister, yesterday told Mr Jacques Santer, European Commission president, that Europe had not done enough to support China's membership.

But Sir Leon said Europe strongly favoured Chinese membership on appropriate terms and was prepared to express this sup-port independently from others, such as the US, if the conditions

were right. China would have to

take some liberalising measures

immediately and could phase oth-

ers in over time, because it was a

THE LEX COLUMN BAe's strategic defence

FT-SE Euroback 200: 1656.7 (-2.3)

for distributing dividends.

European airlines

Despite a buoyant climate for air-

Optimists argue that pressures for

reform are slowly delivering results.

Lufthansa'e turnaround has certainly

shown that it can be done. Meanwhile

the European Commission is trying to

ment ball-outs. And the Belgian gov-

problems; this week it unexpectedly

allowed Swissair, which has a 49 per

British Aerospace

Share price relative to the FT-SE-A All-Share index

180 -

The most important number in British Aerospace's results published yesten-day was the revelation that its tax charge for the next five to 10 years will be 27 per cent rather than the standard 33 per cent. This is because BAe is sitting on deferred tax assets of 2541m (\$833m), stemming from previ-ous large losses. As a result, earnings will be about 9 per cent higher than expected in future years. Given that this news came out of the blue, it is astonishing that BAe'a share price barely rose.

The other piece of good news is that BAe is apparently pursuing alliances in the European defence/aerospace industry with its head firmly on its shoulders. Restructuring Europe's industry on transnational lines is essential if it is to enjoy anything like the economies of scale the newly-rationalised US defence industry is likely to obtain. The snag is that insufficient scale is only one of the problems European aerospace groups face; their other problem, BAe excepted, is inefficiency.

This is still second best to a proper company with a unified shareholding The risk might have been that, in its eagerness to cut deals, BAe might e goal ABB is working towards, engage in mergers either without though there are still tricky legal and tax problems. Meanwhile, this more streamlined structure is a useful tran-sitional step. It solidifies the merger insisting on its partners improving efficiency or by helping to pay for partners' cost reductions. Yesterday, it went out of its way to say that it will and should make the group more not. Such a hard line may complicate attractive to investors. It may also serve as a blueprint for restructuring negotiations with the likes of Daimlersensitive sectors like the European Benz Aerospace and Aérospatiale, hoth of which are bleeding red ink. defence industry, where shareholders' But it offers BAe shareholders some interests have traditionally lost out to assurance that, if deals are done, they national sensibilities, will benefit.

Dual shareholdings

lines worldwide, too many in Europe continue to report losses. Can they ABB's move to restructure its board should simplify decision-making and strengthen links with its shareholders. ever be shaken into shape? Like most cross-border combinations the Swiss-Swedish engineering group was set up with a dual shareholding structure at the time of its 1988 merger. That may have been neces-sary to minimise tax problems and attach tougher conditions to governsatisfy national pride, but it is clearly ernment has proved surprisingly will-ing to step back from Sabena's chronic not ideal. Separate holding companies in different countries can make the group cumbersome to run, often leading to compromise when decisive action is needed. Unilever and Shell, cent stake, to parachute in a Swiss chief executive. But the Sabena episode can be interwhich both have dual shareholding structures, have lately lost ground to rivals.

Under the new structure, shareholders in Sweden's Asea and Switzercaused too much trouble with the land's Brown Boveri will each approve four directors, who will sit on the ABB new chief executive seems conspicu-

ously welcome to the unions. Neither ously welcome to the unions. Neither, appointment hodes well for cutting labour costs - the central problem for Europe's basket case airlines. Moreover, for all the conditions he attached, the decision by Mr Neil Kin-

LEGAL DEFINITIONS

leaseboid n. & adj. 1 jodo grip in which an apponent is partly restrained (half lease) or completely restrained (full lease) 2 the holding of property. see ROWE & MAW: 3580 (ph 0171-248 4282)

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SCOTH STATES

nock. European transport commis-sioner, to allow another alug of state aid to Spain's Iberia makes a nonsense of Commission attempts to make each subsidy the last. This greatly reduces the pressures on underperforming national carriers to take tough decisions.

Low-cost competitors oppose subsidies because they distort the playing field. But in practice, they are unlikely to be enough to prevent high-cost businesses from losing market share. With the European market being opened up to full competition next year some low-cost operations must be making their hands in anticipation.

Channel rail link operations and assume responsibility

By awarding the contract definite the channel rail link to London A Din-tinental, the British government has done potential investors a protection Unlike its rival, Eurorail, the Lac con sortium does not include construction companies; without them, it should be eble to drive a tougher deal with the contractors that will huild the line. Moreover there is some chance that Virgin's marketing skills will help turn around Eurostar, the existing line which was supposed to be a juicy dowry for the winning bidder but is, in

fact, heavily loss-making. But L&C, and particularly SBC War-burg which has boldly taken an 18 per cent stake in the venture, should not crack open the champagne yet. The real challenge - persuading investors to stump up billions to build the new line - is still ahead. This is likely to prove very tricky. After Eurotunnel, investors will inevitably take an extremely pessimistic view of the new line's construction costs. And arguably even higger worries surround future revenues. As Eurostar's painful experience shows, projecting future travel demand - in this case well past the turn of the century - is not much easier than predicting the weather. As recently as two years ago. Eurostar was expected to carry 8m passengers this year. It is actually carrying 8m. It is perfectly possible to make money by buying rail shares - even

preted another way; the old chief exoc-ntive had to go because his hard line Eurotunnel outperformed strongly early on. But train spotters in search company's unions, Similarly, Alitalia's of a bargain would do better to go for Railtrack instead.

Continued from Page I price rose, reflecting relief the

fine had not been as high as had been feared. But the damage to Daiws's reputation from the successful prosecution makes it highly unlikely the bank will be able to survive alone,

Daiwa has refused to rule out the possibility of a merger with another bank, most notably Sumitomo, one of the country's largest lenders. Last month. Sumitomo acquired most of Daiwa's remaining assets in the US and relations hetween the two remain strong. Mr Kaiho said there were no

plans for an early tie-up between the two banks.

Last November. Dalwa was expelled from the US by American regulators after discovery of the losses cover-up. The Japanese authorities then ordered a substaotial scaling down of the bank's global operations.

But the finance ministry may find a full investigation of the plea bargain uncomfortable. DaiBy Michael Skapinker, Aerospace Correspondent, In London

China bas told the French. British and Italian companies which have entered the contest to help huild a 100-seat Asian jet that they have no chance of winning unless they include Germany in the project.

Companies from the three countries had excluded Daimier-Benz Aerospace of Germany from their hid and from a regional aircraft group they set up because of uncertainty over Fokker, the crisis-hit Dutch company Dasa controls.

Their decision caused considerable bitterness in Germany. Dasa's exclusion from the proj-

ect was a rare instance of disagreement between France and Germany, which have worked together for decades to build

attempting to restart the peace process on Wednesday with the **Beijing wants Dasa**

to join jet project offering to use Fokker to help

build the jet. The German bid was thrown into douht, however, when Daimler-Benz, Dasa's parent, recently refused further financial assistance to Fokker, forcing the Dutch company to seek protection from its creditors. China and Korea have since quarrelled about where final

assembly of the jet should take place, leading some in the indus-try to conclude they could go their separate ways. China, however, appears determined to continue with the proj-

ect. Aerospace executives say that the Chinese have seen the collapse of Fokker as an opportunity to insist the Europeans work together. Dasa and the Air partners submitted separate bids because the Germans insisted that some of the final assembly of the jet should take place in Europe to provide Fokker with WOLK. The Air partners thought it was unrealistic to expect the Chinese and Koreans to agree to this Now that Fokker has collapsed, Dasa is no longer under pressure to find work for it. Dasa has pressed for Airbus to be involved in the 100-seat project. Dasa, BAe and Aérospatiale are shareholders in Airbus, but Alenia is not. However, the Air-bus shareholders have said they would like to involve other companies in specific projects, without making them partners in the

Fokker attracts attention of

120 100 board which controls the husiness. ABB will also take over the two holding companies' remaining non-core

wa's lawyer in New York sald the bank had decided not to release details of the losses soon after lt discovered them last summer. partly because of consultations with the finance ministry Itself. Daiwa says it discovered the losses in late July last year. On August 5 it reported the problems to the ministry. A senior banking supervisory official told Dalwa the problem had come at a difficult time for Japan's financlal system, then beset by a string of smaller banking collapses. Since the scale and details of

the Daiwa loss were uncertain, the official sald, the immediate release of information about it could increase the crisis. Daiwa was told it would be better to achieve further clarification of the loss before revealing it.

Europe's aerospace industry. The Chinese insist that a European country of Germany's importance must be included in the project. If Germany is now included in the Asian jet bid, the project is likely to be run in co-operation with Airbus Industrie, the European manufacturing consortium. China and South Korea have invited bids from several western companies to help them build the jet Aérospatiale of France, British Aerospace and Alenia of Italy have submitted a bid through

Aero International Regional (Air), the joint aircraft company they established this year. Boeing of the US is another overall Airbus structure. contender to be the Asians' part-

ner. Dasa submitted a separate bid. country in transition, he said. But it had not yet done so. Nonetheless, he said the involvement of China in this week's summit was an important part of the process of engaging it in the international community. Separately, Sir Leon said Japan appeared to have taken note of EU concerns that the pace of economic deregulation had slowed under the government of Mr Ryu-

taro Hashimoto. Tokyo had since taken action to bring its copyright provisions into line with international agreements, a move which Sir Leon described as "a step in the China, Page 23 right direction."

HIGH

LOW

FT WEATHER GUIDE

Europe today

Sunny conditions will prevail in southern ndinavia, Cloudy conditions with patches of light snow will linger over north-west Russia across Belarus towards Hungary. Most of Russia will stay dry and Moscow will have sunny spells. The Balkans will be cold and mainly dry with sunny spells. An active low pressure system will bring widespread rain to Turkey and the south-west will have strong north-westerly winds. Other parts of the Mediterranean will be dry with sunny spells. The Benelux and northern France will be overcast. The Riviera and the Po valley will be sunny. High pressure will result in fair conditions over the British Isles.

Five-day forecast

Eastern Europe will remain cold. After the weekend, western Europe will be unseasonably cold although it will remain dry and sunny. The southern Mediterranean will have rain. Dry and sunny conditions will prevail over the interior of the iberier peninsula. Fair and dry conditions will persist over the British leles.

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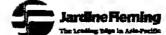
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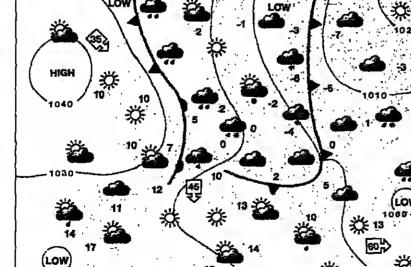
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February, 1996

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PLUMB

yesterday moved to strengthen its position in the prake business with the purchase for \$1.5bn (2970m) of the light vehicle braking operations of AlliedSig-nal, unites Richard Waters in New York. The agreement, which follows several months of discussions between the two over a joint venture, will bring together AlliedSignal's conventional braking products with Bosch's antilock brake system operations, a field where the German company claims a 25 percent market share. The AlliedSignal unit generated about \$1bn of its \$2.1bn in revenues last year in Europe, with most of the rest coming from the US. The US group said it would reinvest the money in other, higher-margin business

EYa

ABN Amro lifts profitability targets

ABN Amro, the Dutch bank, has raised its internal profitability targets after lelivering a 14.4 per cent increase in net profits last year to F12.62bn (\$1.6bn). Mr . Q. Jan Kalff (left) , ABN Amro's chairman, said that tha group would now aim to produce at least 7.5 per cent annual growth in

of 6 per cent. Page 22

Nokia falls from pole position Two profits warnings in three months and a 50 per cent collapse in its share price since September sug gest the golden days are over at Nokia, the Finnish telecoms group, after a three-year run as one of the world's leading high technology stocks. Page 23

US stores struggie on weak demand Although most big US retailers put on enviable increases in quarterly revenues to January, customers proved so reluctant to shop that retailers slashed prices to keep goods moving. The result higher sales hut serious damage to gross margins. Page 24

Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels, the hotels and property company, reported a 27 per cent rise in net profits for calendar 1995, from HK\$512m in 1994 to HK\$652m (\$84.3m), comfortably meeting market expectations. down. Page 25

SmithKline Beecham shuts sites

Companies in this issue

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FINANCIAL TIMES COMPANIES & MARKETS

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Friday March 1 1996

Investors welcome BP/Mobil deal

By Deborah Hargreaves

Shares in British Petroleum neared record bighs yesterday following confirmation that it was to combine its downstream fuels and lubricants businesses in Europe with Mobil

The partnership will create the second largest oil marketer in Europe with a 12 per cent market share and sales of \$20bn a year. Investors welcomed the deal as a way of improving the companies' competitive position in a cut-throat market and marked the shares up 10% to 539%p - just below a high of 555p reached in January. Mobil shares rose \$2% to \$110% in early trade.

However, other large oil companies

including Shell and Burmah Castrol saw their shares slip because the City believes the deal will put pressure on them to rationalise their downstream operations. Sir David Simon, BP chairman, said yes-terday the deal would bring significant cost savings to the two as well as a platform for growth, particularly in central

and the second
and eastern Europe. Cost savings of \$400m to \$500m a year are expected within three years. The two will share a restructuring cost of \$400m. BP will take a 70 per cent stake in the fuels side and will manage the operations, which include 8.900 service stations. Mobil will bave a 51 per cent share of the lubricants business and will run that including the blending plants.

Mr Fergus McLeod, oil analyst at Nat-West Securities, helieves the deal could boost BP's earnings by about 5 per cent, or by between \$170m and \$220m a year, of the total, after a charge of \$200m.

It would mean an additional \$90m to \$110m for Mobil's bottom line. Mr Lou Noto, chairman of Mobil, said the decision to form the partnership was not based on despair or desperation, but on opportunity". This is in spite of persistently poor returns in European refining operations and fierce price competition on petrol retailing in the UK, France and Germany. Mr Noto said the partnership would pursue cost savings and efficiencies in Europe. "In Europe we want to stay and thrive, not just survive," he said.

Sir David said the decision to form the partnership had been made in mid-Atlantic: "We were both flying across the Atlantic many times thinking about how to make our businesses more competitive and at one point in mid-Atlantic we both thought 'Good golly, why not form a part-

nership?" But he said there were no plans to By Paul Taylor extend the partnership into other areas or Escom, the German personal

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Escom to

seek more

funds for

expansion

computer manufacturer and retailer, will announce today

that it is seeking additional

funding for its ambitious Euro-

pean expansion programme. Shares in the gronp, which acquired more than 200 Rumbe-

lows stores in the UK last year,

Siemens Nixdorf, part of the

In December it became the lat-

It has grown raptdly through a

It has acknowledged that the

Fierce price competition and

disappointing 1995 figures.

Although a record 65m PCs were sold worldwide this year

fourth-quarter sales failed to

match np to some companies over-optimistic forecasts. The PC price war has put mar-gins under intense pressure, plunged a number of previously

profitable companies into loss

outside Europe. The two companies' European businesses make a good fit geographically and Sir David said both operators had a similar management philosophy. "We both offer a great deal of flexibility to our teams to implement performance," he said. Background, Page 26

were suspended yesterday pend-ing today's announcement. Escom, which is majority owned by its founder Mr Manfred Schmitt, has grown rapidly to become one of the largest PC Number of users is growing manufacturers in Europe. On-line services have more subscribers ... Subscribers (m) Users by type (m) German electronics group, also C'hers Minite traneus America On Prodigy has a 10 per cent stake in Escom. 140 120 est PC vendor to warn of losses in the normally buoyant fourth quarter when it blamed an expected DM45m (£20.2m) loss th the quarter on weak sales and costs of international expansion. ******** 14+h-+++++++ 2 combination of aggressive pric-92 ing and an international expan-Host computers linked to the net are rising but it's not all good news Share prices (rebased costs of expanding its retail net-work, particularly in the UK, were a factor in its weak results. Nevertheless it has insisted the new UK outlets would make a 100 "considerable contribution to ************** profits" in 1996. LUnet RD America Online Netscap ---- PSINet 70 the battle for market share in the consumer personal computer market has resulted in a number of PC manufacturers reporting Feb 1996

for consumer access to the Internet, the entry of the "big guns" of the communications industry poses a serious threat, according to industry analysts. They predict a price war. The future of proprietary

Post and planning its own con-tent for Interchange, an online service it acquired from Ziff Davis, the US publishing group, for \$50m. Interchange is being

phased out in favour of the direct

unique services and provide a "sense of community" that is Until just a few months ago, lacking on the Internet. America the online services seemed to have the upper hand. AT&T was Online, for example, offers live forging partnerships with pub-lishers such as the Washington "chat rooms" where subscribers can exchange messages with other users. These are a big attraction for many subscribers. Similarly, CompuServe is known for its "forums" or online discussion gronps.

Moreover, with their estab-

out.

and prompted renewed speculation about an industry sbake-

AT&T's big guns reverberate across cyberspace earnings per share, compared with an earlier target

customers.

Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels ahead

SmithKline Beecham, the Anglo US pharmaceuticals company, is to shut or sell more than 10 per cent of its manufacturing sites in a restructuring triggered by acquisitions in 1994. Page 26

The launch of AT&T WorldNet, as the service is called, marks the beginning of a new round of competition in the Internet access. market, analysts said. It comes on the heels of Sears' decision to sell its 50 per cent stake in Prod-

A wave through the com-puter online services the "host count", which is produced by Network Wizards, a Calindustry with its launch of a US-wide internet access service, offered free for the first 12 ifornia computer services company, are many computers that are bidden from public access months to residential telephone behind security firewalls. It is "anybody's guess" bow The entry of the US's largest many people are now using the telephone company into the Internet, says Mr Mark Lotter, Internet arena is the latest in a who owns and operates Network rapid-fire series of changes

Wizards, However, the most conreshaping the online services servative estimates put the numindustry, which provides comber of users at about 35m. puter users with information and Whatever the real numbers, they are big enough to attract the communications facilities. Shares in the industry reacted dismally attention of the world's largest to the news. Netcom Online Comtelecoms companies. Internet access is becoming the "multime-

munications, UUnet, America Online and PSInet were marked dia dial tone of the 1990s", a basic service that will become as commonplace as the telephone, says Mr David Hood, AT&T vice-president of marketing.

AT&T will offer its 80m residential telephone customers up to five hours of free Internet access for the first 12 months and igy, the world's third largest comunlimited access at the competine information service. tive rate of \$19.95 a month there-&R Block's announceafter. Rates are higher for those it plans to spin off people not signed up for AT&T's

Online industry's explosive growth prompts US telecoms group's free access offer Potholes in the superhighway T&T has sent a sbock hundreds of users. Excluded from

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information resources. online information services such

as America Online, CompuServe and Prodigy has also been thrown into question.

ve, number two in the ustry, as an indepenc company. ing these changes is

sive growth of the rnet. At the last count, y, there were at least computers and neted to the Internet a 95 ncrease over the previ-

computer or network t has its own address Intarnet, such as m. While some hosts month. user personal comput-

For the specialist Internet access companies which have, are networks serving until now, dominated the market

long-distance telephone services. AT&T's action is expected to spur its US telecommunications rivals MCI and Sprint to expand their Internet services and drop prices. US regional telephone companies including Pacific Bell. the west coast telephone company, are also expected to enter the fray. And Tele-Communicaonline businesses.

tions, the largest US cable televihowever, as the online service providers have moved to offer sion company, is planning to launch its Internet service next links to the Internet, or "gateways," while many internet access companies are oow provid-

ing their subscribers with "navigational tools" and exclusive

ust a year ago, it was possi-Internet access service. Microble to draw clear distinctions between the Internet - an soft, the world's largest software company, has realigned its Microsoft Network online service. unregulated, chaotic but exciting introduced last August, as an new world of online information resources - and the more strucadjunct to the Internet. tured environment of these pro-There is, however, a growing market for "non-Internet" online prietary consumer-oriented

services. Tha lines have become hlurred, Over the past three months America Online, the leading service, has added 1m subscribers. bringing the total to more than

The leading online services will continue to thrive, many analysts helieve, because they offer

lished subscriber lists the online services may be able to attract more advertising, which is expected to become the primary source of revenues for online and Internet services as subscriber rates fall under competitive pressures. While AT&T may be able to win over subscribers quickly with its offer of free Internet access, the company has yet to demonstrate how it can make a profit on Internet access services, say competitors.

THIS ANNOUNCEMENT APPEARS AS A MATTER OF RECORD ONLY

rman watchdog to examine demeister share movements

ng Münchau

insider dealing said yesterday it would share movements at ster, the German tools maker, whose unged 29 per cent on

case." He said the agency was curious about the manner in v. ister warned on Tuesuld not report a profit which the news was announced. The company issued a press release, apparently to spread the news as fast as possible. German as it had forecast. the day rumours had Frankfurt and Düsselk exchanges that a law requires a company to ool maker would make announce market-sensitive news to the stock exchange and the securities watchdog before the statement. s have been subject to for over a week. From public is told.

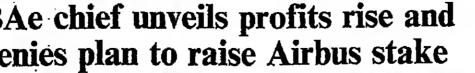
Apart from the wild fluctuan Thursday, thay sharply on Tuesday. tions in the Gildemeister share later. The Wednesday

after the announcement the shares dropped to DM102.50, recovering again yesterday. The Federal Supervisory Office 10,000 to 20,000 a day, dealing in for Securities Trading said yes-terday: "We are definitely going Gildemeister shares became fre-netic between Friday and to look into this, although we are Wednesday, with trading volnot going to drop everything else umes rising to about five times and give special priority to this average levels.

Even though Germany operates tough insider dealing laws, the fight against insider dealing is in its infancy. In a year of opera-tion, the watchdog has collected evidence to support a small number of cases.

Suspicious share movements ahead of sensitive announcements remain common in German markets, and reaffirm a prejudice among foreign investors that outsiders tend to lose out in

German share transactions. price, suspicion has also been



d Gray, orrespondent

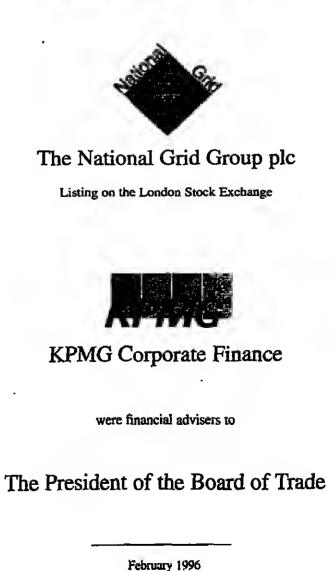
k Evans, British 's chief executive, yesnied that the company sted in lifting its share-Airbus Industrie, the consortium, beyond its 20 per cent as he sharp profits rise. g down speculation Airbus partners might to spend up to \$10bn

former subsidiary, sold to BMW an Airbus 3XX very of Germany, had been included for 3 months of 1994. There was nmercial airliner, Mr ided that proceeding 3XX would be depenalso a fall in defenca sales of £320m to £4.3bn as a result of tracting capital at low lower deliveries of Hawk light rates. That could mean governfighter aircraft. Despite this the ment loans or cash injections division's operating profits from new partners, he said. reached £487m (£412m), reflecting cost cutting.

Mr Evans suggested that changing the status of Airbus

from a loose federation into a sin- craft division were cut to £118m gle company could he one way to (£156m) despite an increased sale of RJ regional jets for lower stimulate rationalisation in the priced cash deals. Interest European aerospace industry. BAe announced that profits charges fell sharply from 199m to before exceptional items were £24m as the impact of the sale of £330m (\$508.2m) for the year, a Rover and the proceeds of the rise of 95 per cent on the 1994 figure of 2169m. The strong prof-1994 rights issue fed through. Operating cash inflow increased its recovery came despite a fall in sales from £7.2bn to £5.7bn. to £155m (£88m) and net cash increased to £203m (83m) at the year end Most of the turnover fall came

BAe confirmed that the sale of because Rover, the company's 25 per cent of its stake in Orange, the UK mobile telephones company, was likely to produce cash receipts of £155m to £180m on flotation this month and its remaining stake would he worth between £530m and £570m. BAe's earnings excluding exceptional items were 48.8p (22.6p), and its dividend for the Losses in the commercial air year was increased to 12.5p (10p).



KPMG Corporate Finance, 8 Salisbury Square, London EC4Y 8BB.

and the second public of the support

Louise Kehoe Network notes, Page 24

In Europe, the market outside Germany is dominated by US vendors and few indigenous PC mannfacturers are making money. Olivetti, the Italian information technology group. has warned that its troubled PC business would be closed unless

it achieved break-even by the end of this year. Recent Dataquest shows that Escom's market share of units sold in the fourth quarter fell

from 4 per cent in 1994 to 3.2 per cent last year and it ranked as Europe's 10th largest PC seller, down from sixth a year earlier.

22

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Olivetti unit ABN Amro raises aim after solid advance

cuts stake in Acorn of the UK

By John Simkins in Milan and Paul Taylor and Richard Gourlay in London

Olivetti Telemedia, part of the Italian information technology group, has reduced its major Ity stake in Britain's Acorn computer group by selling a 10.5 per cent stake to a US institutional fund.

Olivetti said it had sold 9.5m of its 53m shares in Acorn to Chancellor Capital Management, reducing its stake in the Cambridge-based group to 54.4 per cent.

The move, apparently insti-gated at the request of the US fund, was welcomed by Acorn which said it represented "a vote of confidence" in its strat-

egy and technology. Earlier this week Acorn blamed fierce competition in its core education market, plus exceptional costs for a £12.3m (\$18.9m) full-year loss which Mr Elserino Piol, chairman, called "very disappointing".

However, Acorn's ontlook has brightened since the group announced a joint venture with Apple Computer in the UK education market and a contract from Oracle, the US database vendor, to develop chips to power so-called net-

work computers. Last year Olivetti cut its stake in Acorn from 79 per

The disposal comes amid intepse pressure on the companies of Italian businessman Mr Carlo De Benedetti, whose main industrial holding company Cir has L700bn (\$450m) debts.

Separately, Olivetti sold its subsidiary Zincocelere, which makes multi-layer printed circuit boards, to the management for an undisclosed price. Natwest Ventures, which led the deal from its newly formed Italian subsidiary, with CVC Capital Partners, said the deal involved raising L127bn, including funding for

working capital and future

expansion,

By George Graham, Banking Correspondent

a second a second providence and a second second statement of the second second second second second second sec

ABN Amro, the Dutch bank, has raised its internal profitability targets after delivering a 14.4 per ceot increase in net profits last year to Fl 2.62bo (\$1.6bn).

Mr Jan Kalff, chairman, said the group would oow aim to produce at least 7.5 per cent annual growth in earnings per share, compared with an earlier target of 6 per cent. The target for return on equity will be lifted from 12 per cent to 13 per cent.

Mr Kalff said both were conservative targets which the group had exceeded in recent years. He acknowledged that these returns were still lower than those earned by some UK and US banks, but doubted whether US banks could consisteotly produce such high returns

ABN Amro, formed in 1991 from the merger of Algemene Bank Nederland and Amsterdam-Rotterdam Baok, has sharply expanded its interna-tional investment banking operations in recent years with the acquisition of London broker Hoare Govett in 1992 and Alfred Berg in Scandinavia last

"We have invested a lot of money on building up our investment banking capabilities, and there you have first the costs and then the revenues, But the momentum is on the table.



Jan Kalff: '1995 will not be the last year we have good results

still there, and if I look in the "The prices in the asset managemeot business are extremely high, and we are pipeline I see so many deals that it gives me a confident feeling that 1995 will not be the Dutch, so we are good at calculating the return on invest-ment," Mr Kalff said. last year we have good results," Mr Kalff said. The bank would like to The weakness of the dollar

against the Dutch guilder last expand its asset management activities, and did not rule out year, however, depressed pretax profits from all ABN acquisitions in corporate banking, but had no large deals now international Amro's operations, which advanced

Photograph: Tony Andrews only 3 per cent in guilder terms to FI 1.58bn. Total pretax profits were 14.2 per cent

capital under the Basle capital adequacy rules, while the dishigher at Fl 3.84bn. closed reserves will count as ABN Amro boosted total income by 8.2 per cent in 1995 to a total of Fil62lhn. with Tier 1 capital. ABN Amro's Tler 1 ratio dipped slightly to 6.51 per cent the fastest growth in revenue coming from the bank's overlast year from 6.74 per cent in seas lending and investment

banking activities. Operating expenses rose by 10.8 per cent.

Aramco poised to complete \$350m Greek buy

By Kerin Hope in Athens

The Vardinoyannis group, a familyowned Greek conglomerate, is about to complete the much-delayed sale of 50 per cent of an oil refinery and chain of petrol stations in Greece to Aramco, the Saudi Arabian state oil company.

Aramco, making its first investment in Europe, is expected to pay \$350m for a 50 per cent stake in both MotorOil, Greece's largest private refinery, and AvinOil, a nationwide petrol chain. Aramco is also expected to invest \$50m in upgrading the refinery and carrying out an environmental clean-up at its installations on the Gulf of Corinth.

was frozen because of a bitter dispute in the Vardinoyannis family over owntrading company.

ership of the refinery. Two younger family members started legal proceedings against their uncle. Mr Vardis Vardinoyannis, chairman of MotorOil, claiming they were each entitled to a 25 per cent equity stake in the two Panamanian companies which control MotorOil

A company official said yesterday that Ms Ioanna Vardinoyannis and her brother Pyrrhos had agreed to settle out of court in return for a cash payment estimated at about \$120m. The MotorOil refinery, with capacity

of 4.5m tonnes yearly, supplies 600 pet-rol stations in the AvinOil chain and The deal was agreed last April, but

exports oil products through a separate

The refinery is supplied by a tanker fleet owned by Vardinoyannis. According to the latest figures avail

able. MotorOil reported a sharp drop in net income in 1994, to Drl.6bn (\$6.7m), against Dr6bn the previous year, on turnover down 6 per cent to Dr179bn. AvinOil said pre-tax profits doubled in 1998 to Dr500m, although turnover remained flat at Dribn.

The Vardinoyannis group approached Aramco after an earlier attempt to sell a stake in MotorOil to Libva's state oil company fell through because of political pressure from the Greek and US governments. For Aramco, which

has long sought a European refining and marketing outlet, the alliance offers a relatively close base from which it could supply new markets in eastern Europe. The Saudis are expected to take an active management role at MotorOil.

8.0 per cent to Fl 10.94bn, with costs rising sharply overseas

but held virtually flat in the Netherlands as a result of staff

cuts in the domestic banking

Overseas costs were boosted because the bank decided to provide early for contributions

of about \$50m which its US banking subsidiaries, LaSalle

and European American, will

have to make this year to the US deposit insurance fund.

the bank had no plans to sell

LaSalle or European American.

He said it would be difficult to

cut costs much further in the branch network, but consider-

able savings were likely from

bead office costs, which are

Geoeral risk provisions dropped Fl 100m to Fl 1.4m for 1995 - the last year for which

ABN Amro will not disclose its

hidden reserves. EU directives require disclosure by 1998, but

the Dutch banks plan to reveal

capital strength, since hidden

reserves are counted as Tier 2

their reserves next year. This will have the effect of increasing ABN Amro's core

under review.

Mr Kalff was insistent that

network.

The conglomerate, which started as a shipping operation run by Mr Vardis Vardinoyannis and his six brothers from Crete, is already active in Bulgaria and Ukraine.

Vardinovannis is building a \$90m lubricant plant in Ukraine and is also carrying out a \$300m fleet renewal programme at a Ukraine shipyard, with nine tankers on order and options on building another 13 vessels.

EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST **Axel Springer to** lift total payout

Axel Springer, Germany's media group and publisher of Bild, the mass circulation daily, and Die Welt newspaper, is to issue a DM3 bonus and lift last year's total dividend by DM4.00 to DM17 after a rise in profits and turnover, Mr Jürgen Richter, chairman, said yesterday. Preliminary net profits will rise DM19m, from DM123m in 1994 to DM142m (\$97.2m) last year. Sales, including advertising revenue, will increase a per ceot to DM4.1bn over the same period despite the confinaing increase in paper costs which rose DM128m to DM557m last

FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY MARCH / 1996

vear. Springer is struggling to maintain its share of advertising revenue. one of the most competitive markets in Burge. Group advertising revenue rose DM63m, from DM1.36n to

Judy Dennsey, Berlin

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Christiania Bank at NKr2.78hn

Christiania Bank, Norway's second biggest bank, almost doubled operating profits from NKr1.47bn to NKr2.88a (\$436m) last year, after writing back as income NKr199a previously set aside for loan losses. The bank's underlying performance also improved, with profits before loan biss write-backs rising by NKr132m to NKr1.73bn despite fierce commetition for business. competition for husiness.

competition for misness. Efficiency had improved, market shares had risen, and loan losses had been exceptionally low in 1995, the bank said it expects another good year in 1996, despite likely higher loan losses and continued low margins. The dividend is increased to NKr1.1, from NKr0.9. Christopher Brown Rumes, Stockholm

Capital gains lift Skanska 🐰

Skanska, Scandinavia's largest construction and real estate group, reports profits of SKr2.59bn (\$386.2m) for 1995, an increase of SKr392m if a one-off dividend of SKr879m in 1994 is excluded. Swedish construction operations reported lower operating profits despite higher invoiced sales, but the downturn was offset by capital gains from property sales and a stronger contribution from the group's expanding international businesses, Sales rose 19 per cent to SKr38.40m. The group said the sharp downturn in the Swedish construction market had levelled off in 1995. but annual bousing starts were still at their lowest levels since the early 1900s. international operations increased operating profits from SKr51m to SKr293m as sales rose from SKr10.1bn to Christopher Brown-Hu SKr13.9bn.

US takeover by Alusuisse

Alusuisse, the Swiss packaging, chemicals and aluminium group, has agreed to bny Mebane Packaging, a privately-owned North Carolina-based folding carton maker, for \$92m, Mebane, which has annual sales of \$120m and employs 980 people, is the leading folding carton supplier to the US pharmaceutical industry.

Alusuisse, through its acquisition of the Canadian Lawson Mardon packaging group two years ago, has already become a significant supplier of flexible packaging and folding cartons to the drugs industry. The deal is subject to the usual due Ian Rodger, Zurich diligence process.

Aker up 45% despite sales dip

Aker, the Norwegian oil, cement and technology group, yesterday reported a 45 per cent jump in pre-tax profits from NKr751m to NKr1.09hn (\$171m) for 1995, despite a fail in sales from NKr16.6bn to NKr15.3bn.

The group, which agreed to merge its cement and building materials business with Euroc of Sweden last year, said the improvement reflected a strong rise in profits at its Norwegian Contractors unit after the completion of two projects in the Norwegian North Sea. The dividend is increased from NKr3.5 to NKr4.5 a share. Christopher Brown-Humes to NKr4.5 a share.

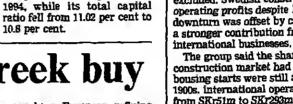
Bridgestone Metalpha deal than I was about Zyrtec a few Mr Jacobs said, however, Bridgestone Metalpha, controlled by Bridgestone of Japan, has acquired a Sardinian manufacturer of steel cords for tyres in an attempt to penetrate the European market. It is to invest L100bn to double the current turnover of L50bn at Gencord, in Cagliari, which it has bought from Italian authorities attempting to safeguard production at Gencord and its insolvent parent company Ferdofin, a steel maker. Europe has 30 per cent of the steel cord market and Bridgestone Metalpha, the world's third biggest manufacturer in the sector, expects strong growth in eastern Europe. It is also building a plant in the US. John Simkins, Milan

NB NORDBANKEN

Shareholders in Nordbanken AB (publ) are herewith summoned to Annual General Meeting on Thursday, March 28, 1996 at 4.00 p.m. in Victoriaballen, Stockholm International Fairs, Alvsjö.

Notification

pate io the Annual Geoeral Meeting shall Shareholders who wish to part



DM1.82bn.

be registered in the share register maintained by the Swedish Securides Register Center (VPC) not later than Monday, March 18, 1996.

submit notification of intent to participate to Nordbankeo AB (publ), Group Legal Department, S-105 71 Stockholm, telephone +46 8 670 20 80, telefax +46 8 614 87 70, not later than 1.00 p.m. on Monday, March 25, 1996.

Shareholders whose shares are held in trust must temporarily reregister their shares in their own name to be enritled to participate in the Meeting. Such registration must be completed at VPC by Monday, March 18, 1996. This means that shareholders must inform trustees in this respect in adequate time prior to this date.

Agenda and decision proposals

Where appropriate, the main decision proposal is provided for each agenda item. Complete information on existing decision proposals can be received from the Group Legal Department as above.

- 1. Election of Chairman for the Meeting Decision proposal: Board Chairman Jacob Palmsticroa
- 2. Preparation and reconciliation of the voting register
- 3. Election of two Minutes Checkers
- 4. Determination whether the Meeting has been properly convened
- 5. Submission of the Company's Annual Report and Consolidated Accounts In conjunction therewith: Address by the President and CEO
- 6. Submission of the Report of the Auditors for the Parent Company's accounts and Consolidated accounts
- 7. Adoption of the Parent Company's Income Statement and the Consolidated Income Statement
- 8. Adoption of the Parent Company's Balance sheet and the Consolidated Balance Sheet
- 9. Approval of the disposition of unappropriated earnings in accordance with the approved Balance Sheet
- Decision proposal: See below 10. Approval to discharge the Board of Directors from liability for the year
- The Auditors recommend discharge from liability 11. Determination of number of Board Members and Deputy Board Members Decision proposal: Ten (10) Members and onc (1) Deputy Member (reduction of the number of Members by two (2))
- 12. Determination of number of Auditors and Deputy Auditors Decision proposal: Three (3) Auditors and three (3) Deputy Auditors (unchanged)
- 13. Determination of fees for Board Members and Auditors
- 14. Election of Board Members and Deputy
- Decision proposal: See below
- 15. Election of Auditors and Deputy Auditors Decision proposal: Re-election of Caj Nackstad and Per-Olof Akteus (KPMG Bohlins) and Ulf Järlebro (Deloitte & Touche), with Carl Lindgren and Anders Ivdal (KPMG Bohlins) and Svante Forsberg (Deloitte & Touche) as Depudes.

Dividend and record date

The Board of Directors proposes a dividend per share of SEK 7.50 and that Tuesday, April 2, 1996 be the record date for the dividend. If the Anoual Geoeral Meeong approves the proposal, it is expected that the dividend will be distributed by VPC on Thursday, April 11, 1996.

Board of Directors

Shareholders representing approximately 75 percent of the shares in the Bank have announced that at the Meeting they intend to propose the re-election of Jacoh Palmstierna, Rune Brandinger, Hans Dalborg, Dan Anderssoo, Patric Fredell, Leif Gustafsson, Christina Liffner, Bernt Magnusson and Margot Wikström and the election of Inga-Liza Johansson, CEO Daloc. Lars G Nordström, EVP Nordbanken, is proposed as Deputy Member.

Stockholm, February 1996

Board of Directors In conjunction with the Annual General Meeting, the Bank will present information

regarding a number of its products and areas of operations, including the Nordbanken Direkt telephone bank, the LIVIA life insurance company and fund

Shareholders are welcome to participate from 2.00 p.m.

UCB, the Belgian chemicals, packaging and pharmacsuticals company, said sharply improved results in its phar-maceuticals sector belped boost pre-tax profits by 35 per cent to more than BFr4bn (\$133m) last year, compared with BFr2.9bn in 1994. Net profits after exceptionals rose from BFr2.5bn to BFr3bn. Total sales saw only a slight rise from BFr49.8bn to BFr50bn, partly because of divestments during the year. However, turnover in the pharmaceuticals division rose from BFr16.3bn to BFr18bn mainly as a result of the consolidation of UCB's new US subsidiary. European sales also benefited from a rise in the sales of company's anti-allergy drug Zyrtec, which rose from BFr6.8bn in 1994 to BFr8bn last year. Mr George Jacobs, UCB's chief executive officer, pre-

By Caroline Southey

in Brussels

months ago". The US Food and Drug Administration approved the drug for registration in December 1995. Zyrtec has achieved strong growth rates since it was launched in 1988, reaching a market share of 40 per cent in the countries where it is regis-

UCB lifts earnings despite

flat sales and restructuring

tered. Mr Jacobs said the company was making profits in all three divisions, adding that this was the "third consecutive year that we (have) improved our results". The three sectors

dicted the sales of the drug outside the US would rise to BFr9bn next year. He said be was also encour-

each contribute about a third to turnover, of which nearly SO per cent is realised in Europe. The pharmaceutical sector for a rebound. accounted for 80 per cent of the gronp's pre-tax profits in 1994. in the chemical sector, where sales exceeded BFr17bn, the company confirmed its commitment to move away from bulk chemicals and into developing speciality products. UCB said that a downturn in Europe

for this sector was offset by a "good level of sales" in the US and Asia. Early last year UCB sold its aged by the drug's perfor- pbthalates (plasticisers for

Randstad beats sector average with 45% rise

By Ronald van de Krol in Amsterdam

of about 10 per cent a year for the next few years, it added. In 1996, turnover was expected to outstrip the market average, Randstad of the Netherlands. one of the world's biggest employment services groups. said net profits rose 45 per cent to a record Fl 163.3m (\$100.4) in 1995, on sales up 25 per cent at F14.7bn. Its dividend is to be raised from FI 1.04 to FI 1.52, an increase of 48 per cent. The company forecast that profits and sales would continue to grow faster than the market average. The US and European markets for temporary employment services were expected to see average growth

while profit growth would keep pace with the sales increase. The market for "temps", Randstad's main business. expanded by an average 24 per cent in the countries where the company is based - Benelux, Germany, Prance, Switzerland, Spain, the UK and south-eastern US states. Randstad's market share rose in most countries in 1995.

Randstad is also active in services such as cleaning, security and training.

Novo Nordisk in court win

A US federal appeals court has lifted a preliminary injunction against Novo Nordisk, the Dan-ish pharmaceuticals and indus-Genentech, which has alleged that the Danish group infringed a series of its patents ish pharmaceuticais and indus-trial enzymes group, marketing its human growth hormone. Norditropin, in the US, writes Nilary Barnes in Copenhagen. This is the latest develop-ment in a long-standing battle between Novo Nordisk and Novo Nordisk said it was confident the underlying dis-trict court litigation would conclude with findings that it had not infringed the patents, and that Geneotech's patents would be declared invalid.

that profits from the sala were offset by the cost of restructuring the packaging sector, where UCB sold or closed four loss-making units.

mance in the US, adding that PVC; business to an Italian

he was now "more optimistic group for BFr3bn.

Sales in the packaging sector fell from BFr15.2bn to BFr15bn but Mr Jacobs said that "by the end of the year results had sharply increased". UCB is the largest European transparent flexible packaging producer. Ms Martine Glineur, an analyst at Brussels brokerage Mignon Hanart Declerck, said

that "all the good news has been priced in the share". But she added: "From BFr44,000 the stock has room

Swiss Re ĪĪĪ

The Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Swiss Reinsurance Company, Zurich, (abbreviated to Swiss Re) held on 24 November 1995 decided to reduce the share capital from CHF 300,866.020 to CHF 150,433,010 by reducing the nominal value of the 15,043,301 registered shares from CHF 20 at present to CHF 10.

On 1 March 1996, following expiry of the legally scipulated deadline, the full amount of the share capital reduction will be refunded to Swiss Re shareholders as a cash payment of CHF 10 per registered share.

Spread Warrants of SwissRe Finance (Bermuda) Ltd.

Due to the reduction of capital from CHF 20 at present to CHF 10 of the nominal value of Swiss Re registered shares, the conversion and/or the option rights will be adjusted oo 1 March 1996 as follows:

(unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Swiss Reinsurance Company)

be adjusted to CHF 1,176.25 (previously CHF 1,189.175) per registered share. Accord-ingly USD 5,000 nominal value may be converted into 4.90 (4.85) registered shares lexchange rate: CHF 1.1535 = USD 1).

Bull Spread Warrants 1995-26. 06. 1998

(unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Swiss Reinsurance Company)

In accordance with the "Terms and Conditions of the Warrants", the "Floor Reference In accordance with the remain and Contactors of the Waltaria , the characteria Ref-Strike- will be adjusted to CHF 957.50 (previously CHF 968) whereas the •Ceiling Ref-erence Strike- will remain at CHF 1,081.-. Should registered shares be delivered upon exercise of warrants, a cash payment of CHF 10.50 per registered share will be effected in addition to the relevant sum for the shares.

For additional information please refer to the "Terms and Conditions of the Bonds" and "Terms and Conditions of the Warrants" as outlined in the corresponding leaflets.

1 March 1996

By order. **Credit Snisse**

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Security monthery/ISIN Security a ISIN Swiss Re registrand share nominal value CHF 10 2% Guaranteed Convertible Bonds 1995-2000 Bull Spread Warrants 1995-1998 124 558 382 522 383 343 CH0001245565 USG8623PAA6 BMG8622P1086

CORRECTION Bridgestone

Bridgestone's consolidated net profits in 1995 were Y54.1bn, not Y66.2bn as reported in yesterday's Financial Times.

Capital market transactions 1995/96

Announcement to holders of Convertible Bonds and Bull

USD 500 million 2% Guaranteed Convertible Bonds due in the year 2000

In accordance with the "Terms and Conditions of the Bonds", the conversion price shall



DAY MARCHI 198

Main publisher of Bid Main newspaper, is to be I divident by Dylaid in Me. History Dylaid in over, Mr Järgen Richter Ty Det profits will rise EM2m (So7 cm) last Par the will increase 43 Par id despite the continue id 126m to Disting to

the share of advertising Amarkets in Europe Judy Dempsey, Bat

it NKr2.78bn tiggest bank almost Leyba to NRT2 isla as income NArLight The bank's underlying ofits before loan-loss Kr1.73bn despite fierre

shares had risen and han 1995, the bank said h espite likely higher ion the dividend is increased Proum-Humes, Stocked

skanska

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in 1995.

By Ronald van de Krol

DSM, the Datch chemicals

group, yesterday held out the prospect of "good" results in

1996 but implied they would be

have a good year, in 1996," Mr

Simon da Bree, management.

higher by a 14.6 per cent

ed in Winterthat in 1989.

in 1995, it generaled net profits

of CH# 2.7 million (up 56%) on

in Holand, Switz

sates of CHF \$4 million (up 102%)

with 400 employees at four slies

board chairman, said. Turnover last year rose 9.4 per cent to F19.8bn, pushed

struction and real estate 1995.2m) for 1995. an idend of SK13.9m in 1994 is rations reported long oiced sales, but the is from property seles and oup's expanding 19 per cent to Sand the m in the Sweetst 1 m-1995, but strand rest-levels since the enty eased operating profits ope from SK-10.102 to Christopre- Brourt-Bu

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less spectacular than the dou ments and unfavoural bled profits achieved during an exchange rate movements. "excellent" 1995. The annual dividend is to The company, carried for raised to FIS a share from F In profits at the Norsegiel OB OF TWO DTO PTIS 12 12 fe increased frem Maria Constocker Statistic

FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY MARCH 1 1996

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A Resident

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

and Europe remains robust

Even the US market is

expected to pick up next

year as digital sales increase

oo the back of new services.

"We are confident our husiness

remains fundamentally

strong." savs Mr Jorma Ollila

Nokia chief executive.

increases last year.

vear forever.

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Nokia says goodbye to the golden days Pricing pressures have hurt the Finnish telecons group, writes Christopher Brown-Humes

wo profits warnings in three months and a 50 per cent collapse in its share price since September suggest the golden days are over at Nokia, after a spectacular three-year run as one of the world's leading high technology stocks.

A.

The latest warning, on Wednesday, confirms that at the very least tha Finnish group has run into a sticky petch. The question is whether it can regain momentum later this year.

The group's difficulties reflect much weaker trends in its mobile telephone division and a disastrous involvement in television set production - a business it now intends to quit. In cellular telephone infrastructure, the company is faring better.

The mobile telephona side has been hit by production bottlenecks and sharp price falls, particularly for the analogue variety. This is because Nokia is doing everything it can to hold up volumes, not just by keeping pace with fast-growing demand, but by building on its current market share. Analysis estimate tha company has increased its share of tha global handsets market to between 23 per cent and 24 per

cent, second only to Motorola margins - exactly the sama of the US. trends as Nokia is experienc-Pricing pressures are particularly acute in the US, where Logistical problems have analogue phones remain domi-nant. US prices dropped by up to 40 per cent last year, with added to Nokia's difficulties. Not only has it had to absorb thousands of new staff, it has particularly steep falls towards suffered from component supthe end of the year. Even in ply problems and overesti-Asia and Europe, where mated demand in some marhigher-margin digital phones kets.

predominate, prices fell hy Both the logistical difficulties and the price pressures between 15 and 25 per cent apply more to mobile phones than to infrastructure. This The problems are not peculiar to Nokia, as the sharp drop . explains the sharp divergence

in Motorola's fourth-quarter 1995 figures indicate. The US group warned of slower sales, falling prices, and a squeeze on

year, it remains cartious, The good news is that the logistical wrinkles should lave been froned out hy mid-ear, while

although petrochemial prices

were difficult to predct, under-

lying demand appeared solid.

"That is why we an positive

about development in this

director, noted that shout two-

thirds of DSM's operating prof-

Mr Loek Lighart finance

market."

businesses will b squeezed this year. Nokia has prediced "significantly lower" prcits in the first half, and athough it expects an apturn ater in the

DSM

Main listing

Historic P/E

Gross yield

Share price relative to the

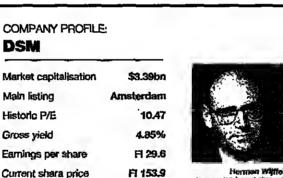
Amsterdam AEX Index

height

through aggressive pricing." Ms Dean notes. strong infrastructure orders Nokia has signalled its will feed through into sales in the second half. The bad news response. Costs will be squeezed and a range of new is that the stroog Finnish phones introduced to maintain markka will hold the company its market position. back, while pricing pressures, It will also focus even more although prohably not as on telecommunications by intense as last year, will perwithdrawing from TVs. Not

only will this avoid another hefty loss from TVs in 1996, Demand for mohile phones remains strong. Forecasts that but management will oo longer the oumber of cellular phone be distracted by trying to turn users will soar to 350m by the the operation around. Once the withdrawal is complete, some 85-90 per cent of Nokia's reveend of 2000, up from 80m last year, have not heen questioned, since they were made nues will derive from its teleearly last year when optimism coms activities. Two years ago, this figure was 60 per cent. about the industry was at its Twelve years ago, it was just

Nokia says growth in Asia 14 per cent.



Herman Wijffe Earnings per share

(FI)

Fokker attracts attention of China By Ronald van de Krol in Amsterdam

and Tony Walker in Belling

The administrators of Fokker, But the company is suggestthe near-bankrupt Dutch airing its growth will be slower. craft maker, have attracted This year, for example, it forethe attention of China. cast a 30 to 45 per cent rise in The Dutch economics minisrevenues for infrastructure and try declined to comment on a 30 to 40 per cent rise for reports that the interested mobile phones, whereas both units achieved 50 per cent party was Aviation Industries of Chioa (Avic), which is responsible for overseeing the manufacture of civilian air-Ms Angela Dean, technology analyst with Morgan Stanley in Loodon, says: "We have to craft io China. However, it said: "The administrators have accept that this company can't reported there is interest from keep growing at 50 per cent a China," bnt declined to give

further details. Just how much growth slows Neither the ministry nor will depend on how quickly Fokker would be drawn on a report in De Telegraaf, a telecoms groups such as Alcatel of France, Siemens of Dutch daily newspaper, that Avic would be sending a dele-gation to Amsterdam in the Germany, and Northern Telecom of Canada can step up their competitive challeoge. next few days. Avic denied These companies will be plans to send representatives looking to gain market share to the Netherlands.

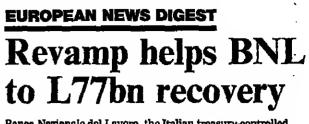
Earlier this week, Samsung of Sonth Korea became the sole credible candidate for acquiring Fokker's assets and bnsinesses, after Canada's Bombardier withdrew from talks with the Dutch government and the company's

administrators. The Chinese and Koreans have been planning to hmild a 100-seat jet with help from a western partner. They have argued, however, over where the jet should be assembled, leading some in the industry to conclude that the two will go their separate ways.

Interest from the Chinese, however, would be more surprising as they are still actively seeking western part-ners for their 100-seat project. Fokker sought protection from creditors in January after its controlling shareholder, Germany's Daimler-Benz Aerospace (Dasa), cut off further financial support.

Mr Hans Wijers, the Dutch economic affairs minister who announced Bombardier's withdrawal on Tuesday, said European competitors had responded more out of curiosity than serious interest. Avic and Samsung have both been deeply involved in negotiations with foreign companies for the manufacture of a

100-seat regional airliner. However, China and Sonth Korea have also been vying to become the site of final assembly for the proposed aircraft. Such a project would involve a significant leap forward for Avic, which would have a stake in an enterprise geared to foreign sales. Among West-ern manufacturers hidding for a share of the project are a European consortium including British Aerospace, Aérospatiale of France, and Alenia of Italy. If Avic proves to be interested in Fokker, this would probably be linked to its ambitions for the 100-seater project.



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مكنامنالأجل

Banca Nazionale del Lavoro, the Italian treasury-controlled bank, raised net profits by 70 per cent to L77bn (\$49.8m) in 1995, reflecting drastic restructuring in 1994. BNL had undergone five difficult years, blamed largely on improper loans to Irao.

The board, under Mr Mario Sarcinelli, chairman, expressed considerable satisfaction" at the results, which will be presented at the bank's annual meeting on April 19. They confirm the trend of firmer profits reported by other Italian banks over the past two weeks, after difficulty in the financial markets in 1994. BNL will restore a dividend on ordinary shares, which are not quoted, equivalent to 2 per cent of nominal share value, and increase the dividend on savings shares from 8 per ceot to 10 per cent.

Total customer deposits rose 4.3 per cent to L122,605bn whila loans were 3.3 per cent higher at L129,672bn. Loans at risk accounted for 2.4 per cent of the total, against 2.8 per cent in 1994. John Simkins, Milan

Hypo-Bank in US fund link-up

Bayerische Hypotheken- und Wechsel-Bank has begun a co-operation deal with Massachusetts Financial services, a US mutual fund company owned by Sun Life of Canada. The move is the latest example of a German bank developing asset management activities. MFS has some \$35bn under management and already co-operates closely with Foreign and Colonial Management, the UK fund manager in which

Hypo-Bank owns 50 per cent. The US move, which does oot involve a financial stake, is still at an early stage, the German bank said. The co-operation will initially cover distribution and marketing, hut both sides intend to sell each other's fund products.

Hypo-Bank said in November that prices being paid for asset management companies were exaggerated. Bayerische Vereinsbank was also then in talks to buy Oppenheimer Group, the US investment bank and fund manager, but these fell through. Dresdner Bank recently bought San Francisco-based RCM Capital Management for \$300m Andrew Fisher, Frankfurt

Jyske posts 10-year best

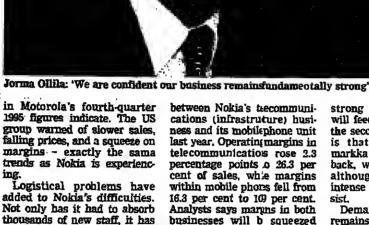
Jyske Bank, the Jutland-based bank which ranks fourth in Denmark by assets, reported an increase in profits before extraordinary items and tax from DKr171m to DKr961m (\$171.1m). Pre-tax profits surged to DKr753m from DKr105m. The bank said it was the best result for 10 years. The board proposed an increase in the dividend from DKr7.2 to DKr8.00 a

In common with other Danish banks last year, the main factor in Jyske's turnround was a gain of DKr490m in the value of the securities portfolio, compared with a loss of DKr402m in 1994. Loss provisions were reduced by DKr9m to DKr382m. The bank said it would budget with an operating profit, excluding valuation gains or losses on the securities portfolio, of between DKr600-750m in 1996 compared with DKr686m in 1995.

For the first time in four years, the hank increased advances, by 12 per cent to DKr29.4hn, while the balance sheet total increased from DKr48bn to DKr51bn. The year-end capital adequacy ratio was 13 per cent and the core capital Hilary Barnes, Copenhagen ratio was 10.7 per cent.

Strong market lifts Norske Skog

Norske Skog, Norway's biggest forestry group, yesterday posted net profits sharply up from NKr206m to NKr1.7bn (\$268.1m). The improvement was only partly because of higher sales, which rose from NKr9.1bn to NKr12.5bn. Operating profits improved from NKr732m to NKr2.5bn. The dividend was raised from NKr1.50 to NKr6. Norske Skog said the increase in profits reflected strong



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its of FI 1.52bn were generated raised to FIS a share from FIG ward last year by surging in 1994 and Fl 1.50 in 1993, tak-prices for its products, posted ing the pay-ont back to the in the first half of the year. ing the pay-ont back to the "This reflects the shap change net profits before extraordi-nary items of Fl 1.07hn (\$655m) compared with Fl 527m in 1994. in the [industry] climate in the level which prevailed from 1989 to 1991. The doubling of 1995 results, This is a record, exceeding the which DSM had provisionally reported in late January, came the peak of the previous busi-. despite a decline in fourthness cycle. "This gives us confidence that, even with fierce interna-tional competition, we will

DSM expects to improve

increase in average selling

prices and an 0.9 per cent

expansion of sales by volume.

The price and volume-driven

rise in turnovar was offset

slightly by the effect of divest-

ments . and unfavourable

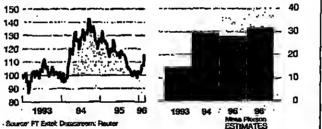
The annual dividend is to be

on record 1995 earnings

quarter profits from Fl 237m in 1994 to Fl 144m. The lower fourth-quarter figure was caused mainly hy price declines for hydrocarbon products such as polyethylene and polypropylene. Prices for base chemicals and other products in 1994. were generally stable. Mr de Bree said that

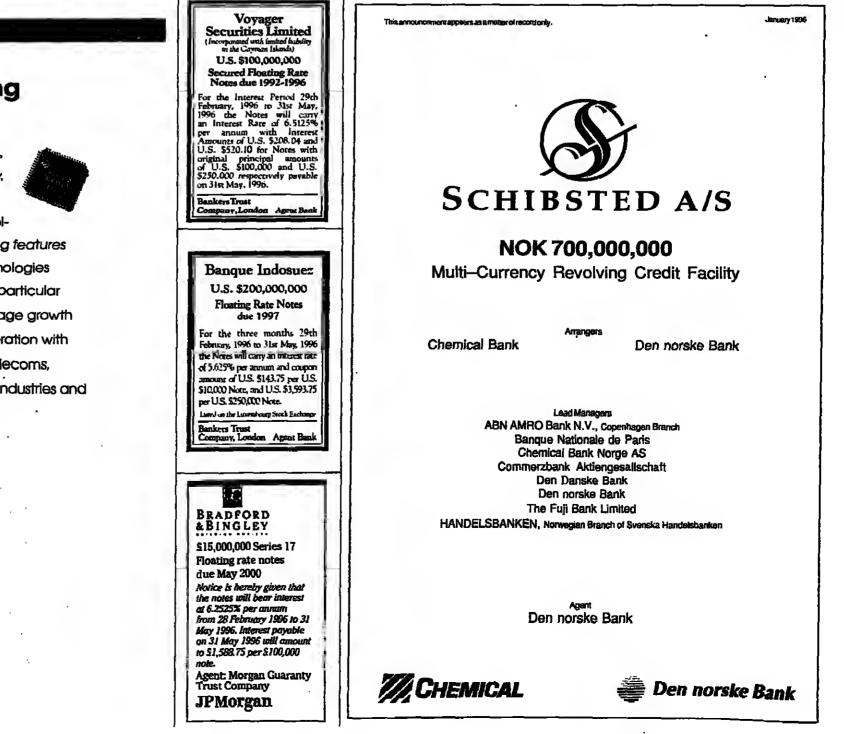
course of the year," le said. For the first quarter of 1996, DSM predicted results would be "clearly higher" tlan in the final quarter of 199, though much lower than the excep-tionally good first-quater profits of last year. The company also said it would boost 1996 investments, excluding any acquistions, to about F1 lbn, compared with

FI 790m last year and FI 450m Selective investmens would



he made to maintain the comtors such as fine chemicals. pany's strong position in base engineering plastics and elastochemicals. But in future DSM mers, reducing the company's would also be increasingly exposure to the swings of the emphasising less cyclical secbusiness cycle.

demand for paper and pulp, strong prices, high production and efficient operations. It said market conditions for newsprint should be comparatively favourable in 1996, while for magazine paper the outlook was somewhat weaker. Continued pressure on prices and reduced capacity utilisation was expected for pulp, it said. No significant changes were expected in its markets for huilding materials, it said. Norske Skog's paper unit reported 1995 operating profit of NKr1.7bn compared with NKr454m a year earlier, with sales of NKr8bn up from NKr5.Sbn. It said prices of newsprint rose by between 15 per cent and 25 per cent for deliveries in the first half of 1995, and by between 18 per cent and 20 per cent for the second half. Production of paper rose 8 per cent to more than 1.9m tons, it said. Sales of its fiber unit rose to NKr2.17bn from NKr1.5bn, and operating profit rose to NKr682m from NKr178m. AFX N AFX News. Oslo



Investing in leading technologies As a manufacturer of microsensors,

Going public in spring 1996

surface acoustic wave technology. systems and integrated circuis, Micronas masters four core technol-

ogies. One of Micronas' outstanding features is its ability to combine these technologies to provide lowest-cost solutions to particular problems. The group's above average growth potential comes from close cooperation with selected major customers in the telecoms, automotive and consumer goods industries and from a clear focus on key marrets.

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and a second state of the second

expansion of new, superstor

formats such as discount stores and so-called "category killers" specialising in certain types of goods. Between 1965

and 1990, square footage rose from 4 sq ft a bead to 18 sq ft a

head - an increase of 450 per

In the latest quarter, even

Last month it warned that

downturn in 25 years as a pub-

lic company: and sure enough,

fourth net income to \$942m.

first quarter," Mr Wilfred Cor-

rigan, chairman and chief exec-

utive of LSI Logic, said. The company said that reve-

nues would be about 10 per

cent below anticipated levels of

24

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

US stores struggle to overcome weak demand

By Richard Tomkins In New York

Retailers are having a rotten time of it in the US: and nowhere has this been more apparent than in their financial results for the fourth quar-

ter to January. At first sight, the figures look good. Top line growth seems to be the order of the day, with most big companies putting on eoviable increases in quarterly reveoues. The tills, one might suppose, were ringing madly over Christmas and the new year.

Madly, perhaps. But the trouble is, they were not ringing very profitably. In fact, cus cent the mighty Wal-Mart Stores, now the world's biggest retailer, showed signs of strain. tomers proved so reluctant to shop that retailers slashed prices to keep goods moving. The result: higher sales, but serious damage to gross mar-gins - and for many compalower-than-expected sales would produce its first profits nies, lower profits, too.

There are several reasons for the company this week reported a 9 per cent fall in the weak demand. Some analysts point to sociological facunlike the 1980s, which

were characterised by consum- erism and greed, the 1990s		US RETAILE	RS ~	FOURTH-QUARTE		5	
have become characterised by conservatism, thrift and value		Revense 1995	(\$bn) 1994	Change on year (%]	Net Income 1995	(Sm) 1994	Change on year (%)
for money. And corporate	Wal-Mart Stores	27.6	24.4	+13		1,030	-9
downsizing bas made people	Sears Roebuck	10.9	10.2	+6.	455	356	+28
worry more about their finan-	J.C. Pennéy	6.6	6.a	· O ·	326	428	-24
cial security.	Home Depot	. 3.8	a.1	+22	185	146	+27
Meanwhile, the retail sector	May Dept. Stores	3.a	3.4	+12	396	275	+6
has become burdened by over-	The Limited	. 2.8	2.5	+8	216	257	-18
capacity because of the rapid	Gap	1.5	.1.2	+26	155	118	

gain on the sale of a 17 per with the downturn spread cent stake in its Intimate across its discount store and membership warehouse divi-Brands subsidiary, which includes the more profitable Bath & Body Works and Victo-J.C. Penney, the department store group, had an even worse ria's Secret stores, among othfourth quarter. Like other ers. Without the gain, net profretailers, the company tried to its would have slumped even drive up sales by cuttiog further, to \$180m.

prices, but the attempt only May Department Stores did slightly better, nudging fourth quarter profits ahead by 6 per resulted in reducing margins, and net profits slumped by 24 per cent to \$326m. The Limited, which has been cent to \$396m. But like several other retailers, it benefited badly hit by poor sales and from a comparison between a beavy price-cutting in women's 14-week quarter this time clothing, reported a 16 per cent fall in net profits to \$216m. But and a 13-week period a year earlier. this figure was flattered by a Further, its figures conve-

niently excluded the poorlyperforming Payless ShoeSource division, due to be spun off in May. With this division included, net profits sank from \$401m to \$365m.

Still, not all the news has been bad. A notable exception to the downward trend is Home Depot, now the biggest US retailer of home improvemeot and do-it-yourself supplies. Sales improved 22 per cent in the fourth quarter and net profits rose even faster, by 27 per cent to \$185m.

But even here, most of growth was attributable to the rapid expansion of a successful

new retailing format: sales at stores that he been open more than a year ise by only 1 per cent,

cent. Perhaps th biggest sparkler has been Sars Roebnck, the biggest US epartmeot store group, which reported a 23 per cent lep in underlying net profits The increase exclude from a revision of the resulted from a revamp of the stores instigled by Mr Arthur Martinez, wo became chair-man and clef executive last August after he spin-off of the group's Alistte Insurance sub-

sidiary. Another mable exception to Anome in the second bas been Gap, the cloning store group, which repord a surprising 30 per cent incluse in net profits to \$155m.

Much of he growth came through nel store openings. but the comany also seems to have the knck of stocking the clothes that cople want to buy - proof that is still possible for good retilers to do well in the US, evo in the current climate.

NEWS DIGEST Nova and Union Carbide in alliance

FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY MARCH 1996

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Nova, the Calgary-based pipeline and chemicals group is to join forces with Union Carbide of the US to build a US30000 ethylene plant at Joffre. Alberta. The plant will add the the of capacity a year to Nova's petrochemical complex at Joffre bringing total capacity to 5.4bn the and making Joffre the world's biggest ethylene manufacturing site. The project due for completion in 2000, will supply markets mainly in North

America and Asia. Ethylene, made from the ethane component of natural sis, is used in the production of polyethylene - the most whele used plastic for consumer goods and packaging. Nova is also used plastic for consumer polyethylene plant at dome back considering building a new polyethylene plant at Joint M-Ted Newall, Nova's chief executive, said economies of state ethane infrastructure, and competitive feedstock costs would make the oew the ethylene plant one of the lowest costs Bernard Simon Boronia facilities in the world.

Toronto-Dominion Bank rises

Improved interest rate margins, securities gains and lower loan losses helped Canada's Toronto-Dominion Bank to 34 per cent rise in first-quarter earnings. Net earnings greate C\$222m (US\$161m), or 70 cents a share, in the three motifs (0 January 31, from C\$179m, or 56 cents, a year earlier. Reting on equity climbed to 15.2 per cent from 13.2 per cent

The bank estimates 1996 loan losses at C\$170m. down from C\$180m last year. One-quarter of the provision, or C\$15m was charged against first-quarter earnings. Non-performing loss stood at C\$212m on Jan 31, less than half the level a year : earlier, and the lowest proportion to total loans in 10 years. Net interest margins widened by 21 basis points to 2.7 per cent, due mainly to tower funding costs. The average margin was 4 basis points higher than the previous three months. Assets grew by 4 per cent to C\$107bn, due entirely to higher cash and securities holdings. Bernard Shnon

Canadian Airlines in the red

Canadian Airlines International posted a final 1995 loss of C\$194.7m (US\$141m), or C\$4.67 a share, after restructuring charges and oce-time costs related to route expansion. In 1994 the airline, minority owned by American Airlines, recorded a restated loss of C\$53.7m, or C\$1.30 a share.

The airline had warned in December it would show a heavy 1995 loss, but now says It has strengthened its cash position and competitiveness. However, it faces competitioo from two low-cost carriers starting up in western Canada.

Operating revenues were C\$3.1bn, up 5.9 per ceot, with strong international traffic gains and a moderate improvement in North America. Operating expenses were stable and the airline's load factor averaged 65.3 per ceot. "We expect significant improvement in 1996 and the restructuring is showing positive results." said Mr Kevin Jenkins, president. Robert Gibbens, Montreal

Mayne Nickless down at midway

Net profits at Mayne Nickless, the Australian transport and medical group, fell 31.6 per cent to A\$50,1m (US\$38,2m) in the half-year to end-December. Mr Ian Wehber, chairman, sald the drop was largely due to higher interest payments, resulting from ceasing to capitalise the interest on an investment in Optus Communications, the private Australian telephooe company, and increasing the investmeot in Optus during the period.

Optus made a A\$7.1m profit in the first half of 1995-96, against a loss of A\$26.4m. Overall sales in the Mayne Nickless group declined 0.2 per ceot to A\$1.48bn, but earnings before interest and tax increased 1.3 per cent to A\$102.1m. Earnings per share slipped to 17.9 cents from 23.7 ceots, and the interim dividend was cut 1 cent to 17 cents. Since July 1995 the group has made a series of divestmeots almed at coocentrating the company oo its core areas of logistics and bealthcare.

In Australian healthcare operations, reveoue increased 57 per cent to A\$227m, almost half of which was due to the purchase of Australian Medical Enterprises.

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LSI Logic warns of drop in revenues AT&T to scrap **Network Notes**

ments," Mr Corrigan said,

been thought.

sions alike.

By Louise Kehoe In San Francisco

LSI Logic, a leading US semiconductor manufacturer, has warned that delayed orders from personal computer manufacturers would result in a drop in revenues and tower than expected income for the first quarter.

The warning is the latest sign of slowing growth in the personal computer market. PC manufacturers ordered excess quantities of cbips io the fourth quarter of 1995 in anticlpation of very strong sales over the Christmas period, analysts said, hut sales did not live up to their expectations.

'The shortfall in reveoues can be traced primarily to push-outs of personal computer-related orders origioally intended for delivery in the

Weaker peso helps Cemex profits double

operating margins.

\$1bn this year.

try hard.

international operations.

Mexico accounted for only 37

per cent of sales, while produc-

tion in Spain, Venezuela, and

the US becetited from rising

The company registered an 8

per ceot increase in total liabil-

Itles to 35.6bn pesos, 25 per

ceot of which is sbort-term

By Daniel Dombey In Mexico City

Cemex, Mexico's biggest cement company and the fourth largest in the world, recorded stroog increases in profits and sales last year.

Net income more than douhled to 5.9hn pesos (\$781m), helped by the fact that as Mexico's curreocy feli, the peso

about \$350m in the first quarter, which eods on March 31. Earnings are expected to be in the range of 32 cents to 35 ceots a share. Wall Street analysts bad been anticipating earnings of about 46 cents.

LSI Logic's sbares dropped sharply oo the news to trade at \$27% in mid-session yesterday, dowo \$3%. Shares of other down. semiconductor manufacturers. PC manufacturers and suppliers of semicooductor production equipmeot were also hit.

that of Micron Technology, another US chip maker, which said earlier this week that its fourth-quarter earnings would "Aside from weakness in the oot meet analysts' estimates. personal computer segment. Mr Michael Brown, chief

financial officer of Microsoft, we are not seeing signs of said be expected the US softorder pusb-outs or caocellations in our other market segware group to spend \$1.5bo on

ceot, while operating margins

also declined. However, sales

for the fourth quarter were 14

per ceot higher than during

the third - proof, the company said, that the market had bot-

tomed out in the first half of

Apasco, Mexico's secood-

the fiscal year ending June He acknowledged, however, 1997. compared with about \$1bn in the current that the company had expected the PC industry to have fiscal year. Reoter reports from Seattle. Microsoft spent worked through excess chip invectories by now, and LST's profit warning raised concerns about \$860m on R&D in fiscal that the problem is more severe than had previously 1995 Mr Brown said the increase

research and development in

in R&D spending was needed Some analysts sald excess in part to take advantage of semiconductor production new opportunities in the capacity might become a prob-tem if orders from the PC emerging Internet markets. Microsoft and American

Express unit American Express Travel Related Sarindustry continued to slow LSI's announcement follows vices have signed a licensing agreement for software allowing secure payments on the Internet, AFX reports from New York. Online transactions with any American Express charge or credit card will use Microsoft's version of the secure electronic transactions protocol, the companies said.

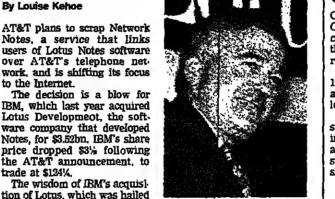
work, and is shifting its focus to the Internet. The decision is a blow for IBM, which last year acquired Lotus Development, the software company that developed Notes, for \$3.52bn, IBM's share price dropped \$3% following the AT&T announcement, to

By Louise Kehoe

trade at \$12414, The wisdom of IBM's acquis! tion of Lotus, which was hailed as a hold move by Mr Lon Gerstner, IBM chairman, to propel IBM into "network-centric" computing, now looks less certain, analysts said.

The AT&T service, launched ast August, was designed to enable companies to use Lotus Notes to form "electronic com-munities" which take in in get income to 87m pesos for their customers, suppliers the year as a whole, a 75 per and employees who could theo exchange electronic mail and work collaboratively Analysts played down recent over AT&T's telephone network.

statements hy Mexico's presi-deot Mr Ernesto Zedillo that the country's administratioo The rising popularity of the would fight to reduce or Internet, which can be used to eliminate anti-dumping duties provide similar functions, had largest producer, in which the . that constrain companies overtaken Notes, AT&T said. "AT&T Network Notes was



Lon Gerster, IBM chief had \$3.5bn Lous buy as bold move meots on internet-based elec-

tronic connerce. The moje comes as IBM and Lotus are struggling to adapt. Notes to be Internet.

'AT&T' decisioo is consist-ent with Lotus's strategy to integrate Notes and the Interoet," sail Mr Larry Moore, Lotus senor vice-president.

Howeve, it is not yet clear what roll proprietary work group software such as Loius Notes might play on the Interoet, when software based oo industrywide staodards prevails,

Lloyds Bank

to close NY

The bank, which bas

not a senificant force in the

US mariet and no longer had

any reson to operate physi-cally in New York. Customer

foreign achange requirements

Lloyd abot its Tokyo trea-

operations

AT&T'sdecision raises ques-

value of overseas operations rose. Cash flow increased by 14 per cent to 6.3bn pesos. The group lifted net reveoues to 19.8bo pesos for 1995, a 23 per cent increase oo 1994. largely due to the company'a

debt, and 85 per cent is denom-inated in dollars. However, it decline by 28 per ceot for the expects operating cash flow of year to 3.6bn pesos, though The Mexican ecooomy fourth-quarter sales increased by 18 per cent compared with the third quarter, and market slumped by 7 per cent in 1995. hitting the construction indusshare improved. Cemex's sales fell 27 per Apasco recorded a sharp fall

the year.

Swiss company Holderbank from exporting to the US has a majority stake, saw sales directly from their Mexican operations.

cent declina oo 1994.

"In an election year, you are not going to have US Congressmen acting to reduce duties on Mexican concrete," said Mr Roberto Carrillo, an analyst at | out the service by mid-year, ING Barings.

Unibanco tops forecast

designed as a proprietary oettions about the future of other work and the market has Notes-basid services, including shifted to the Internet," said IBM's Nites service oo its Ms Kathleen Earley, vice-presi-Global Ntwork. Several other dent of AT&T EasyCommerce companie plan to offer similar Services. AT&T would phase Notes sevices, but analysts said ATLT's decisioo could sbe said, and focus its investaffect sum plans.

Bethan Hutton, Sudney

Renison improves in first half

Australia based Renison Gold Fields, which hived its goldmining interests off into the listed Goldfields group last year hut retains a 55.6 per cent interest in the company, gesterday announced an after-tax profit of A\$33.7m (US\$25.7m) for the half-year to end-December. This compared with A\$20.8m in the same period of 1994-95. Operating revenues rose from A\$312.1m to A\$477.7m, and basic earnings per share increased from 10.4 cents to 16.6 cents.

Much of the upturn was doe to a stronger performance by Renison's mineral sands interest, which cootributed A\$39.8m in pre-tax operating profits, compared with just A\$14.8m last time.

Renison also said it would develop the Old Hickory mineral sands resource in Virginia, in the US. The cost will be A\$53m. and production should be available for sale by October 1997. Nikki Tait. Sudney

Canadian oil group advances

Canadian Occidental Petroleum lifted 1995 net profits to C\$141m (US\$107.5m), or \$2.10 a share, up from \$96m, or \$1.44. in 1994, after benefiting from strong gains in oil ontput, dramatic growth in chemicals and strict cost controls.

Reveoues were ahead from C\$1bn to C\$1.2bn. Net oil output averaged 134.000 b/d, up from 119,000 b/d, with most of the gain coming from the Masila field in the Yemen.

Capital spending will reach C\$500m in 1996, up from C\$474m in 1994, aimed at increasing Yemen production and boosting reserves in North America, the North Sea. Vietnam, Indonesia Nigeria and Kazakhstan. Robert Gibbens

Trilon ahead to C\$88m for year

Trilon, the financial services arm of Torooto's Hees-Edper group, posted 1995 net profits of C\$88m (US\$64m), or 36 cents a share, up 52 per cent from \$58m, or 25 cents in, 1994. Revenues advanced to \$5.67bn, a 13 per cent rise. London Insurance, the biggest unit, performed well and the commercial leading and property subsidiaries recorded improvements. Robert Gibbens

ARROW VENTURES N.V.

NOTICE OF REPURCHASE OF SHARES

On behalf of the Board of Supervisory Directors of Arrow Ventures N.V. (the "Company"), we are pleased in provide you with notice of an offer by the Company to repurchase up to 256,880 of the Company's 1,858,359 outstanding shares of one U.S. cent par value each (the "Offer"). The Offer is open to all holders of shares of the Company registered in the Register of Shareholders of the Company at 12 noon on February 20. 1996 (the "Record Date").

The redemption of shares hy the Company will follow an aggregate distribution of \$ 7.0 million by Arrow Partners C.V. to its partners, including \$ 5.6 million in Arrow Ventures N.V. Strengthened market conditions, specifically in the hiotechnology sector, have facilitated the realization of additional liquidity from the partnership's quoted portfolio in recent weeks. The Investment Advisor has determined the amount of the distribution to be prudent given the partnership's current liquidity, and intends to make future distributions with available funds.

Pursuant to the Offer, the Company offers in repurchase a maximum of 256,880 shares at a price of U.S.\$ 21.80 per share (the "Purchase Price") payable in cash. The Purchase Price represents the unaudited net asset value per share of the Company as at January 31, 1996.

If you desire to necept this Offer, you should lodge with Caribbean Management Company N.V. ("Caribbean") at 14 John B. Gorstraweg, P.O. Box 3889, Willemstad, Curaçao, Netherlands Antilles, share certificates representing your shares of the Company and you should indicate the number of shares tendered by you for repurchase by the Company. Said share certificates must be received by Caribbean on or before 12 noon (local time) on March 20, 1996, If more than 256,880 shares are validly tendered by the shareholders, Arrow Ventures N.V. shall repurchase 256.880 on a pro rata basis according in the aggregate number nf shares validly tendered by each shareholder. If fewer than 256,880 shares are validly tendered by the shareholders. Arrow Ventures N.V. shall repurchase all shares tendered.

The repurchase price payable by the Company in respect of such repurchased sbares will be paid hy check drawn on the Company and made payable to you or your order posted at your risk together with a receipt and the halance of your share certificates to your address recorded in the Register of Shareholders not later than March 27, 1996.

Since Arrow Ventures N.V. is currently in its wind down state, it is the apinion of the Investment Advisor that all shareholders should participate in redemptions as they occur, as they are the means by which realization of profit and repayment of capital are achieved.

You should ascertain from your professional advisors the consequences to you of accepting this Offer under the relevant taws of jurisdiction to which you are subject, including the tax consequences and exchange entrol requirements, if any,

February 28, 1996

CARIBBEAN MANAGEMENT COMPANY N.V. Managing Director of Arrow Ventures N.V.

By Angus Foster in São Paulo drupled to R\$651.3 as Brazil's economy slowed and the cen-tral bank tightened credit. Uni-Unibanco one of Brazil's banco said the assets acquired largest private sector banks following its takeover last year of troubled rival Banco Nacional, bas announced higher than expected net profits, helped by a lower tax charge. Unibanco reported net prof-

lts of R\$154.6m (US\$157.2m) in the year to December 31, against R\$147.4m in 1994. Analysts cautioned that comparing the periods was difficult because of the Nacional takeover aod because Brazil

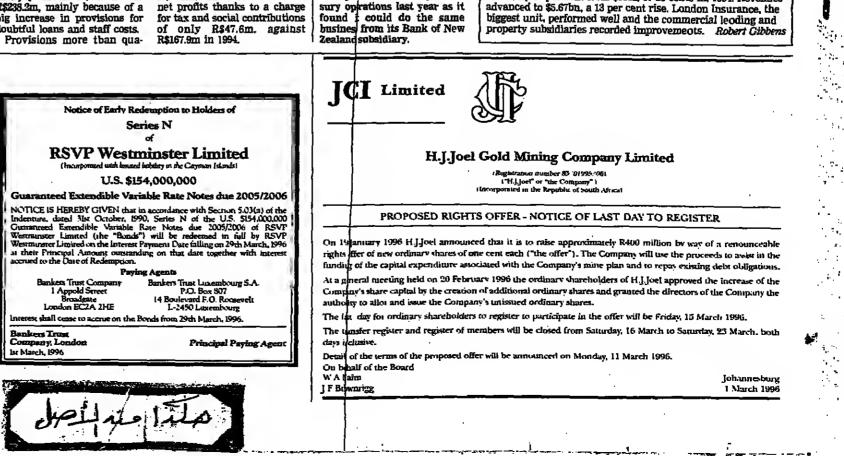
switched curreocies in 1994. leading to a sharp fall in inflation. Unibanco took control of Nacional in mid-November, so

the takeover bad little effect on the expanded bank's operating results. Operating profits feli sharply from R\$341.1m to R\$238.2m, mainly because of a big increase in provisions for doubtful loans and staff costs.

with Nacional had been By George Graham, accounted for under Uniban-Banking Correspondent co's doubtful credit policies, Lloyds Hank is to close lts New which are conservative. York trasury operations and The Nacional deal has come under scrutiny this week after abift the remaining foreign allegations that Nacional's balexchang business to London. ance sheets was misrepresented for many years. The steadily pared back its international operations, will balt central hank admitted it was investigating a possible fraud. foreign exchange trading in New Yok immediately. In all, 50 US saff will be let go from The controversy which has further undermined the credithe treatury operation. Lloyd said the bank was bility of the bank's reported results, may not damage Uni-

banco since it only took control of Nacional's choicest assets, leaving most of the bad debts with the central governmeot.

will be covered by Lloyds' Despite a sharp fall in operating profits from R\$341m to night triding desk in London. R\$238m, Unibanco increased net profits thanks to a charge for tax and social contributions of only R\$47.6m. against R\$167.9m in 1994.



INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels ahead

By Louise Lucas in Hong Kong

Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels, the hotels and property company controlled by the Kadoorie family, yesterday reported a 27 per cent rise in net profits for calendar 1995, from HK\$512m (US\$66m) in 1994 to HK\$652m, comfortably meeting market expectations. Operating profits were up 51

per cent, from HK\$636m to HK\$962m last year.

a medium-sized Japanese money lender flushed out the

bad loan problems facing the

The non-bank problem has

come under scrutiny after

Wednesday's announcement

that Equino, a Tokyo-based money lender, had filed for court protection with debts of

The move triggered fears

that the country's bad debt

problem would continue

beyond the resolution of the

problems of the *jusen*, or hous-ing loan companies, which face

imminent liquidation under a

The extent of the non-bank

problem is believed to be far

Y310.6bn (\$2.97bn).

government plan.

country's non-bank lenders.

The hotels business was the main driving force behind the rise, after the renovation of the company's flagship luxury Peninsula hotel in Hong Kong. The hotel's new tower extension was completed last year, and work which had restricted occupancy in 1994 came to an end

Mr Michael Kadooria, chairman, said the revamp of The Peninsula, together with that of The Peninsula Manila and

The Kowloon Hotel, also in end of 1997, and a golf club. A Hong Kong, marked the residential complex to be group'a strategy of enhancing existing products. The second leg of that strategy, controlled expansioo. was exemplified by hotel and property joint-ventures in Vietnam

The company made a provision of HK\$80m against its Thai investments, which include Tha Peninsula Bang-

attached to the latter has been delayed because of the economic downturn.

Mr Gordon Crosbie-Walsh analyst with Schroders Securities Asia, said the hotels' operating profit increased 84 per cent to HK\$505m, largely as a result of the larger contribution from the Hong Kong Peninsula's 229 rooms and nine He forecast cents.

another strong performance this year, and was looking for ao attributable profit of HK\$850m, exempting any provisions which may be made **Earnings** per share rose 27 per cent, from 47 cents in 1994 to 60 cents last year. Directors are recommending a final dividend of 22 cents a share, giving a full year distribution of 30 cents compared with 1994's 24

HK & Shanghai Hotels Share price relative to the Hang Seng Index 105 1995 96

liquidation of the non-bank

Source: FT Exte

lenders.

Write-off holds **Teva to 11%** advance for year

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By Avi Machlis in Jerusalem

Teva Pharmaceuticals, Israel's biggest pharmaceutical products manufacturer, yesterday reported an 11 per cent increase in net income last year, from \$71.6m in 1994 to \$79.8m. Earnings per share rose from \$1.32 per American Depositary Receipt to \$1.46.

Teva, which derives most of its income from manufacturing generic drugs, is awaiting US Food and Drug Administration approval of its first innovative drug. Copaxone, a treatment for multiple sclerosis. Approval, which may come as soon as next month, could mean a big boost to the compa-

If bankruptcies of the ov's income non-hank lenders continue, the Teva, the most heavily country's banks may be unable traded Israeli company on Wall to realise the profit recovery Street, said the annual results which had been expected to included a one-time write-off of a \$4m deht to Israel's General hannen in two to three years. Mr Waterhouse at James Capel Health Fund. Full-year net income before does not expect a recovery for the write-off totalled \$83.8m, an

at least another five years because of banks' exposure to increase of 17 per cent. the non-bank sector "It will Fourth-quarter net income. very painful and a long and at \$23.8m before the write-off. was 25 per cent higher than drawn-out process," be says.

the year-ago figure: after the Emiko Terazono write-off, net income of \$19.8m

represented a 5 per cept increase. Fourth-quarter earnings per ADR increased 2 ceots to 36 cents. Revenues in the quarter rose

25

from \$160.6m in 1994 to \$192.9m in 1995 – a 20 per cent advance - and annual revenues were up 14 per cent from \$587.7m to \$667.7m.

ICI SpA, an Italian bulk pharmaceutical manufacturer, and Biogal Pharmaceutical Works, of Hungary, botb pur-chased by Teva during the fourth quarter of 1995, cootributed \$11m to the Israeli company's revenues for the three mooths.

Teva - which is traded both oo the Nasdaq exchange in New York and on the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange - last year received 12 approvals for new generic drugs, as well as filing final documentation with the FDA for Copaxone. In December, Teva announced agreement with Heechst Marioo Roussel, the US-based drugs arm of Germany's Hoechst, to distribute Conaxone in Europe and other markets.

Teva shares slipped 0.5 per cent io Tel Aviv vesterday. from Shk1,338.26 to Shk1.331.57.

Suffering set to drag on for Japan's financial system

nxiety over the stabil-lty of Japan's financial Equion bankruptcy suggests the jusen could take non-banks with them system has heightene this week as the liquidation of

larger than that of the jusen, related lending. It was hit by the sharp decline in real estate which are saddled with bad loans of at least Y6,400bn and values at the start of this are virtually bankrupt. decade, and 90 per cent of its According to a survey by the

loans were had. ministry of finance, loana Hence, although the ministry extended by 278 leading non-bank lenders totalled of finance last week announced that bad debts beld by banks Y55,800bn as of March 1995. Of related to non-bank lenders totalled Y7.000bn, most anatbese 42 per ceot were extended to other non-banks, lysts estimate the banks' expo-36.5 per cent to real estate comsure to the non-bank sector panies and 3.7 per cent to conbetween Y80,000bn and Y100.000bn and expect a far larger figure for the bad loan This indicates that the nonbank lenders had more than figure to the sector. Y22,000bn in property-related "People are starting to real-

ise that the jusen problem was It is likely that the bulk of the tip of the lceberg. The these loans have turned bad, main concern is whether the ministry of finance knows the

James Capel in Tokyo.

non-banks

non-banks," says Mr Brian Waterhouse, finance analyst at

he irony may be that the problems at the noobanks are likely to be partly induced by the government's controversial jusen liquidation scheme, expected to be approved in parliamentary committee next week aod involving the injection of Y685bo in public mooey. This because companies that borrowed from the juseo have also borrowed beavily from the

The "worst case scenario" circulating among the financial community is that the jusen liquidation will precipitate a

The larger banks have already started to write off spate of bankruptcies of their their debts to non-banks. Aside borrowers, who have relied on the jusen for funds. This in from Y3,700bn in jusen losses. the country's top 21 banks are turn will hit the other crediexpected to write off Y4,700bn tors, including the non-bank in losses to noo-bank financial

financial institutions. While some financial institutions. analysts believe such views are unduly alarmist, they agree that the effect of the non-banks' exposure on the banks' profits will be severe and will also drag on. "It will be a long and winding road. says Mr James Fiorillo at ING Barings in Tokyo.

The ministry of finance declared duriog а parliamentary committee session this mooth that, unlike in the case of the jusen, poblic funds will not be used for the

considering that Equion collapsed because of property extent of the problems at the Acacia in A\$87m bid

By Nikki Tait in Sydney

Acacia Resources, the Australian goldminer floated off by Shell Australia in 1994, yesterday made an all-share offer for Solomon Pacific Resources.

listed mining company.

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for Solomon Resources opportunistic" and urged

lending.

The 1-for-6 share swap bid values the smaller goldminer at about A\$87m (US\$66.4m). Acacia also said it had acquired an option over an 18.9 per cent interest in Solomon. Reefs open-pit goldmine.

struction companies.

announced an after-tax profit of A\$22.1m in the year to end-December, up from A\$20.3m

This advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of London Stock, Exchange Limited ("the London Stock Exchange"). Applications have been made to the London Stock Exchange for the New Stock to be issued pursuant to the Placing and Open Offer and any New Shares issued pursuant to the Cash Exit Facility to be adminted to the

shareholders to take no action, pending further advice. Acacia, formed in late-1994 when Shell moved its gold assets into the new company and floated 100 per cent of Acacia shares on the stock market, indicated it was particularly interested in Solomon's Brocks Creek project in the Northern Territory. This lies just 50km from Acacia's existing Union

which is currently held by Cli-The bid came as Acacia max Mining, another small Solomon dismissed the offer as unsolicited and "highly last time.

Aon Group is the new name for Rollins Hudig Hall Group



and Indonesia. kok, due to open toward the reatauranta. against the Thai operations.

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THE FIRST SPANISH

of np to 18,000,000 units of 3.5 per cent. (gross) convertible subordinated unsecured loan stock 2007 in units of 90p

Appointment of new investment manager

Change of investment policy

Acquisition of new portfolio of securities Change of name to

Australian Opportunities Investment Trust PLC

Cash Exit Facility

A prospectus relating to The First Spanish Investment Trust PLC (the "Company") dated 29 February 1996 (the "Prospectus") has been published which contains full details of the Company, the Proposals and the New Subordinated Stock. The Prospectus is available from SBC Warburg, 1 Finsbury Avenue, London EC2M 2PP on weekdays during normal office hours until 14 March 1996.

Words and expressions defined in the Prospectus have the in this advertise

This advertisement does not constitute an offer or invitation person to subscribe for or purchase securities of the Company. 1 March 1996

DIVIDEND NOTICE MIWON CO., LTD. PLACER DOME NC. ormed in the Republic of Korea with limited liability) Notice is hereby given that NOTICE a regular quarterly to the holders of the dividend, being Dividend outstanding No. 35 of seven and one-U.S. \$30,000,000 half cents (71/4) U.S. per Common Share, has been a per cent. Convertible Bonds Due 2005 declared payeble on March 25, 1996 to Miwon Co., Ltd. (de "Bonds" and the "Company" respectively) shareholders of record at the close of business on NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN March 8, 1996. to the holders of the Bonds that the Board of Directors of Shareholders with adthe Company has passed a resolution on 15th December dresses in Canade will be paid the equivelent 1995 authorizing the issue of 183,645 shares of its common stock to holders of its common amount in Canadian currency, converted et stock and preferred stock by way of dividend. The record date for an exchange rate in effact es et the record such issue was 31st December, 1995. The share dividend will be submitted for approval to the General Meeting of Sharedate BY ORDER OF THE olders of the Company 28th February, 1996. BOARD A further notice will be given to Sandy Mackay-Smith the holders of the Bonds of any Vice-President, esulting adjustment to the Convention Price in relation Secretary and the Bonds. General Counsel

ebruary 23, 1996

tanken Trust Cos at March, 1996

INVESTMENT TRUST PLC

Aon Corporation announces that its insurance brokerage and consulting business, one of the world's leading and fastest growing, is changing its name from Rollins Hudig Hall Group to Aon Group.

By branding this business with the Aon name, we are emphasizing that Aon Group's network of companies works interdependently to address the risk management needs of its clients.

Aon is now the only name you need to know for innovative insurance solutions anywhere in the world.

Aon Corporation

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COMPANY NEWS: UK

Deborah Hargreaves on Mobil and BP's European joint venture

Acknowledgement of consolidation Green shadow on the forecourts case fans takeover speculation

£20m provision limits Willis **Corroon rise**

By Ralph Atkins, urance Corres

Willis Corroon, the insurance broker, fanned takeover speculation yesterday by acknowledging there might be a case for consolidation in the sector, as it unveiled 1995 results spoilt by a £20m provision for past underwriting activities. Pre-tax profits on continuing

operations before exceptionals reached £79m (\$122m), against £57.4m last time. But Willis took provision of £16.6m in 1995 for costs associated with surplus properties on long leases.

The underwriting provision was for administering claims from Sovereign, a London insurance market operation which Willis closed in 1991. The group said that "running off" the business was taking longer than the 15 years originally expected and the £20m provision would cover expenses for a further 20 years. up until 2025.

Operating expenses fell 2 per cent as Willis implemented, on target, a restructuring pro-gramme launched in 1994 for which a £49.1m exceptional was taken last time. Annual costs have been cut by £38.5m and beadcount by 1,142 to 10,290. But Mr John Reeve, Willis' new executive chairman.

said a further strategic review was underway to assess cli-ents' needs and where value could be added by brokers. He said the outlook "remains difficult" amid increased competition, changing demands from industrial clients and fierce premium rate cutting. Last week Mr Sax Riley.

chief executive of rival broker Sedgwick, said there were six main international brokers but "the cake can really accommoventure will have the same date three or four".

green presentation," said Mr Rolf Stomberg, head of BP Oil. It is likely to cost up to \$200m In reply, Mr Reeve said: "We are watching the situation closely. We're not ruling any-(£129.5m) and take up to two years to transform the Mobil thing in or anything out." But, he added, any decisions taken by Willis - which is not stations. thought to have received or made any approaches - would company in Europe with 12 per cent of the market - just behind Royal Dutch/Shell's 12.3 be based on whether there were useful potential econo-

mies of scale. "Big-ness for the sake of being big is not a criteria for

us," he said. The 1995 results showed tries, the partnership will be the dominant player. operating revenues stable at £714m as higher investment and Mobil between 16 and 17 per cent of the UK market -rivalling the 17 per cent share income and new business offset the effects of competition. Earnings per sbare were 7p (nil) and the group announced of Exxon, the biggest player. This will strengthen their hand in the recent UK price war, an unchanged first quarter dividend of 1.65p. which many in the City believe Forecast pre-tax profits for triggered the partnership's for-

this year are £90m for a promation. In France, which Mr Stomspective multiple of about 11.



"The customer will see a uni-form offer: all sites in the joint John Browne (left) and Lon Noto: aiming to expand into central and eastern Europe

tion in the businesses, 25 per berg describes as the most competitive fuels market in Europe, the joint venture will cent by synergies between the marketing and distribution have 8-9 per cent of the market operations and 15 per cent - just behind the two large from economies of scale, such French companies. Similarly, as procurement. in Germany and Spain, market

Both companies have made large strides to try and trim shares will be around 9 to 10 capacity and improve profit-ability in their European refin-ing operations in recent per cent - excluding Mobil's interest in the Aral joint ven-Mr John Browne, BP chief months. Mobil said it had executive, said the companies would build on their position stripped out \$200m in costs last year by closing its Worth refito expand into central and nery in Germany and rationaleastern Europe and to make ising two smaller refineries in the most of many of their the UK and France. BP closed part of its refinery in the Netherlands and said another prime real estate sites. Both companies expect to make significant cost savings and could was for sale last month.

The companies said their beat the target of aunual savings of \$400m to \$500m in partnership could not go ahead without these cuts, which would all proceed as planned. three years. Mr Browne said the savings would be in three areas: 60 per Bot the European refinery cent from eliminating duplicasector remains dogged by over-

capacity - Mobil has estimated that closures address only half of the current 800,000 to 900,000 barrels a day surplus and analysts describe European refi-

nery margins as "abysmal." Mr John Toalster, oil industry analyst at Societé Générale Strauss Turnbull, was sceptical yesterday about the partner-ship's ability to deliver significant cost savings. "It looks like a number of years before there. is any financial benefit at all and then it only looks like savings on head office staff." The companies were sensi-tive to criticism that partner-ships bad foundered in the past "We have decided not to nit pick or let egos get in the way of this working. We don't want to be reduced to playing silly games between partners, Mr Lon Noto, chairman and chief executive of Mobil, said.

DIGEST **Motor components** shake-out seen

Mr George Simpson, chief executive of Lucas Industries. yesterday predicted a shake-out in the motor components -industry as car manufacturers moved increasingly to single industry as car manufacturers moved increasingly to single source suppliers. Speaking at the Society of Automotive Engineers conference in Detroit, ha said the sector was facing a period of enforced rationalisation. "There will be a major consolidation as companies seek strategic alignments or mergers. We might have no more than 15 to 20 global tier one suppliers by 2010." He was commenting after news amorged in Francisco

He was commenting after news emerged in France that Cerus, the French bolding company of Italian industrialist Mr Cerus, the French bolding company of tunian industrialist Mr Carlo De Benedetti, was seeking a buyer for its 28 per cent stake in Valeo, the Paris-based components group. The Burt

Hanson unit raises \$780m

Surburban Propane Partners, the Hanson subsidiary, has Surburban Propane Parties, the funded substant, first raised \$780m in an initial public offering of 64 per cent of the business and a placement of senior notes. Suburban fashed 18.8m shares at \$20.50 each, and \$425m of senior notes. The proceeds will be used to cnt debt. The business, one of the disposals identified by Harson in the demonstratement of the disposals identified by Harson in

Its demerger programme, has about 6 per cent of the US retail

propane gas market. The public offer closes on March 5. The senior notes, which have a 7.54 per cent fixed coupon and a 15-year final maturity, have been placed privately by Smith Barney, Lehman Brothers and Paine Webber.

Guinness in Chinese move

Guinness confirmed yesterday that it was talking with China's largest distiller about a whisky-making joint venture in the country. Macdonald Martin, best known for its Gleunarangie malt whisky, is one of the few already involved but its focus initially is on helping its Chinese partner improve the quality of its local products.

In China, Yibin Wuliangye Distillery said it was close to concluding a deal with Guinness on a Yn1.3bn (\$154m) joint venture. Whisky would be made from local grains with the help of Guinness expertise and finance. Roderick Orm

TransAtlantic seeks buys

A £110m gain on the disposal of its 50 per cent stake in Sun. Life helped TransAtlantic, the financial services and property group, more than double pre-tax profits from £90.1m to 203.7m in 1995.

Underlying profits improved by 9 per cent from £86m to £93.6m.

The group recently acquired a 70 per cent holding in Portfolio Fund Management, a unit trust group, and is about to launch a Jersey-based asset management and life insurance business. It also bas £548m casb and intends to acquire a life insurance business.

We are keeping very close to perhaps six companies or mutuals in the UK and a similar number in the US," said Mr Gordon. "The prices being asked are a hit exotic at present but Simon London we have patience.

US boost for Quarto

Quarto Group said that buoyant US sales and strong improvements in European performance helped offset the depressed UK market and raise pre-tax profit for 1995 from £6.28m to £7.01m.

Quarto is buying Walter Foster Publishing for \$5m. The California publisher of popularly-priced art instruction manuals recorded sales of \$5.43m last year. It is expected to be only slightly earnings enhancing this year.

Thistle Hotels float plans denied Thistle Hotels, the former Mount Charlotte investments, saw

pre-tax profits jump 50 per cent to £34.8m in 1995. There has been widespread speculation that the group, which is 70 per cent owned by Brierley investments, would be floated this year. But Mr Robert Peel, chief executive, said yesterday that he had no knowledge of any plans to come to the market.

Newman Tonks in US buy

By Simon Kuper

Newman Tonks Gronp, Europe's largest architectural bardware company, is to bny Republic Industries, a private US doormaker, for \$45.5m. The price is more than double Republic's net asset value.

Republic makes automatic doors and door bardware under the Dor-O-Matic tradename. Its adjusted pre-tax profits for 1994 were \$5.1m on sales of \$43.7m. Net cash was abont \$3m in December 1995.

The acquisition, the gronp's largest in recent years, will be financed by debt and will take Newman Tonks' gearing to 80 MT

SmithKline to cut out duplication By Daniel Green

implemented by 1998.

France, Gronau in Germany, and Rome, Italy. Another plant, in Zaragoza, Spain, has SmlthKline Beecham, the Anglo-US pharmaceuticals already been sold. company, is to shnt or sell

Three further plants will be reduced in size: Crawley, south of London, Heppignies in Bel-gium and Baranzate in Milan. more than 10 per cent of its manufacturing sites and shed 400 jobs in a restructuring triggered by acquisitions in 1994. A plant in Dungarvan, County Eight sites in six countries Waterford in Ireland. acquired are affected. A further two with Sterling, will be expanded plants will grow in size. The losses, out of a total workforce as will another plant in Worth-

ing, Sussex. The net effect will be to of 50,000, are expected to be reduce the number of manufac-turing sites from 73, before the The closures follow others in Singapore and Puerto Rico. Singapore and Puerto Rico clo-Most have come about because sures, to about 60. the \$2.9bn acquisition of Sterling Health, from Eastman

SmithKline said that the aim of the changes was "to improve

The partnership creates the

second largest oil marketing

per cent and ahead of Exxon's 10.1 per cent, in many coun-

Combined assets will give BP

T&N extends options over stake in Kolbenschmidt

By Tim Burt

ture.

T&N, the motor components and specialist engineering gronp, yesterday realfirmed its interest in acquiring Kol-benschmtdt hy extending options over a 49.99 per cent stake in the German pistous manufacturer.

Although the German cartel office has rejected the pro-posed takeover, T&N decided to extend its options - first acquired in September 1994 while it explores other ways of extending its presence in the European pistons market. The UK company is pursuing

Lasmo returns to black with £34m

By Patrick Harverson

Higher oil prices and lower costs have helped a revitalised Lasmo, the UK's largest independent oil explorer, back into the black for the first time since 1990. Pre-tax profits in 1995 were

£34m, against a £3m loss a year earlier after charges. However, revenues were slightly lower at £637m (£648m) following the sale of mature higher-cost assets, which offset a rise in the average oil price to \$17.09

(£11) per barrel (\$15.96). Mr Joe Darby, chief execu-tive, said: "We're delivering on our promises and doing the right things to add shareholder value." He did not expect

Lasmo, which fought off a bid from Enterprise Oil in 1994, to he the subject of a takeover bid. despite recent speculation. Particularly encouraging was the rise in the reserve potential of Algerian interests to 1.5bn barrels. Lasmo has booked 82m barrels as its share of the field's gross commercial reserves of 815m barrels.

barrel in 1997.

Unit operating costs fell from £3.41 to £3.17 per barrel, and the company said it was on target to cut costs to £3 per

The company's drive to become a low-cost producer hy selling older oil fields and introducing more rigorous cost controls continued to pay off.

r cent. Mr Nick Keegan, Kodak created "duplicate man- nance director, said the ufacturing facilities in many		three courses in trying to secure either control or strate-	value." He did not expect	t		1					
"below 50 per cent" by sell- The majority of closures had	rather than to reduce the num- bers employed.	gic interest in Kolbenschmidt: It is appealing against the car-	RESULTS						Dividende		
g profitable bnt non-core now been finalised and made terests. Bnt be said be expec- no disposals for "at least Four plants will be sold or	try is in a period of deep	tel office ruling; discussing a possible joint venture with the German group; and consider-		Tarnomir (Bin)	Pro-fax profit (Em)	BPS (p)	Carrent payment, (p)	Date of payment	Dividencia Commparating dividend	Total for year	Total last year
six months". closed: Dijon and Pessac in		ing an approach to takeover , anthorities at the Enropean	Belivinch	* 5,741 (7,15)	3) 234♠ (208♥)))1.7♠ (14.7♥)	3.4L (1.4) 27.4 (30.4) 3.04† (4.26)	7.5 1.1	Jume 3 Apr 9	0.2 6 1	12.5 1.95	0.2 10 1.75
- Carrefour		Commission. Sir Colin Hope, chairman, said be was bopeful that the	Cauntab Pharme Yr to Dec City Site Este Yr to Sept Countygien 4 6 mits to Oct	30 10.50 (10.20 31 nd (-)	□ 1 0.902 (2.07)) 0.273L♠ (-)	0.61L (0.42L) 3.21L (4.29) 7.5L (-) 26.8† (22.6)	nd .		nii	nil	- nil
CARREFOUR GROUP SHARE OF 1995 NET INCOME FROM RECURRING	Britannia	cartel office would reconsider tts earlter decision following fresb submissions by T&N.	Confe Yr to Dec Davies (DY) § 6 mile to Oct Fistcher King 6 mile to Oct	31 2.74 (2.91 31 2.31 (1.65	1) 1.07L (0.038L) 3) 0.049 (0.599L)	17.6L (0.6L) 0.3 (6.9L)	7.35 mil 0.5	Apr 17 Mar 26	6.4 nii 0.5	10.4	9.125 n# 1
OPERATIONS UP 24.7%	\$25,000,000 Floating rate notes	Sir Colin said T&N would be	Screen Property - Yr to Dec isotron - 6 mins to Dec Lasmo - Yr to Dec	31 4.59 (4.16	5) 1.68 (1.45)	12.58 (10.59) 8.8 (7.2) 1.6 (2.4L)	3.1 2.01	Apr 19 May 2 May 3	3 1.83	4.4	4.2 5.25
FF 2,690 million COMPARED TO FF 2,157 million	due May 2000 For the period 28 February 1996	making a £12m (\$18.5m) provi- sion against its 1995 profits to cover the initial investment in	Ute Sciences Inti	31 204.8 (178.2 31 58.47 (57.83	2) 20.7 (28.5) 3) 7.01 (6.28)	7.8 (10.8) 24.8 (20.6)	1.25大 2.8 5.25	May 10 May 15	1.25 * 2.8 4.3	1.25 4,4 7 <i>.</i> 25	1.25 4.4 6.3
in FF million 1995 1994 % chonge	to 31 May 1996 the notes will bear interest at 6.2875% per annum.	the share options, which had previously been included on	Regima §	31 3.17 (3.7 31 323.3 (260.2) 0.132 (0.101))	2.79L (0.17L) 1.4 (0.4) 15 (12)	nii 3.25	- Apr 19	nki 2.75	4.7	- 101 4
Sales, net of taxes 144,612 136,299 + 6.1	Interest payable on the relevant interest payment date 31 May	the balance sheet. Even so, he said the value of	Shorwood Computer	* 13 (14.3	3) 0.881 (0.950)	79.5 (10.7L) - (-)	3.25 2.5	Apr 26	2	4.7 3.75	2 1.6
Net income from ecurring operations	1996 will amount to \$1,597.64 per \$100,000 note.	the options had increased with Kolbenschmidt shares trading	TransAtlantic Yr to Dec Willie Corross Yr to Dec			51‡ (15.99) 7 (mil)	7.9 1.65¥	Mary B Apr 1	7.2 1.65	14.5	13.2 6.6
Group Share 2,690 2,157 + 24.7 Ion-recurring income	Agent: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company	at DM200.7 yesterday, against a strike price on the 49.99 per	Investment Trusts	EAV (2)	Attributable Enraings (Ent)	EP\$ (p)	Current payment (p)	Date of payment	Corresponding dividence	Total for year	Total last year
let income	JPMorgan	cent bolding of DM180. Most analysts expect T&N to	BZW Convertible			4.69 (3.96) 0.81 (-)	1.50 0.54	May 7	1.5	0.54	7.8
et income from		announce pre-tax profits of £126.5m next Wednesday,	Glasgow Income 6 mits to Jan Jos 6 mits to Jan Marray Vectores 6 mits to Jan			6.02 (4.37)	0.6‡ 3.33#	May 31 Apr 12	0.6 2.95	-	2.8
er share (in FF) 104,91 84,12 + 24,7		against a pre-exceptional total of £110.7m last time or £10.7m	Templeton Latin	31 - [-]	0.275 (0.365)	7.46 (6.74) 0.59 (0.79)	3.7 0.35	May 24 June 12	3.6 0.52	0.35	12 0.52
Sales nel of taxes rose by 6.1% in 1995. On a constant exchan-	Notice of Partial Redemption Cardiff Automobile	after asbestos-related provi- sions.	Earnings shown basic. Dividence shown net. capital. [] Rental Income. Arish currency.	 Figures in brackets a	are for corresponding perior	d. + Comparatives resi	taled. Alter ext	ceptional charg	a. WAtter except	tional credit. †	On increased First interim
		51045.	Second Inferior: makes 30 to date. 1First	st interim. (Second la	relation: makes 6.660 to d	AND ALL ALL OTHER TH	Comparatives II	or year to April	- oopon 10000	or others T.	
ge rate basis, sales rose by 8%. The Group Share of net income from recurring operations	Receivables Securitisation (UK) No.2 plc	510115.	⁴ Second Interim: makes 3p to date. ‡First	SL PICENNI, PSecond P	mentra, mentes 6,66p do da	KB					· <u>·</u> ····
ge rate basis, sales rose by 6%.	Receivables Securitisation	310113.	⁴ Second Interim: makes 3p to date. ⁴ First	This notice (Exchange").	is issued in compliance	with the requirement	ents of London	Stock Exclu	ange Limited (the "London	n Stock
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By Kenneth Gooding,

Mining Correspondent

Investment funds which

bought platinum and palla-

dium last year, speculating on

price rises, suffered hig losses

when prices dropped sharply.

As a result they are now wary

of these markets, Mr Trevor

Pitts, manager of marketing

platinum group metals at Stan-

dard Bank, suggested yester-

num group metals had not fol-lowed gold when its price rose strongly this year, driven np

Launching Standard Bank'a Platinum Yearbook in London, Mr Pitts suggested that plati-

num this year would trade in a

range between US\$390 and \$440

a troy ounce, 2½ per cent

below the 1995 range of \$400 to

This year's trading range for

week by Inunching its "global

mining gronp", a three-way

nett, its 50-per-cent-owned-

Australian broking associate,

Fleming Martin, a 50-50 joint

venture between Flemmes and

Martin & Co in South Africa.

Fleming Martin was ranked

first in mining research last

year in a survey by the Finan-

cial Mail in South Africa,

COMMODITIES PRICES

and the bank itself.

initiative involving Ord Min-

by fund speculation.

This was the reason plati-

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BREE AT INSTRUCTO int year. It is imperiation in year. FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY MARCH 1 1996

COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE

Wary funds blamed for Strikes undermine Jamaican bauxite expansion weak platinum market Productivity worries are jeopardising investment in refineries, Canute James reports

Jamaica's ambitious plans for with this. Miners and refiners expanding its bauxite refining capacity are being threatened by concerns about productivity and labour relations.

and the second secon

The expansion programme for the world's third-largest producer of bauxite ore, after Australia and Guinea, aims to increase alumina output by more than half in four years. Mining and refining companies, however, say they are concerned about "uncertain" labour relations, following a series of mainly wage-related strikes last year which shut

refineries. The industry is becoming increasingly uncompetitive, the companies say, threatening initial investments of about

US\$500m in refinery expansion. The island's earnings from its main commodity export are also being affected. The loss of output from last year's strikes reduced earnings hy an estimated \$50m.

However stronger market prices helped the industry earn \$710m last year, 15 per cent more than the previous year. Our great concern is industrial relations," says Mr Carl-ton Davis, chairman of the Jamaica Bauxite Institute, a state agency which monitors the industry, "The government is aiming at a social contract and other initiatives to deal

Jamaica's bauxite production are waiting to expand, but they are not enthusiastic about Tonnes (m) doing so until they see clear 12 1 evidence that last year was an

aberration." Senior officials of the mining and refining companies say they have no intention of closing their plants in Jamaica, but will invest "just what is needed" to keep the plants going until they feel able to commit themselves to the planned capacity expansion.

depressed ore production to 10.9m tonnes, 6.2 per cent less than a year earlier. Alumina production of 3m tonnes was 6.6 per cent lower.

Labour productivity and poor labour relations are regarded by miners and refiners as significant weaknesses in the Jamaican industry, according to Mr Gene Miller, general manager of Alumina Partners, the island's largest refiner, which is owned by Kaiser Aluminum of the US and Hydro Aluminium of Norway. "We do not have poor industrial relations, but we have poor wage negotiations," Mr Miller says. "Jamaica should be aware of the detrimental effects of labour disputes on

1980 81 82 83 84 85 Source: Jamaica Baunte institute are to blame. Unions say that ranked the lowest in terms of Jamaica's high inflation (22 per

Mr Davis agrees that the industry is becoming increasingly uncompetitive: "Jamaican bauxite mining and refining have lost a lot of ground in

wage productivity. 'The average wage in Jamaica is the equivalent of in production and productivity US\$6.25 per hour. An Austrain companies which accept lian worker might get the equivalent of US\$20 per hour, but Jamaican plants produce of the University and Allied 0.4 tonnes per man hour, while Australian and other plants are running at 1.6 tonnes per man hour."

been willing to accept the need Workers' organisations have for production incentives to

The Alumina Partners refinery, which produces 1.45m tonnes a year, plans to expand to 2m tonnes. Two plants owned by Alcan of Canada, with a combined capacity of 1.1m tonnes a year. are projected to add another 600,000 tonnes. Jamalco, jointly owned hy the Jamaican government and the Aluminum Company of America, will increase production from 800,000 tonnes a year to 1.2m tonnes

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cent in 1993, 35 per cent in 1994

and an estimated 24 per cent

last year) has forced them to

make seemingly large wage

claims for workers in the baux-

"We are also concerned at

worker productivity levels, and

we have significant increases

unions' proposals for incen-

Workers Union. "Not all com-

pean Union, China and India.

ite industry,

Larger plants will provide the scale of operations required to increase labour productivity, says Mr Miller. The Alumina Partners' refinery will employ the same number of workers after its capacity has been increased to

2m tonnes. However Mr Miller adds that there is a lack of stimulus for investment: "Investors are waiting to see how stable the climate in Jamaica is going to be. If there are frequent strikes, they will not be willing to commit themselves. There

must be some stability." The test of the industry's statives for workers," says Mr bility will come in 10 weeks with the start of a new round Lambert Brown, vice-president of wage negotiations. "These negotiations will be less companies in the industry have petitive than those of last year," says Mr Brown, "We are sensitive to the concerns of investors in the industry.

MARKET REPORT **Copper leads LME upturn**

London Metal Exchange prices staged a recovery yesterday sparked by a sharp rise in copper. Investment funds which had sold copper short needed to cover their positions.

Nickel, which earlier touched a six-week low of US\$7,700 a tonne, also rallied as copper rose, Analysts are split about the outlook for hase metals. "While a short-covering rally is possible, we remain negative about price prospects because of weak physical offtake, particularly in Europe," Macquarie Equities said.

However Rudolf Wolff said

SOFTS

COCOA LCE (E/tonnel

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By Deborah Hargreaves

World wheat stocks are likely to be even tighter than expected this year according to the latest report from the Internationsl Grains Council, which estimated that stocks would be 88m tonnes by mid year.

The council reduced its stock estimate by 2m tounes from last month's figure because of increased consumption in China and Pakistan. Wheat stocks remain at their lowest level for 20 years.

But the council also increased its estimate for last year's output in Russia hy 2m

MEAT AND LIVESTOCK

LIVE CATTLE CME (40,000kbs; cents/lbs)

tonnes, taking 1995 wheat pronot be enough to meet its duction to 533m tonnes. The needs. Russia is trying to cut outlook is for a larger crop this imports of grains because of s lack of hard currency. year with the council increas-The council said it expected ing its forecast for world production to 558m tonnes from coarse grain stocks - which 553m tonnes as a result of

include barley - to he depressed at 87m tonnes this higher estimates for the Euroyear compared with 117m The council pointed to lower tonnes last year. The council pointed to an

than expected imports of wheat from Russia and noted expected recovery in the maize that the country's production harvest in the US, which accounts for 84 per cent of is expected to recover from last year's crop, which was world trade. It noted figures from the US Department of lepleted by drought. However the Interfax news agency said Agriculture which forecast an increase to 239m tonnes from yesterday that Russian food 187m tonnes last year. output this year and next will

JOTTER PAD

Stockbrokers evolve to keep pace with mining companies By Kenneth Gooding while Ord Minnett was ranked first for total research in the Stockhroking companies which follow the mining industry are developing global Australian market by both the Institutional Investor and the lia and South Africa. RBCDS, owned hy one of Extel and Greenwich surveys. ventures in order to keep up Mr William Garrett, chairwith changes in the sector, man of Robert Fleming Securiwhere a relatively few hig ties, said the initiative would mining groups, operating assist clients hy providing worldwide, are increasingly them with "the chance to dominating the business. assess the impact of global Flemings, the investment bank, followed the trend this trends on investment opportu-

palladium was forecast at \$120

to \$160 an onnce. Platinum closed in London

last night at \$412.25 an ounce

Mr Pitts recalled that fund

buying sent platinum to a peak

of \$461.25 a troy ounce in April

last year after Engelhard, the

specialist materiala group,

announced a "potentially sen-

sational" car catalyst which

promised to remove ozone and

pollutants already in the atmo-

In November Engelhard said

that the catalyst would not use platinum group metals. At the

same time, Mr Pitts said, "that old chestnut about sales from

the US government's strategic

stockpile returned to haunt the

ing day of 1995 platinum was

at \$398.25, its lowest level for

Meanwhile speculative fund

As a result, by the last trad-

sphere.

warket".

the year.

BASE METALS Precious Metals continued

and palladium at \$138.

nities in the mining sector". These sentiments were also expressed by Mr Murray Wil-son, the London-based vice-president of RBC Dominion Securities' corporate finance ... global mining operations, when his group recently absorbed almost all of Hambros Equities UK's mining team. Clients were looking for "a seamless global analysis of the mining industry", he said. The acquisition of the tions.

BOLD COMEX (100 Troy oz.; \$/troy oz.)

are involved in mining. director, said the two would be able to take advantsge of increasing demand for crossborder mergers and acquisi-

can firm that is sponsoring broker on the Johannesburg stock exchange for more than 60 companies - some of which **RBCDS** and SMR will swap research and work together but no financial or sharehold-

ing links have been estab-lished between them. Mr Louis Geldenhuyes, SMK's managing

Hambros team complemented **RBCDS's strong North Ameri**can presence hy adding Hambros's coverage of Austra-

interest in the palladium mar-

ket drove the price to its high-

est level this decade: \$178.25 an

However speculators under-

estimated the ability of Russia,

the biggest platinum producer,

to meet increases in demand

and its desire to prevent prices

tive froth sucked more pro-

ducer metal into the market

than was justified by demand

and consequently the rest of

the year saw prices under pres-

sure from this oversupply."

By December 29 palladium's

price was down to \$127.50 an

"We may have seen the

worst in the current cycle [in

the palladium market] and 1996

should be a year of gradual

recovery as further increases

in demand soak up the surplus

metal," Mr Pitts said.

"We believe that the specula-

OUTICE.

rising too high

said Mr Pitts.

ounce

Canada's biggest banks, has also extended its Sonth African coverage by linking with

SMK Securities, a South Afri-

GRAINS AND OIL SEEDS

WHEAT LCE (E per tonne)

the industry in 1995. Among the more than 60 alumina plants worldwide, Jamaica

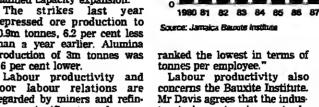
that economic growth may be picking up in the US and money coming out of the stock and bond markets was seeking a new home. "If a small

amount moves into metals it could quickly make up for the lack of consumer interest. If prices then start moving higher, consumers may also start huying." Wolff added.

Gold moved above \$400 a troy ounce to close in London at \$400.50 an ounce. Analysts said there was considerable technical resistance at \$402. Palladium recovered after Wednesday's fall and closed \$1.70 up at \$138 an ounce.

rejected suggestions that they

improve productivity." **Tighter wheat stocks predicted**



seat.	LONDON METAL EXCHANGE	GOLD COMEX (100 Troy oz.; \$/troy oz.)	WHEAT LCE (E per tonne)	COCOA LCE (57tonne)	LIVE CATTLE CMC (40,00005; Centerios)	
	(Prices from Amalgamated Metal Trading)	Soft Day's	Sett Day's Open	, Sett Dany's Open price strange High Low Vol hat	Sett Bay's Open Price change High Low Vol int .	
r plans denied	M ALLINGGURA, 90.7 PLINETY (\$ per tonne)	Apr	Mar 116.75 -1.15 117.50 116.90. 54 349	Mar 887 +2 888 681 2.759 3.366	Apr 63.925 -0.725 64.450 63.800 5,899 33,898	
The plants delives	Cash 3 mills .	Aut .404.0 -0.8 406.4 403.9 3.209 39,547	Hey 118.50 -1.65 129.00 178.80 333 3,658	May 913 +2 913 904 2,423 27,176	Jun 63.175 -0.225 63.475 63.025 5,141 22,112 Aug 62.325 -0.350 62.750 62.300 1,773 11,064	
Barlotto Investments for	Ciose 1577-78 1608-09 Previous 1572-73 1608-04	Aug 408.3 -0.7 408.3 406.1 157 11,544 Oct 408.6 -0.7 406.7 409.8 639 3,979	Jol 120,60 -1.70 121.75 121.00 75 548 Sep 110,15 -0.70 110,50 110,20 23 205	Jail 938 +1 939 931 1,936 14,753 Sep 959 +1 961 953 1,705 37,661	Oct 63.025 -0.200 63.175 62.950 606 9,728	
234. Bert 12: 19:05.	High/low. 7570 1613/1602	Dec 410.9 -0.7. 413.2 410.1 309 13,823	Nov 111.45 -0.75 111.85 111.50 27 1,400	Dec 976 +1 978 973 2,032 18,439	Dec 62.025 -0.250 62.250 62.025 297 5,419	
Rion that the group the	AM Official 1570-71 1803.5-04 Karb close 1612-13	Feb 413.1 -0.6 414.9 414.9 38 4,764 Total 43,588 220,724	Jen 113.00 -0.90 113.40 113.00 62 227 7atal 560 8.415	Nar 995 - 998 990 2,997 34,089 Total 16,132 145,271	Feb 62.050 -0.200 62.300 52.050 16 2,700 Total 13,738 84,741	
Mestiments activity state	Kerb close 1612-13 Open Int. 208,245	PLATINUM NYMEX (50 Troy oz.; \$/100 oz.)	WHEAT CRT (5,000bu min; cents/60b bushel)	COCOA CSCE (10 tonnes; \$/tonnes)	LIVE HOGS CME (40,000lbs; conts/lbs)	
Selective sold) entry	Total daily tumovar 49,386	Ar 4142 +0.8 4158 4136 3.223 13.651	Mar 512.50 +4.50 513.00 505.00 9.063 11.072	Ner 1252 -7 1270 1253 91 405	Apr 48.550 +0.500 48.600 47.800 4.037 12.645	
to come to the mint	ALUMINIUM ALLOY (\$ per tonne)	Jul 416.4 +0.6 418.5 418.5 152 4,633	May 501.50 +5.25 503.00 491.00 8,546 25,996	Mey 1268 -7 1283 1265 5,308 42,933	Jun 53.725 +0.650 53.800 52.900 1,900 10,831	
	Close 1350-60, 1387-90	Oct 418.7 +0.6 420.5 418.5 12 1.445 Jan 420.7 +0.6 8 264	Jul 461.75 -2.25 465.00 456.25 9.772 47,848 See : 463.50 -3.00 466.50 458.00 486 8,525	Jai 1292 -6 1303 1288 707 17,515 Sep 1314 -4 1325 1310 717 10,731	Jul 51.775 +0.175 51.850 51.300 315 2,921 Aug 49.675 +0.325 49.800 49.100 233 3,897	
	k Pravious - 1345-55. 1980-85 ▶ High/low 1390/1380	Jano 420,7 +0.6 – – 8 264 Total 5,409 20,083	Dec 473.75 -1.75 476.00 468.50 793 6,520	Dec 1345 -6 1356 1345 125 10,054	Oct 45.825 +0.225 45.850 45.450 84 2,058	
	AM Official 1342-45 1380-81	PALLADRUM NYMEX (100 Troy az: \$/troy az.)	Mar 473.50 -1.50 475.00 471.00 42 245 Total 29.707101 284	Mar 13726 1385 1385 7 7,460 Tetal 8,346 93,969	Dec 46.700 - 46.500 46.500 104 1,577 Tebet 8,742 34,689	· ·
Haiderda	Kerb close	Mar 137.35 +0.35 138.50 137.00 723 1,365	100 28,707101,294	E COCCA (ICCO) (SDR's/tonne)	PORK BELLIES CME (40,000bs; conts/bs)	
	Total delly turnover 2,466	Jam 138.75 +0.25 140.20 138.50 1,542 8,384 Sam 140.00 +0.25 141.50 341.50 3 109	MAIZE CBT (5,000 bu min; cents/56lb bushel)	Feb 28 Price Prev. day	Mar 63.500 +2.000 63.500 61.900 1.200 2.420	
32	LEAD (\$ per tonne).	Sep 140.00 +0.25 141.50 341.50 3 109 . Dec 141.25 +0.25 143.00 143.00 4 70	Mar 385.00 +3.25 395.50 389.50 37,564 45,669	Daily 925.87 925.05	May 64.200 +2.000 64,200 62.600 2,040 5,089	
2	Close 772-73 767-68	Total 2,572 7,864	May 389,25 - 390,50 384,00 50,373 205,932 Jar 382,00 -0.50 383,00 378,25 18,394 119,979		Jud 62,100 +1.475 62,100 80.550 195 1,604 Aug 58,500 +1.300 58,850 57,400 38 344	
	Previous 762-83 757.5-58	SILVER COMEX (5,000 Troy az.; Centa/troy az.)	Sep 330.25 -3.00 333.25 327.25 3,512 35,214		Feb 65.400 -0.200 65.600 65.400 3 3	CROSSWORD
	AM Official 762-63 757-58	Mar 549.7 +1.4 554.0 548.0 22,205 11,806 May 554.5 +1.0 558.5 554.0 29,418 50,475	Dec 315.25 -2.50 318.25 312.50 0.845 86,135 Mar 320.25 -2.50 323.25 318.50 571 8,662	Mar 1975 +5 1980 1935 1,257 4,860 Mar 1858 +24 1872 1902 3,834 13,122	Niar 65.400 -0.200 - 65.400 3 2 Total 3.480 9.462	UNUSSIOND
ne en e	Kerb close 764-765	Jat 559.6 +1.0 564.0 559.0 3,255 13,253	Tetal 119,411 563,073	Jai 1794 +21 1793 1742 593 4,185	time of the of the	No.9,007 Set by DOGBERRY
Trate 1	Open int. 38,694 Total daily tumovar. 8,629	Sep 164.1 +1.0 568.0 565.0 428 10,845 Dec 570.7 +1.0 574.0 570.0 228 7,204	BARLEY LCE (C per tonne)	Sep 1761 +15 1760 1720 304 2.926 Nov 1735 +10 1724 1710 13 1.261	LONDON TRADED OPTIONS	NO.9,007 Set by DOOBLART
- 24	NICKEL (\$ per tonne)	Mar 577.3 +1.1 202 2,558	Mar 107.90 -0.90 108.50 107.75 26 369	Jan 1715 +10 275	Strike price \$ tonne - Calls Pote	
	Cicee 7715-25 7820-25	Tutal 55,734 99,170	Many 103.25 -1.00 109.75 109.75 18 496 Sep 105.90 -0.60 106.00 106.00 16 32	Total B,001 25,630		
	Previous 7650-60 7760-70		Nov 107.60 -0.80 108.20 107.60 80 344	COFFEE 'C' CSCE (37,500/bs; cents/bs)	(89.7%) LME May Jul May Jul	
125	AM Official 7610-15 7720-25		Jame 109.55 -0.60 109.75 109.50 37 56 Tetral 201 1.297	Mar 117.80 +3.20 116.40 113.50 343 1,429 May 115.90 +2.95 117.40 112.10 5,158 16,443	1500	
	Kerb close 7820-25		SOYABEANS (BT (5,000bu miz; cents/60b bushet)	Jul 114.50 +2.65 115.00 111.00 674 4,191	1700	
	Open Int. 40,119 Total daily turnover 15,057	ENERGY	Mar 735.00 -4.75 735.00 730.25 20,760 15.203	Sap 113.70 +2.20 114.00 110.25 146 2,603 Dec 112.05 +2.35 112.50 103.50 63 1,230		
	. TIN (5 per torule)	CRUDE OIL NYMEX (42,000 US gails. \$/berrel)	Hey 745.00 -5.50 750.00 740.00 32,070 71,909	Mar 112.25 +2.50 1 407	(Grade A) LME May Jul May Jul 2400 137 120 18 54	
	Ciose 8080-90 8150-65	Extest Day's Open grice change High Low Vol lat	Jul 754.00 -5.50 759.00 749.00 9,846 50,027 Aug 754.00 -6.25 759.00 751.00 564 5,304	Total 8,391 26,571 COFFEE (ICO) (US cents/pound)	2500 71 70 51 101 2600 30 37 108 166	
	Previous 8105-15 6175-80 Highviow 8160/6120	Apr 19.58 +0.29 19.58 19.21 47,324 97,868	Sep 742.25 -4.75 750.00 741.00 188 3,625	Feb 28 Price Prev. day	2600	14
	AM Official 6070-80 6140-45	18.75 +0.27 18.75 18.47 27,063 58,780 18.24 +0.15 18.25 18.04 12,471 41,907	Nov 737.50 -4.00 746.00 735.00 7,659 50,075 Total 71,606 201,463	Comp. delly 103.91 105.20	1850 106 147 98 203	
1.05	Karb close 6155-65 Open Int. 16,518	Jal 17.85 40.08 17.87 12.76 4,580 35,808	SOYABEAN OIL CET (50,000/ba: cants/ib)	15 day average	1950 85 130 127 236 1950 98 115 160 271	
3000000 · · · ·	Total daily sumover 4,545	Amp 17.80 +0.05 17.60 17.55 2,834 17,710 Seo 17.43 +0.04 17.46 17.42 4,941 17,447	Mar 28.80 -0.21 24.14 23.78 13.778 9,674	No7 PREMIUM RAW SUGAR LCE (cents/lbs)	COCOA LCE May Jul May Jul	.18
and the second s	ZINC, special high grade (\$ per tonne)	Tutal 107,738 408,023	Many 24.18 -0.27 24.56 24.17 14.468 32,672 Jul 24.58 -0.29 24.92 24.57 5.296 23,522	Mar 10.90	875 47 81 9 16	
	Cices 1038-97 1057-58	CRUDE OF IPE (S/barret)	Aug 24.78 -0.29 25.09 24.75 1,192 6,145	Maay 11.90	900 31 65 16 27 925 15 50 31 37	
	1033 1058/1048	Latest Bay's Open	Sep 34.95 -0.25 25.28 24.95 716 3,395 Oct 25.15 -0.25 25.45 25.15 222 2,573	Total	BRENT CRUDE IPE Apr May Apr May	22 23
245	AM Official 1033-34 1052-54		Tetel 36,706 85,004	WHITE SUGAR LCE (Shonne)	1650	24 25 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26
	S Open Int. 77,419	May 17.11 +0.12 17.14 16.97 6,289 36,733	SOYABLEAN MEAL CBT (100 tons; S/Ion)	Hay 377.6 -4.7 382.5 375.0 1,107 14.214 Ann 357.6 -4.5 362.1 356.0 849 6,792	1750	
0.52	Total delly tumover 28,489	Juli 16.68 -0.02 16.73 16.59 2,378 27,830 Jul 16.40 -0.01 16.42 16.25 1,399 32,578	Mar 233.6 -0.9 233.8 230.8 10.894 11,115 Mary 238.0 -0.9 238.5 235.4 12,570 41,492	Aug 357.6 -4.5 362.1 356.0 849 8,792 Oct 320.1 -4.2 324.1 319.5 196 4,884	LONDON ODOT MADICTO	27
	COPPER, grade A (\$ per torne)	Ann 18.10 -0.03 16.21 16.05 1,166 7,425	Jul 241.5 -0.5 242.0 238.0 7,407 23.993	Dec 309.8 -4.7 312.8 311.9 35 2,824 Mar 307.0 -2.4 309.3 307.8 43 685	LONDON SPOT MARKETS	
	Close 2521-23 2486-87	Sep 16.06 -0.07 18.08 15.95 690 10,876 Total 21,672 195,573	Ang 242.0 - 242.2 240.0 654 5.133 See 241.0 -0.7 242.0 238.3 345 3.075	May 304.5 -1.3 306.0 304.0 50 511	CRUDE OIL FO& (per barrel/Mar) +or-	
	2529 2517/2485	HEATING OIL WHEX (42,000 US gain; cUS gain)	Oct 236.1 - 237.9 234.6 272 2.202	Tabl 2,280 28,718	Dubei \$16.31-6.42w +0.18 Brent Blend (dated) \$18.76-8.82 -0.02	
an Lineses	AM Official 2531-32 2491-82	- Latest Davis Com	Tutal 33,743 95,806	SUGAR '11' CSCE (112,000/bs; canta/bs)	Brent Blend (Apr) \$17.81-7.82 +0.13	30 31 31 31 31 31 31
diate dat fitters	Kerb close 187,436	price charge High Low Voi lot	POTATOES LCE (2/tonne)	Mar 12.53 -0.63 13.15 12.50 12.546 8,536 Mary 11.86 -0.39 11.90 11.56 18,877 67,477	W.T.I. S18.52-9.54w +0.28	
And the Art The	Total daily turnover 69,990	Shar 61.75 +2.07 61.80 59.25 21,216 6,998 Apr 54.10 +0.66 54.15 53.00 18,606 27,763	Am 188.0 +3.0 188.0 186.0 53 870	Jet 10.82 -0.23 10.97 10.70 6,590 34,043	OIL PRODUCTS NWE prompt delivery CIF (tonne)	ACROSS 6 Creature to agree about tank,
General States and State	LANE AN Official £49 rate: 1,5320 LANE Closing £/\$ rate: 1,5311	40.50 +0.50 50.50 49.85 3.992 12.785	May 195.3 +1.8 198.0 196.0 5 25	0et 10.48 -0.14 10.55 10.38 1,475 26,647 Nor 10.22 -0.10 10.28 10.17 501 14,155	Premium Gasoline \$188-187 Gas Ol \$180-183 -8,5	Bribe newspaper to cover bor- mostly (10)
State & Land St. Contraction of the	Spot: 1.5323 3 mills: 1.5295 6 mills: 1.5269 9 mills: 1.5241	Jun 48.90 +0.40 48.95 46.40 2,397 12,055 14 48.45 +0.25 48.50 48.00 1,228 6,688	- Jan 225.0	May 10.12 -0.10 10.18 10.17 157 3,363	Gass Oil \$180-183 -8,5 Heavy Fuel Oil \$102-104 +2	ough (6) 7 Sing praises of Middlesex to
		Am 48.50 - 48.60 48.60 1,303 6,099	Tutal 58 944	Tetal 40,205 135,708	Nephtha \$169-171 -2	4 Goes on to make profit (8) Londoner (5) 10 Records a right tasty item (7) 8 Nervous condition resulting
	HIGH GRADE COPPER (COMEX)	Total 50,002 88,967	FRIEGHT (BIFFEQ LCE (\$10/index point)	COTTON NYCE (50,000ibs; cents/bs)	Jet fuel \$211-213 +1 Dissel \$190-192 -2	11 Waste of food (7) in head of silver hair (6)
	Set Day's Cost	GAS OIL PE (Storme)	Feb 1387 -1 427	Mar 62.10 -0.50 83.45 62.10 139 519 Mary 83.20 -0.53 84.50 83.10 3,215 23,282	Patrolaum Argus. Tel. London (0171) 358 8792	12 The team gloated (4) 9 Party lifter lifted (5)
	price shange High Low Yok ext 16.75 +2.30 117.00 114.40 2,636 8,613	Set Day's Oper	Mar 1406 -2 1411 1398 92 780 Apr 1415 -5 1415 1405 21 1.536	51.65 -0.39 84.55 55.80 763 11,534		13 Graves, suffering lesion, takes 14 Disc spinners come back from short cut (10) behind (10)
	145 10 115 40 34 1000	price change High Law Vel Int. Mar 173.00 -1.50 174.00 171.50 10,424 20,560	Jul 1300 - 1304 1290 25 1,645	Oct 80.95 -0.25 81.60 80.85 438 2.527 Dec 79.65 -0.34 80.15 79.50 2.952 16,228	Gold (per troy oz) \$ \$400.50 +2.90	15 What festers round the edge 17 Mass heartless composer set
	Her 115.30 +2.65 115.50 112.50 4,238 10,465	1et 75 +1 25 161 00 156.75 · 9.168 15.535	0et 1336 +1 1335 1335 17 582 Jan 1348 -27 52	Her 80.50 -0.50 00.85 80.70 566 1,544	Silver (per troy oc) 552.5c +6.0	of the heater (6) in stone (9)
(imited	Jan 113.90 +2.30	Mary 155.00 +1.75 156.00 153.25 3,057 7,103	Total 157 5,452	Total 8,087 58,282	Platinum (per troy cz.) \$412.75 +4.75 Paledium (per troy cz.) \$137.50	16 Gossip sbout wearing foot- 18 Firebrand not born to pro-
1. 3 · 1. · ·	Ja 112.50 +1.50 100 110 50 101 2.905	Jan 151,75 +1.25 151,75 150.25 1,083 7,511 Jal 150,50 +1.25 150,50 149.25 90 4,904	Cieta Prev 8/3 1364 1379	ORANGE JUICE NYCE (15,000itos; cents/lbs)	Copper 120.0c -2.0	wear (7) duce radiation (8) 20 One in ten men may be distin- 19 He's two steps down the line
and the second second	Sap 110.50 +1.50 111.25 110.50 7,345 43,686	Act 180.75 +1.25 150.50 149.50 365 2,648	an 1997 (1997	Maar 127.45 +0.95 127.75 125.60 1.349 2.045 Maw 127.35 - 127.45 125.75 1.498 11.443	Lead (US prod.) 41.75c Tin (Kusia Lumour) 15.68m	guished (7) Is new two steps down the line with thousands at stake (8)
Statistics.		Tatal 24,745 67,544	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Many 127,35 - 127,45 125,75 1,498 11,443 Juli 126,70 +0.60 128,90 125,75 350 2,517	Tin (New York) 298.50c -3.0	21 Aid recipient gets pub snack 22 Put paid to spirit (6)
	PRECIOUS METALS	NATURAL GAS NYMEX (10,000 mmBiu; \$/mmBiu)	FUTURES DATA	Sea 125.66 +0.65 125.60 125.60 44 1,899	Cattle (ive weight)† 118.70 -1.32"	thrown in (6) 23 Equal contest (5)
		Latest Day's Open :	All futures date supplied by CMS.	Nov 120.75 -0.75 121.75 120.75 3 632 Jan 120.25 -1.00 121.25 120.25 93 2,367	Sheep (ive weight) 130.97 +1.15	24 Slang for "a man of the moun- 25 Kicked up fuss in Holland at tains" (10) junction (5)
A STICK	Prices supplied by N in The Land		·	an 12023 -100 2123 2023 30 2407 Total 3,237 21,041	Pige (five weight)† 102.27 -4.26* Lon, day sugar (raw) \$324,1 +3.5	26 New Northern Light? (4) 27 Building a fortune (4)
THE ACULINTIN	Gold(Troy oz) \$ price £ equily SPF equily Close 400,30-400.70	New 2134 -0.015 2170 2125 1,448 18,811	West		Lon, day sugar (naw) \$324.1 +3.5 Lon, day sugar (who) \$404.5 +0.5	28 Artisan holding theologian to
	Close 400.30-400.40	2 009 _0.018 2.060 2.051 819 14.522	Wool Australian wool prices have only just managed	VOLUME DATA	Barley (Eng. feed) 113.5	be small fry (7) Solution 9,006
	Married for 400.35 281.21 476.02	Jel 1.960 -0.018 1.900 1.963 604 13,423 - Aug 1.945 -0.006 1.965 1.940 403 11,580	to stay above seesonal lows this week though	Open interest and Volume data shown for	Maize (US No3 Yellow) 150.5z	29 Peculiar-sounding beast with SIPIORITIUNIC SIAINEISIT
Mandar	Afternoon fix 400.65 201.00	Sep 1,900 -0.006 1.915 1.895 545 8,259	there are some reasons for viewing the world wool situation with a little more confidence	contracts traded on COMEX, NYMEX, CB7, NYCE, CME and CSCE are one day in ameans.	Wheat (US Dark Nonh) Unq. Rubber (Mark) 108.75p -1.75	
1. 784 D."	000 00_400 S0	Total T2,726 146,463	The New Zealand auction was dearer for a		Rubber (Apr) 108.75p -1.75	
		UNLEADED GASCLINE MAEX (42,000 US gails.)	second week at about 3% higher, British wool safes at Bractiond were slightly higher and the		Rubber (KL RSS No1) 418.00m -3.50	on the rise (8) 31 Humble oriental called back ALLASS BEAUTEOUS
	Loco Ldn Mean Gold Landing name 3.63		sales at Bractiond were slightly higher and the Marketing board sold forward wools at a pre- mitter. These are talk of warmand the solar interact	INDICES	Coconut OI (Phil)\$ \$732.5v +2.5 Peim Oi (Maizy.)\$ \$505.0 +2.5	round (6) CARAFE TRESTLE
	1 month4.17 12 months3.32	Latest Day's	mium. There is talk of increased buying interest by China whose partial withdrawal from the	REUTERS (Been: 18/9/31=100)	Copra (Philips 462.0y -3.0	1 Turner, perhaps, beginning to S G P N N A S
	· 3 months	50.40 _0.00 50.65 58.95 10.995 5.126	market lead to the price down of 1985/98. Retail demand in developed countries is slow	Feb 28 Feb 28 month ago year ago 2134.6 2137.3 2185.2 2348.7	Soyabeans (US) 211.0y +2.0	spring a leak outside (6) PREPARE PATENT
	Silver Px 960.10 552.25	Apr 80,20 +0.25 80,30 83,70 13,084 20,151 Apr 51,20 +0.37 58,30 58,70 4,204 13,667	but stocks and order pooks are declining.	2134.6 2137.3 2185.2 2349.7 CAB Fatures (Base: 1967=100)	Colton Outlook'A' index 82.85 Wookoos (54s Super) 438p	2 Source of disease etc. turning 10 Bits 8 6 0 Company of the
	Spot 365.15 558.90	57.00 JAN 57.95 67.60 1237 5993	Australia's Eastern market indicator closed at 579 cents, down three on the week.		the sector of the state of the party of a state of the st	up in element (9) 3 Storyteller about to get the GUUM YEE CERE
	6 months \$78.05 \$76.35	Jul 58.45 +0.35 56.50 56.20 1.20K 4.90H	Animal Astall Read Oli Rik Mode	248.95 249.25 247.58 233.47	t ringgrifig, m Malaysian cantsaid, a reave w Apr. y reave	
Without Latin	1 year S raise C equiv.	Ang 55.00 - 55.00 54.80 357 3,745 Total 31,801 64,083		E GSCI Spot (Base: 1970-100) Feb 28 Feb 27 month ago year ago	Ner, v Maryapr London Impaca. 3 or Polaroant y Bullion market close e Shoop (Live weight prices). * Change on week (Prices are for previous week.	5 Judge Rhodesian leader by NTTON COLLERA
	Gold Course 398-402 201-203		<u>·</u> [197,67 199,22 190,66 177,11	CUSUOS ON MEEN LINCOS SLA KA HARANDA MODIC	law of separate colours (7) GIR CLAITIS DIELS PILSED
	Marcia L907 61-63					
	New Sovereigh 94-97		· ·			

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

Yields rise as rate hopes fade

By Samer Iskandar in London and Lisa Bransten in New York

28

Sentiment was gloomy early yesterday on European mar-kets. Yields headed higher when traders realised that the French and German central banks would not satisfy their wish to see lower official interest rates.

Analysts, however, remained optimistic un most markets, feeling there was scope for more German and French rate cuts, dua to high and rising unemployment and little chance of improvement in the near future.

OATs and bunds were supported in the afternoon by a stronger US Treasury market, following the release of a lower than expected Chicago Purchasing Managers' index. While this positive mood proved sbort-lived in the US, it nonetheless lasted long enough to sustain markets off their lows through the European afternoon.

The yield on the benchmark 30-year Treasury bond rose through 6.5 per cent in volatile trading early yesterday as uncertainty about the strength of the economy continued to send prices lower across the maturity spectrum.

That was the first time since September 28 that the long bond yield has held above 6.5 per cent. Economic data released yesterday was mixed, which accounted for some of the market's choppiness. Bonds sunk near the beginning of the session after the Labour

By Antonia Sharpe

redemptions,

department reported that the number of people filing first time claims for unemployment

benefits fell by 23,000. At mid-morning, however, bonds regained their footing on news of weakness in the Chi-cago Association of Purchasing Management's index of husiness activity. That index -

e Maria de La Tarra de

GOVERNMENT BONDS

which is seen as harbinger of the National Association of Purchasing Management figure due out today - fell hy 6 points to a new four-year low of 44.9. But the market's recovery proved brief and hy midday, the long bond was off 34 at 931 to yield 6.525, while at the short end of the maturity spectrum the two-year note was off 1/4 at 99% to yield 5.426

global government trading at Lehman Brothers, said the Chicago numbers caught some investors off guard, but that

ease and now we're repricing."

bullish, as the market closed safely above its lows. Analysts were confident the bund contract was well supported around 96.55-96.75, a technical level that should not he level that should not he breached easily. Ona institu-tional bond investor is con-vinced that, "unless you feel that European monetary union is never going to happen, Ger-man bonds now offer good value with low risk". He finds

future closed at 120.86, down 0.08, after reaching an intraday low of 120.54. In the cash per cent. Mr Woody Jay, head of hasis points to 29.

the overall tone of the market remained bearish. "The economy is better than we thought three weeks ago," he said. "The market had been aggressively priced for more

E German bonds drifted lower when the Bundesbank disappointed traders who were expecting a cut in the discount or Lombard rates. The March 10-year hund future listed on Liffe closed at 97.05, down 0.21. Sentiment however remained ter, to rein in public deficits.

Alusuisse and Ashanti convertibles in demand

meant that both issues were significantly

oversubscribed, increasing the likelihood that over-allotment options would be exer-

cised. Alusuisse's \$230m five-year bond

has a coupon of 2 per cent and a conver-

Ashanti's \$220m seven year hond, the

first international convertible from sub-Saharan Africa, has a conpon of 5½

sion premium of 19.5 per cent.

UK gilts continued to per-form weakly as the market struggled to absorb the remainsing paper from Wednesday's poorly-bid £3bn auction. Liffe's March 10-year gilt contract closed at 1067, down %. But analysts seemed to remain optimistlc. While the yield curve had steepened to 32 basis points between 10 and 20-year maturities, compared to 27 before the auction, Mr Andrew long maturities "particularly attractive, given the steepness of the yield curve". Roberts at UBS Limited felt it did "not have much further to

go". The market is trading at the E French government bonds traded erratically, falling early bottom of a range and is well supported at these levels," said in the session when the central Mr Simon Briscoe at Nikko hank failed to fulfil expecta-tions of a rate cut. The March Europe. He predicted that any signifi-

contract of Matif's 10-year cant move above 8 per cent in the yield on 10-year gilts would trigger huying hy domestic institutions. Given the inflamarket, the yield on the bench-mark 7% per cent OAT due 2006 rose 3 hasis points to 6.68 tion ontlook of around 2-2% per cent, Mr Briscoe believes that investors would seize the per cent, and the spread over opportunity to lock in real yields close to 6 per cent. Last night the benchmark 7½ per cent gilt due 2006 was yielding 10-year bunds widened by 2 "Fundamentals remain bullish for the short end of the 8.03 per cent.

yield curve, which would benefit from rate cuts hy the cen-Spanish bonds suffered from tral bank," said Ms Yassamine profit-taking, prior to next Sunday's general election. The March futures contract on 10-Ravai, a fund manager at Credit Lyonnais Asset Management in Paris. "Longer maturiyear Bonos settled at 95.95. ties, however, are more dependown 0.45. But traders did not dent on the state of public seem to panic. "This a normal, finances." This could lead to further steepening of the healthy correction following recent gains," said a hond French yield curve while investrader at a large French bank. Meanwhile, the 10-year spread tors await future measures by the government of Mr Alain of Bonos over bunds continued Juppé, the French prime ministo tighten, to 323 basis points, down from 325.

per cent. Proceeds from both issues will be

dilution

BSES issue revives Indian **GDR** sector

By Antonia Sharpe

The market in Indian global depositary receipts sprang into life this week when BSES, India's largest private-sector power company, raised \$125m through a GDR offering. BSES's issue, the first Indian GDR of 1996, hreaks an eight-

han a share the second second second

month dry spell for the market which has been through a "boom and bust" experience over the past two years.

In 1994, India was the most active issuer of GDRs, with 39 offerings which raised more than \$3bo. Bot issoance slumped in 1995 to just three offerings totalling less than \$300m, mainly as a result of the Mexican peso crisis which turned international investors away from emerging markets. Mr Roddy Sale, head of capital markets at Jardine Fleming in India, the hank which

arranged the BSES offering, said international investors had placed orders worth \$900m but that \$125m was the maximum allowed hy the Indian finance ministry. YEN

Strong demand meant that BSES was able to price the GDRs. which represent three BSES shares each, at \$14.40 each or a premium of 3.87 per cent to the local share price. Jardine Fleming said BSES was the first to price an issue at a premium to the local market since October 1994.

BSES's offering is the first of several issues likely to come to market before the Indian elections in April. Larsen & Toobro, India's

higgest private-sector conused to finance acquisitions. Investors prefer convertible bond issues to be linked struction and engineering con-glomerate, and SAIL, India's to specific projects to limit earnings steel anthority, are in the process of launching GDR offer-Fees on both transactions were 2% per ings of more than \$100m each. cent. This is likely to have calmed bankers Bankers say there is a healthy who had feared that the 2 per cent fee on a number of deals in the piperecent sterling convertible for BAA, the line which are set to eccerge UK airports group, would set a precedent. once the elections are over.

Midland Bank deal best received of sterling trio

By Conner Middelmann In London and Raymond Colitt in Caracas

Three sterling issnes hit a quiet eurobond market yester-day, of which a £150m issue of step-up honds for Midland Bank, callabla after 10 years, was the most successful.

The launch yield spread of 115 basis points over gilts narrowed to 113 basis points as investors snapped np the high-yielding paper. The deal was fully sold by the time the syndicate broke, said lead HSBC. A £200m floating-rate note ue for the Northern Rock Building Society, tightly priced at an all-in cost of 8 basis points over Lihor, saw good

demand from UK institutions with open lines to the horrower, according to lead UBS. Another floater came from

Italy's IMI Bank, which issued £125m of bonds at an all-in cost of 16 over Libor. Both traded close to full-fees near the close. Elsewhere, Venezuela's finance minister, Mr Luis Raul Moter Avocar on Wednesday

Matos Azocar, on Wednesday said the Venezuelan government was considering placing \$200m of debt securities in the INTERNATIONAL

BONDS Italian market and \$500m of bonds in the US market. A DM750m seven year issue, for which a mandate was signed earlier this week, is expected to yield around 480-500 basis points over German government bonds.

• Standard & Poor's, the rating agency, has placed ratings of Compagnie Financière de Paribas, Banque Paribas and

related entities on CreditWatch with negative implications. CFP has a short-term rating of CFP has a short-term rating of A-1 and Banque Pathas' senior unsecured debt rating stands at A. S&P said the move reflected the falling profitabil-ity of Banque Paribes and the continuing impact of the fall in the French commercial property market on the group as a whole.

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S&P also affirmed its BB-ratings on Mexico's long term for-eign currancy obligations, eign currancy onigations, including Brady bonds and its BBB+/A-2 ratings on Mexico's long and short term peso-denominated obligations, though the outlook remains negative. negative.

long-term ratings of triple-A to several public-sector-backed honds and mortgage-backed bonds issued by Rkeinhyp (Rheinische Hypothekenbank).

Elsewhere, Moody's assigned

NEW INTERNATIONAL BOND ISSUES Fees % Borrower US DOLLARS Ausuisse-Lonza Fin§ia) CS First Boston/Goldma 2.50 230 2.00 89.96 Apr 2001 O-MARKS JP Morgan 100.14 Mar 2001 0.20 300 64 Goldman Sechs Daiwe Europe Daiwe Europe Daiwe Europe 0.375R 0.375 0.375 0.375 J-Cars Corpt J-Cars Corp IM(d) J-Cars Corp IM J-Cars Corp IM 100.00A 100.00 100.00 100.00 Mar 2001 Mar 2001 Mar 2001 Mar 2001 (c) 2.61 2.75 2.87 25bn Stan Stan Stan SWISS FRANCS Netional Australia Briter De NiB(e) UBS Credit Sukse 1.25 STD 100 100 3.25 3.25 101.65 Apr 1999 Dec 1999 STERLINO Northern Rock Bidg Soct Midland Bankig) IMI Bankig Cayments Apr 2001 undated Mar 2001 0.02R 0.63R 0.15R 200 150 125 99.89R 9.25 99.756R 99.732R +115(7%-06) HSBC Mids HSBC Mids FRENCH FRANCS Apr 2006 1143R +45(7%9-06) Credit Cremic/Onit Lyna 7.00 89.19R 1bn Valvo Group Finance LUXENBOURG FRANCS BCEE/Cerabert Cerimvest Cregern Inti Banko) 2bn 2bn 5.00() 102.65 Apr 2001 Jun 2001

GANADIAN DOLLARS Toyotz Credit Canada Apr 2001 1.875 +S(7%%-O1) C(BC Wood Gundy 100 7.00 PD 95R PESETAS Banco Bilbao Vizerv Kingdom of Sweden(s) 10bn 9.41 102.05 Dec 2026 2.25 MARKKAS 100.00R Mar 2001 1,875R CIBC Wood Gundy Nordic Investment Banks 100 7,03

Final terms, non-callable unless stated. Yield apread (over relevant gymt bond) at launch supplied by lead manager. «Unlisted, Sconvertible, 2 Floating-rate note, #Semi-ennual coupon, R: fixed re-offer price, fees shown at re-offer level, a) 10% Greenshoe, #yrs hard non-call, Conv. price/Sir1,138.FK1,197ShrS, b) 3-mth Libor +15bp. Capped at 9%. () 1-mth Libor +10bp. Payable 13th of each month. Issue backed by Auto Receivables, d) Three tranche backed byAuto Receivers. e) Fungible with SR125m. Plus 50 days accured () 3-mth Libor +5bp.Callable from April, g) Callable at par after 10%, then every Syra. If not everabled, coupon will reset to +215bp over prevailing Syr guit, h) 3-mth Libor +62,55p. () Until 3rd year, then steps-up to 7%% ps. () Long 1st coupon, s) Short 1st coupon.

Fierce investor appetite for new paper per cent and a conversion premium of 17.4

Convertible bond Issues yesterday from

Alusuisse-Lonza of Switzerland and

Ashanti Goldfields of Ghana went some

way to correcting the chronic supply/de-

mand imbalance in the market caused by

a scarcity of new issues and a rash of

WOR	LD BOI	ND PRI	CES							·			- Interio	-						1.1					_	_								
BENC	HMARN	GOVE	RNM	ENT BO	NDS				IN BUND	FUTURES	OPTIONS	(LIFFE) (DM250,000	points of 1	100%			FT-ACTUARIES	FOCED	INTERES	ST IND	ICES												
		Coupon	Red Date	Price	Dey's change	Yield		Month	Strike	Apr	May C	Jun -	Sep	Apr	Mary	Jun	Sep	Price Indices UK Gilbs	Thu Feb 29	Day's change %	Wed Feb 28	Accused	ytd						n coupen Feb 28					
Australia Austral Belgium Canada ' Denmark France Germeny	BTAN OAT Bund	10.000 6,125 7,000 8,750 8,000 7,000 7,250 0,000	02/06 02/06 05/08 12/05 03/06 10/00 03/06 01/06	108.0230 96.6400 100.9400 108.2200 102.5600 105.0000 104.0400 97,0300	-0.180 -0.220 -0.390 -0.100 -0.130 -0.230 -0.370	8,78 6,61 8,88 7,54 7,52 5,64 6,68 0,41	2.62 6.54 7.46 7.58 5.79 8.71 8.36	6.15 8.32 7.02 6.93	9600 9850 9700 Est. vol. to: italy 1 NoTio	NAL ITAL	AN GOVT	BOND	1.32 1,10 0.90 xus day's op (817P) FUT	0.82 1.12 m mt., Case	0.88 1.11 1.40 234430	1.10 1.33 1.58 Puts 145	1,90 2,15 2,48 131	1 Lip to 5 years (23) 2 5-15 years (20) 3 Over 15 years (9) 4 Irredeemables (6) 5 Al stocke (58) brdeer-linked	122.04 148.30 158.92 182.81 141.46	-0.09 -0.50 -0.90 -0.77 -0.42	122,15 147,04 160,49 184,23 142,07	2.04 2.77 2.04 3.65 2.40	1.21 2.52	5 yrs 15 yrs 20 yrs Irred †			8.51 8.42 8.40 8.46 8.46 			6,54	6,33	•	8.70 8.75 8.67	
ineland Italy Japan Nethertan Portugal Spain Sweden	No 129 No 162	8.000	08/06 09/05 03/09 09/05 01/06 02/05 01/06 02/05	100,5500 101,0000 115,8040 97,2240 97,1400 113,4700 102,8100 82,9430	-0.450 -0.540 -0.010 +0.240 -0.220 +0.060 +0.600 +0.590	7.91 10.33† 2.15 3.39 8.40 9.57 9.66	7.81 10.47 2.07 3.15 6.35 9.73 9.84	1,75 2,96 5,81 9,16	(LIFFE) Mar Jun III (TALIA) Strike	Open 110.90 110.50 N GOVT. B	Sett pro 110.00 109.59 KONED (1977	-0.6 -0.6 -0.6	2 111.	16 109. 30 109. NS (LIFFE)	.56 (19) Lina200	58187 9792 2m 100th		6 Up to 5 years (1) 7 Over 5 years (11) 8 All stocks (12) Average gross redemption y	196.39 163.72 183.86 wide are show	-0.24 -0.53 -0.52 m store. Cosp	196.86 184.70 184.84 xm Bande L	3.06 1.08 1.10 	0.63		3.	77 3	.74 3. .73 3. at yieki, yiz	88	1.51 3.51			D B		

Portugal 11.875 02/05 113.4700 +0.660 9.57 9.72 9.18 Spain 10.150 01/06 102.9100 +0.600 9.66 9.84 8.35 Sweden 6.000 02/05 82.9430 -0.580 8.84 8.91 8.23 UK Gits 8.000 12/06 96-11 -21/32 8.01 7.88 7.32 9.000 10/06 108-22 -26/32 8.14 7.96 7.48 US 7reasury 5.625 02/06 96-05 -24/32 6.15 8.35 6.01 ECU (French Govt) 7.500 04/05 101.6700 -0.370 7.24 7.20 6.66 London closing, Thew Yerk mid-day Yields: Local mented standard. 7 7.43 6.66 London closing, thew Yerk mid-day Yields: Local mented standard. 7 7.24 7.20 6.66 London closing, thew Yerk mid-day Source: MMS Internetonal Source: MMS Internetonal Source: MMS Internetonal Pricest US, UK in 32h	III TALIAN GOVT, BOND (BTP) FUTURES OPTIONS (UFFE) Linction 100% of 100% Strike CALLS PUTS Price Jun Sep Jun Sep 10950 2.10 2.76 2.01 3.08 11000 1.84 2.53 2.25 3.35 11050 1.60 2.32 2.51 3.64 Ext. vol. total, Galls 2:05 Puts 2764. Previous day's open int., Gale 45523 Puts 40615 Spain III NOTIONAL SPANISH BOND PUTURES (MEFF)	FT FIXED INTEREST INDICES GILT EDGED ACTIVITY INDICES Total Feb 29 Feb 29 Feb 27 Feb 28 Feb 27 Feb 28 Feb 28 Feb 27 Feb 28 Feb 28 <td< th=""></td<>
Latest Treacury 608a and Bond Yields Own month	Jun 95.50 95.64 +0.44 95.75 95.35 516 5.761 UK INOTIONAL UK GILT FUTURIES (LIFFE)* 550.000 32nds of 100%	Listed are the latest international bonds for which there is an adequate accordary market. Latest prices at 7:10 pm on February 29 Issued Eid Other Chg. Yield Issued Eid Other Chg. Yield Issued Eid Other Chg. Yield
Prime radii 54. Two manch 50.01 Throng year 55.11 Broker Ivan radii 7 Two manch 50.01 Throng year 67.3 South radii 50.01 Throng year 67.3 50.4 Throng year 67.3 Fodd and s. 51.2 Stic month 50.4 Throng year 6.11 Fodd and s. 51.2 Stic month 51.8 30-year 6.43 Fedd and at Intervention 0 me year 51.8 30-year 6.43	Open Sett price Change High Low Est. vol Open Int. Mar 107-02 106-14 -0-24 107-11 106-06 95067 63726 Jun 106-16 105-22 -0-26 106-20 105-15 37821 71617 It LONG GALT FUTURES OPTIONS (LIFFE) 250,000 64/that of 100% Strike PUTS	U.S. DOLLAR STRAMENTS Sweden 6 67 2500 108% 106% 3.99 Abbey Nad Treasury 8 03 £ 1000 96% 99 -1 8.21 Abbey Nad Treasury 6/2 00 100% 100% 100% 4 6.47 United Nordom 7% 97 5500 105% 3.87 Alterore Leice 11% 97 £ 100 105% 105% 4.80 Alterore Leice 11% 97 £ 100 105% 4.80 4.80 Alterore Leice 11% 97 £ 100 105% 4.80<
BOND FUTURES AND OPTIONS	Price Apr May Jun Sep Apr May Jun Sep 106 1-21 1-50 2-07 2-19 0-41 1-06 1-27 2-25 108 0-50 1-16 1-37 1-54 1-06 1-36 1-57 2-88 107 0-26 0-53 1-09 1-29 1-46 2-06 2-29 3-33 Ext. vol. total. Calls 4408 Pare 1550. Previous day's open int., calls 28205 Pare 34171 2-33 2-33 2-33	Austria 6/2 00 400 108% 108% -1 5.55 SWISSE FRANC STRAGHTS Hanson 10% 57 E 500 105 105% 6.69 4.00 Baster-Hundt L-Fn 6/2 00 1000 107% 1007/2 -3 5.55 Avista 6/2 00 1005 116% </td
France I Notional French Bond Futures (Matif) FFr500,000	Ecu	8702 73 97 150 102 ¹ / ₂
Open Sett price Change High Low Est. vol. Open trt. Mar 121.14 120.86 -0.08 121.29 120.56 190,839 149.021 Jun 121.20 120.86 -0.10 121.24 120.66 4,687 24,071 Sep 120.04 19.72 -0.10 120.04 120.04 2 2,411 LONG TERM FRENCH BOND OPTIONS (MATH) Strike PUTS PUTS	Bit ECU BOND FUTURES (MATIF) ECU100,000 Open Sett price Change High Low Est. vol. Open Int. Mar 88.52 89.44 +0.02 89.66 89.06 3,108 7,458 Jun 88.75 88.92 -0.42 88.76 88.78 275 ~	Caracte 5 ¹ / ₂ 05 1500 150 ¹ / ₂ 150 150 ¹ / ₂ 150 ¹ / ₂ 112 ¹ / ₁ 112 ¹ / ₂ 113 ¹ / ₂
Strike CALLS PUTSPUTS Pirca Mar Jun Sep Mar Jun Sep 119 1.86 2.70 0.81 -	E US TREASURY BOND FUTURES (CBT) \$100,000 32nds of 100%	EE 6 04 500 97 4 98 -2 6.37 World Bark 7 01 600 1144 1142 +3 3.82 FLOATING RATE NOTES EE 54 97 1000 105% 1054 -3 5.53
120 0.86 - - 1,13 - 121 1.39 0.14 1.54 - 122 0.96 1.1.4 - - 123 0.60 - - - Est vol total, Calls 21.307 Puta 17,099 Previous day's open int. Calls 215,557 Puta 211,750.	Open Latest Change High Low Est vol Open Int. Mar 114-25 114-08 -0-26 115-05 113-29 461.852 232,701 Jun 114-09 113-25 -0-25 114-22 113-14 101,025 163,645 Sep 113-26 113-04 -0-16 113-27 112-30 2.974 13,179 Japann	Bite cut France 9 99 200 105% 1/2 5.87 YEN STRAKHTS Ex-tra Benk Japan 6 12
Germany E NOTIONAL GERMAN BUND FUTURES (LIFFE): 0N/250,000 100255 of 10035	INOTIONAL LONG TERM JAPANESE GOVT. BOND FUTURES (LIFFE) Y100m 1000% of 100%	htt Sk Japan Fin 78 97 200 1024 1024 5.55 Kay 504 200000 1104 1102 4 3.52 Credit Lyonneis 0.20 98
Open Sett price Change High Low Est vol Open Int. Mar 97.30 97.05 -0.21 97.51 96.55 234433 123392 Jun 96.50 95.25 -0.24 96.72 95.96 28524 150514	Open Close Change High Low Est. vol Open int. Mer 118.86 118.73 1227 0 Jun 117.40 117.44 117.29 3322 0 * UFFE fotures also traded on APT. All Open interest figs. are for previous day. 0	International S-14 (17) 500 65-14 500 500 65-14 500 116-14 116-14 2,44 FED N47 MORT -13 00 1000 98.64 88.74 5.6520 International S-14 (17) 2000 97 97-14 1.661 Spain S-16 (12) 115-14 116-14 -2.20 Ferric chail State 0.10 97
UK GILTS PRICES		Manazartas Bec 74, 62 1000 104 % 105 % 6.41 0714ER STRANSHTS 1000 99.83 100.00 55625 100 100 99.83 100.00 55625 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10
	tdS2 week62 w	Center Kartenberrik 2/2 D1 2006 110% 110% - 5 000 Germanier 2 000 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 000 100 000 100 0000
1rea: 15%pc 1996## 1501 6.17 101%	797 10375, 1053. 575, hete-United (b) 800 9633 -43 10732 9453 2075 - 6753 - 0.86 21634 - 2167, 2044 800 97546 -43 10732 9453 2075 - 71559 1.50 2.58 1115, -71 1137, 1074 800 9754 -41 1034, 274 2087 11 - 7235 306 3.07 1775, -71 1765, 1024 808 994 -74 10433 953, 2597 03 - 71513 327 366 17754 -1 1764, 1021 7.63 1325, -74 1354, 11334 4507 0444 - 71515 327 366 1135, -11 1764 1021 7.63 1325, -74 1354, 11334 4507 0444 - 71515 327 366 1135, -11 1764 1021 7.63 1325, -74 1354, 11334 4507 0444 - 7155, 327 366 1135, -11 1764 1021	Outdoor Prv 8 88 700 705-% 105-% -4 8.00 Bed Canada 10% 80 (25 150 110% 111% 8.00 Nona Scala, 7, 99 500 99.95 100.005 5.4883 SAS 10 99 200 110% 110% 111% 8.00 101% 101% 111% 8.00 Scala, 7, 99 200 99.88 99.85 5.5300 SAS 10 99 150 110% 111% 101% 101% 101% 2.17 7.64 Ordinko 0 69 2000 99.88 99.85 5.5300 SAS 75 2/2 85 150 108 108 108 108 6.17 Faniso 0 98 2000 99.88 99.85 5.5300 Spain 5/2 89 150 108 108 108 100.01 5.6820 3.6820 5.802 100.00 99.77 99.00 5.6821 3.6820 100.01 5.6821 Syndem 6/2 00 101% 102% 2.815 Sanden 0 89 100.00 100.01 5.6872 100.00
inteal Day (pc 199); pt	All Cong Cong <thc< td=""><td>Termesee Veley 9 00 1000 100 μ 100 2 - 3 5.89 KW ht Fin 10 0 0 5 400 111 μ 111 5 - 1 727 Sweden - 1 0 1 200 99.64 99.67 5.1758 % 7amesee Veley 6-1 00 2000 99-1 100 - 2 6.49 Mapon 7el 7el 10-1 90 0 5 200 110-1 111 6.63 Talyo Sec Power 6-1 00 92-1 99-3 - 2 6.44 Onzono 200 0 5 1500 102-1 102-1 102-1 5.00 0 5 7.55 COMVENTIBLE SONDE</td></thc<>	Termesee Veley 9 00 1000 100 μ 100 2 - 3 5.89 KW ht Fin 10 0 0 5 400 111 μ 111 5 - 1 727 Sweden - 1 0 1 200 99.64 99.67 5.1758 % 7amesee Veley 6-1 00 2000 99-1 100 - 2 6.49 Mapon 7el 7el 10-1 90 0 5 200 110-1 111 6.63 Talyo Sec Power 6-1 00 92-1 99-3 - 2 6.44 Onzono 200 0 5 1500 102-1 102-1 102-1 5.00 0 5 7.55 COMVENTIBLE SONDE
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Exch 1/20 1990 6 91 892 1062	Prospective real redemption rate on projected inflation of (1) 10% and (2) 5%, (b) Rigures in parentheses show RPI base for Indexton 6 6 B months prior to issuel and there been adjusted to	World Bank 94, 97 1500 1034 10312 -3 5.33 Council Europe 9 01 Ecu 1100 11042 11042 +4 6.79 Ceard Mayorine /2 00 76 0 1.37 11275 12342 +16.27 Credit Foncier 9/9 04 Ecu 1000 975 984 6.00 Hanson 9/2 06 2 710 4.37 1125 1135 +15.27 Dermet 4.0 02 For 1000 975 984 6.00 Hanson 9/2 06 2 500 2.48 100 246 (30.33)
Conversion 104 pc 1899 . 0.32 7 14 10945 - 11215 10549 Trees 9pc 201212	millect rebusing of RPA to 100 In February 1987. Convention 8.28 105313 1123 10135 bactor 3.945. RPI for June 1985: 149.9 and for January 1985: 8.28 106313 1133. 1025	Austria 64: 24 2000 80 90's +4 7.25 EC 6 00 Ecu 1700 95's 99'z -3 6.09 Hong Kong Land 401 420 235375 01's 01's 173.28 Baden-Huert L-Finance 8 06 2000 100's 103'z -3 4.33 E33 10 01 Ecu 1150 174's 114's 6.53 Land See 6 16 22 84 47 972 13.28
Treas 14pt 1998-1		Dermark 54,06 2000 103-5 1037 4.24 text 103 00 Ecu 100 114-5 116 6.58 MBau Bank 27,00 1
Trical Bpc 2015	8.32 1042 -15 1115 1003 Rotes int Red Price 2 + or - High Low	EEC 61-00 2000 100 Ja 104 2 41 527 Comm Bit Aerosalla 134, 99 AS 100 115 12 116 41 6.48 Ogdan 810 5 5 50 50.077 98 617 98 617 455 5 50 50.077 98 617 455 5 50 50.077 98 617 455 5 50 50.077 98 617 455 5 50 50.077 98 617 455 5 50 50.077 58 517 50 50.077 58 517 50 50.077 58 517 50 50.077 58 517 517 517 517 517 517 517 517 517 517
How to Filtness Years 9 04 2.40 1105 m - 11 114 1043 Treass 700 5001 ±	B*barn 11*bpc 2012	Ibily 71, 80
1maas 10pc 2003 8/06 7,756 112/yed1 117,2, 1057, Condense 9/yoct 6/4 Transe 11/ypc 2001-4 9/89 7,56 116-7,5 119(j) 109(j) War Lean 3/yoct + 8,33 Facebook 3/yoc 1990-4 4.38 6,558 66 -/-3 632(j) 7042 / 1045 1994 40 5 5 0	- 59%	STRAGHT BONDS: The yield is the yield to redengtion of the bio-plots; the accurate second second yours, Characterized and a in millions of controly units, Characterized and and the provide indicated. Coupling and an in millions of another provide indicated and the provide and the provide indicated and t
Operation 91-pt: 2004	- 56%	CONVENTIBLE BONDS: Denominated in dollare unless otherwise industed. Cas, prise-Moninal accurat of bond per share expressed in currency of share of convesion rate fixed at issue. PermaPercentage previous of the current effective price of acquiring shares we the bond over the most price of the shares.
• "Tep" sock 22 Tax-bee to non-readents on application. E Auction basis, at Ex dividend, Coaing mi Prospective real index-Laved redemption yields are calculated by HSBC Greenwell from Bank of English	ki-prices are shown in pounds per £100 nominal of stock. d closing prices.	C The Franchal Times Ltd., 1985. Reproduction in whole or in part in any form not permitted without written consent. Data supplied by international Secontees Martest Association.



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FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY MARCH 1 1996

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MARKETS REPORT

unchanged.

analysts said.

adjustments to exchange con-

the UK's trade gap with the rest of the world was virtually

unchanged between November

and December but the deficit

with countries outside the EU

The Italian lira, Swedish

Closing mid-point

15.8242

48.2592 8.6944 8.9581 7.7131 2.2500

358.893

2383.37

48 2502 2.5191 9.7960 283.582

189.403

10.3337

1,2170

1.5307

1.5076

11.8655

CROSS RATES AND DERIVATIVES

1.5309

- 1.044100

Change on day

Bid/offer spread

+0.0048 165 - 175

-0.0041 304 - 309

-0.0016 070 - 081 -0.013 994 - 007 +0.0787 486 - 823

-0.0042 307 - 311

krona and French franc failed

to extend recent gains against

widened in January.

POUND SPOT FORM

BESEESTERSESESSER

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(MS) (M23) (Paso) (SR) (SR) (SR) (SR) (SR) (SR) (SR)

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Feb 29

Europe Austria Belgium Denmark Finland France Germany Greece Instand Italy Lustembo Netherlan

Norway

Spain Sweden Switzert UK Ecu SDR† America

Argentina Brazil Canada

Mexico

Australia. (AS) Hong Kong (HKS) India (Pis) Israel (Shid

USA

Japan

Malays

New Zeetand Philippines Saudi Arabia

Singapons South Africa

South Korea

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trols are to be made soon.

CURRENCIES AND MONEY

Dollar rises after German rates are left unchanged By Graham Bowley

المستحد والمراجع والمتحد والمراجع والمتحد والمراجع
the D.Mark. Sterling finished against the D-Mark et DM2.25 from The dollar strengthened on the foreign exchanges yesterday despite the Bundesbank's deci-DM2 2438 at the previous close. It closed weaker against the dollar at \$1.5309 from \$1.5351. sion to leave interest rates The dollar finished in Europe The US currency was under-

at Y105.17 from Y104.39, and et pinned by Bank of Japan sup-port and by continued bearish-DM1.4697 from DM1.4614. The Italian lira closed unchanged at L1,059 against the D-Mark. The French franc ness towards the D-Mark, The South African rand weakened after further rumours that President Nelson was also unchanged at FFr3.428. The Swedish krona Mandela was unwell and on

finished at SKr4.591 from SKr4.588 against the D-Mark. renewed speculation that The Bundeshank cooled expectations of further interest The pound did better against the D-Mark, helped by the stronger dollar. Data showed

rate cuts when it left its dis-count and Lombard rates unchanged at its regular council meeting and fixed the repo rate at 3.3 per cent for the next

E Peut	d in Ken Yo	rk
Feb 28		- Prev. close
£ apot	1.5330	1.5330
1 mit	1.5319	1.5310
3 milt	1.5300	1.5300

Day's Mid high low

1.2179 1.2142

1.5327 1.5285 1.5081 1.5032 2,1126 2.0958

11.6823 11.5841

1.5390

 1,2003
 -0.0042
 201
 -0.0107
 012
 020
 1,2003
 1,2004
 -0.0107
 012
 020
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 -0.0104
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 012
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 -0.0104
 -0.0023
 336
 -377
 11.8518
 11.8518
 11.8254
 1.1

 0
 17.8558
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 509
 4.74016
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 724
 40.0442
 39.9977
 -

1.5032

1.5287

One month Rate %PA

1.4

2.0964 0.9 2.0957

0.8

1.2129

1.5279

22777 -2.0 2.2909 -3.0 2.3247 -2.2

1.2156

1.5295

two weeks. Despite the move, the dollar found support from investors. Analysts said the US currency has moved back into favour after good trade data on Wednesday and after a recent firming of US interest rate expectations. Futures markets suggest that e less severe easing of US interest rates is now anticipated, analysts said. But the dollar's better performance was also a reflection of increased bearishness towards

the D-Mark, analysts said. "There is a fundamental baarishnesa towards the D-Mark to do with the belief that interest rates are set to fall but also people are nervous

that the economy is stumb-ling," said Mr Adrian Cunningham at UBS in London. Ms Ros Lifton, bond analyst at Daiwa in London, said that she was convinced German interest rates would fall soon although this expectation was not yet reflected in the money markets - the June euromark

Three months One year Bank of Rate %PA Rate %PA Eng. Index

2.6 2.6 45,0942 2.5 1.5 9,6562 1.9 0.7 1.9 7,6024 1.4 2.7 2,1929 2.5

1.0 0.9655

1.0 0.9655 -3.9 2465.62 2.9 245.042 2.9 24526 0.8 9.7159 -2.3 -0.2 10.3465 4.3 1.7632

1.201

2.0858

1.5182

2.0921

1.3

0.8

0.8

-1.3

11.813 0.8 11.768 0.8 158.75 5.6 152.855 5.1

Germany Reporte (%) 5.0 1995 96

contract was discounting an interest rate of 3.3 per cent, the same as the current repo rate,

latest Merrill Lynch investor aurvey.

Closing Change mid-point on day

10.3366 30.2170 5.6793 4.5461 5.0383 1.4697 240.965

1.5753 1558.84 30.2170 1.6455 8.3988 152.565

123,720 6,7501 1,1985 1,5309 1,2580

0.68660

0.99999 0.9848 1.3718

7,6200

East/Africa (AE) 1.3077 (HKS) 7.7313 (Fe) 34.8750 (ShK) 3.1004 (MS) 2.5488 (N2S) 1.4852 (Poeo) 26.1550 (SF) 3.7505 (SF) 1.4122 (Fe) 3.87505 (SF) 1.4122 (Fe) 3.87505 (SF) 1.4122 (Fe) 3.87505 (SF) 1.4122 (Fe) 3.87505 (SF) 1.4452 (Fe) 3.87505 (SF) 1.4452 (Fe) 3.87505 (SF) 1.4452 (Fe) 3.87505 (SF) 1.4452 (Fe) 3.87505 (SF) 3.7505 (SF

(Pasc) (PS) (CS) Pasc) (S)

Theilend (89, 25,2100 † 60R new per \$ for Fab 26, Biologies method but are implied to 26, Biologies

DOLLAR SPOT FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR

Sid/other spread

+0.0552 341 - 350 +0.217 120 - 220 +0.034 775 - 610 +0.0281 419 - 488 +0.0285 375 - 390 +0.0083 894 - 700 -1.0083 894 - 700 -9.64 600 - 768 +0.217 120 - 220 +0.0108 450 - 460 +0.0237 958 - 019

+0.81 520 - 610 +0.845 680 - 750 +0.845 680 - 750 +0.0445 458 - 545 +0.0075 980 - 890 -0.0042 307 - 311 -0.0054 576 - 583

+0.0019 845 - 850 -0.0048 715 - 720 +0.0725 100 - 300

998 - 999

Dary's midi high low

10.3630 10.3100 10.208 30.2220 30.1000 30.172 5.6940 5.6686 5.6759 4.5620 4.5046 4.5408 5.0505 5.0250 5.0342 1.4739 1.4655 1.4676 242.030 240.210 242.54 1.5760 1.5697 1.5758 1560.25 1548.92 1563.19 30.2220 30.1000 30.165 1.6500 1.8415 1.8424 8.4141 6.3500 5.3665 152.690 151.230 152.84 123.960 123.380 124.115 8.7664 0.6973 125.98 1.2038 1.1956 1.1949 1.5330 1.5287 1.5298 1.2827 1.2583 1.2598

0.9999 0.9996

0.9850 0.9832 1.3780 1.3704 7.6400 7.8100

The survey of almost 100 large institutional investors pointed to a large switch of investment funds out of the D-Mark into dollars over the last three months.

Mr Joe Prendergest, currency strategist et Merrill Lynch in London, said: "This result explains why there has been limited success in pushing the dollar to the upside." In such an overweight market there was a risk that any had news could have a large negative impact on the dollar, Merrill warned.

Investors are also still extremely underweight in yen, reflecting investors' teodency to borrow in yen but to invest in higher yielding currencies such as the dollar, the survey showed.

The Czech central bank again intervened to support the koruna following Wednesday's decision to widen the exchange rate hands within which the currency moves.

"It is clear the authorities want to keep the currency near the central rate but it is also clear that a lot of foreign investors are nervous," said Mr Andrew Kenningham, an analyst et Merrill Lynch in London. He said there might be renewed downward pressure on the currency after elections in May if the current account continued to deteriorate. Weakness in the South African rand resumed after a few days of stability. Mr Graham Bell, analyst at Standard Bank

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in London, said the rand would continue to trade in a range of around R3.75 to R3.90 against the dollar hat that it would weaken later this year when exchange control changes were introduced

I OTHER CURRENCIES

One month Three months One year J.P. Morg Rate %PA Rate %PA Rate %PA index

1.8 0.6 1.1 0.8 1.0

-0.1 -4.7 1.9 2.3 0.7

-30 -3.7 -2.9 3.5 0.9

1.8 10.2891 1.8 30.06 0.7 5.6703 1.2 4.5321 1.0 5.0288 1.7 1.483 -7.8 245.79 -0.2 1.5758 -4.9 1574.94 2.1 30.077 2.2 1.655 0.4 6.3883 -3.0 8.7966 3.9 1.5279 -0.3 1.2587 -0.5 1.5279 -0.5 1.5279

1.372 -0.1 1.372 -0.1 7.6223 -0.4 7.6254 -0.3

1.3097 -1.9 7.732 -0.1 34.825 -5.2

ds in the Dofer Boot table show only the last three ductional places. Roward rates are not directly quoted to as. UK, instand & ECU are quoted in US currency. J.P. Morgan nominal indices Feb 28: Base average 1990–1

Feb 29	E	5
Casch Ro	41 7743 . 41.8618	27.2910 . 27.3410
Hangary	217.329 . 217.462	141.930 - 142.030
inter.	4593.SU · 4592.10	3000.00 - 3000.00
Kinnatt	04569 · 04573	0.2985 · 0.2967
Poland	19155 - 3.9196	25580 - 25800
1000	7399.BT · 7402.46	4633.00 - 4836.00
UAE	5 6210 · 5.6240	3.6722 - 3.6732

10.1666 29.747 5.6969 4.5156 5.0143 1.4464

1.5698

1625.84 29.772 1.6138 6.3713

157.315 128.34 6.8341 1,1642 1.5162

1,2593

1.3771

7.6303

03 -4.4 1.5 1.9

-37 -2.7 2.9

-0.1

-8.0 260.465

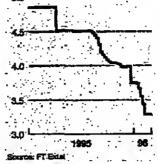
HONEY R/	ATES							
Nebruary 29	Over	one month	Three mths	Stx mtha	One year	Lomb. inter.	Die. Note	Repo
Belgium	32	34	34	9 <u>1</u>	32	7.00	3.00	-
week ago	36	3	3%	30	31	7.00	3.00	-
France	4%	44	44	44	43	3.90	-	5.60
week ago	44	43	42	41	496	3.80	-	5.60
Germany	34	34	34	34	34	5.00	3,00	S.30
week ago	3%	34	3%	32	31	5.00	3,00	3.90
troland.	51	54	54	54	5%	-	-	6.25
week ago	81	54	5%	51	62	-	-	6.25
caly	0 <u>4</u>	83	85	9%	9%	-	8.00	9.72
week ago	10%	98	97	9%	9%	-	9.00	6.72
Netherlands	34	3%	3%	3%	314	-	3.00	3.30
week ago	34	3%	3%	34	34	-	3.00	3.30
Switzerland	14	18	13	1%	18	5.00	1.50	-
week ago	1%	1	19	1¥	2	5.00	1.50	-
US.	5%	51	52	52	514	-	5.00	-
week ago	5%	5%	58	5%	5%	-	5,00	-
lapan	4	71		£		-	0.60	-
week ago	3	7	÷		1	-	0.50	-
S LIBOR FT 1	ondon							
Interbenk Fixing	-	54	54	54	54	-	-	-
week sgo	•	54	514	54	52	-	-	-
US Dollar CDs	~	4,88	4.91	4.94	5.02	-	-	-
week ago	-	4,88	4.98	6.00	5.01	~	-	-
ECU Linked De	-	48	43	44	42	-	-	-
week ago	~	42	4%	412	42	-	-	-
SDR Linked Ds	-	36	33	3%	33		-	-
week ago	~	38	32	34	34	-	-	-
S LIBOR Interbenk (tis 11 are each work Westminister. Mid rates are show EURO CUS	n for the da	ne beniet i meetic Ma	are: Benk may Rose	una Truint, IL USS CE	Bank of De. ECU &	Tokyo, Bi	actiya ai	nd Natio
				One	Three	8		One
Feb 29	Short	7 day						

29

	te	m n	otice	month	monthe	monthe	year
Belgian Fran	c 343	· 3월 3월 - 3월 4월		311 - 3 ¹ 4	34.34	33 - 33	312 · 345
Danish Krone	4.3	- 33 44		44	42 - 43	418 - 413	44 . 43
D-Mark	3.2	-3 <u>8</u> Sh	- 34 3	<u>41</u> - 34	31 . 34	3-2 - 3-2	312 - 311
Dutch Guilde	a 3,3		· 36 3	36 36	3.6 - 3.6	3 3 3 3	93 - 3 ⁷
French Franc	44	44 42	44 4	44	416 - 428	412 - 43	45 . 412
Portuguese I	Esc. 818	· 715 81	8-9 8	4s - 73	818 - 753	84 - 753	8人 - 7祖
Spanish Pee	eta 9 <u>33</u>	- 623 833		93) - B*a	6l2 · 8l2	8.4 - 8.	9 ¹ 2 - 8 ¹ 4
Sterling		- 64 61		4 676	6 ¹ 6 · 6 ¹ 16	6 ¹ 8 - 616	632 - 632
Swes Franc		- 12 15	1 12 1	176 - 176	1歳 - 1歳	134 - 153	1븮 - 1칭
Can. Dollar				5-4 5 ¹	54 - 54	5.6 - 5.6	516 . 516
US Dollar				5-a - 54	54 - 54	54 5	5% - 5 ¹
imien Ura				10 - 9%	10 9]5	912 - 913	94 - 95
Yen			- 11	1 - 7	5 - 2	33 - 78	1 - 7
Asian SSing		- 13 13		12 - 12	2 ¹ 8 · 2	2 ³ 9 - 2 ¹ 4	24 - 25
Short term ni						cliered rate ((FFrSm)
	Open	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est. vol	Open int.
Mar	95.62	95.56	-0.02	95.64	95.54	25,498	50,207
Jun	95.62	95.57	-0.02	95.68	95.54	18,719	57,986
Sep	95.57	95.52	-0.03	95.62	95.50	5,983	47,064
THREE	MONTH S	UROMAR	K FUTUR	ES (LIFFE)	DM1m po	ints of 1009	i
1.0	Open	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est, vol	Open int.
Mar	96.67	98.66	-0.01	96,70	96.62	34035	152638
Jun	96.74	96.71	-0.02	96.77	96.67	52960	185732
Sep	95.59	96.57	-0.01	96.64	98.50	43279	193221
Dec	96.32	96.28	-0.01	96.38	96.19	52363	191864
						ints of 100%	
	Open	Set price	Change	High	Low	Est. vol	Open int.
Mar	90.35	90.22	-0.08	90.38	90.19	9109	36106
Jun	90.88	90.70	-0.14	90.93	90.88	14508	33491
Sep	91.23	81.08	-0.10	61.25	91.D6	1585	18549
Dec	91.28	81.17	-0.06	61.28	81.14	1091	12763
						SFr1m points	
	Open	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est. vot	Open Int.
Mar	98.83	98.28	-0.02	98.33	98.27	3423	19766
Jun	98.25	98.19	-0.03	98.26	D8.16	5884	20227
Sap	96.07	98.01	-0.04	98,09	97.99	2205	12222
Dec	97.77	97.71	-0.04	67,80	87.71	2195	8847
	Open	Sett price	_		Low	Est, vol	Open int
Mer	95,34	95.32	-0.01	95,38	95,29	1111	7154
Jun	95.43	95.40	~~~	95.47	95.37	807	5139
Sep	85.35	96.29	-0.03	95.38	95.30	81	3075
Dac	95.18	95.07	-0.09	85.16	95.10	12	3130
· LIFTE future					00010		
EUROLL			L1000m	points of 1	00%		
Sufke	-	_	us			- PUTS -	
Price	Ma		in .	Sep	Mar	Jun	Sep
8000	0.28			1.29	0.07	0.18	0.21
9025	0.10			1.10	0.07	0.16	0.27
8050	0,10			0.92	0.33	0.33	0.27
000				0.02	0.00	6.00	-

↑ Rates for Feb 28 Bid/offer aproace in the Pound Spot table show only the last three decimal places. Foreard are implied by current interest rates. Starting index calculated by the Bank of England, Bank everyan 1990 Midrates in body shis and, the Dode Spot sector calculated in Tis WARREDITIES CLOSENS SPOT FATES.

Est. vol. sont, Calls 600 Puss 2. Provious day's open int., Calls 28548 Puts 20560



Institutional investors around the world have raised their exposure to the dollar to the highest level for almost three years, according to the

she pointed out.

Feb 29

Europe Austria Betgium Derumark Finiand France Genece Iraland Italy Normary Portugal Spein Swetcen Switzerfand UK Ecu SDRT

America

American Argentina Brazil Canade Mexico USA Pecific/I Australia

Australia

Hong Kong India Japan Malayala

New Zasland Philippines Saudi Arabia

Singapone South Africa South Korea

Talwan Thailand

108.2 109.1 64.5 109.5 110.4 68.2 97.5 73.9 108.2 108.4 69.0 95.23 82.0 67.1 113.6

83.5

83.7

95.4

89.2

138.0

105.1

0.7 -\$4 2.5 2.6 0.8

-2.3 -0.1 3.9

1.3

0.7

0.8

CRUSS RATES AND DERIVATIVES			
Destmark (Dkr) 63.21 10 8.872 2.588 1.119 2741 2.897 France. (FH) 59.86 11.27 10 2.917 1.260 3090 3.266 Germany (DM) 20.56 3.854 3.428 1 0.432 1059 1.120 Indemnd 02 47.59 8.944 7.935 2.315 1 2452 2.582	NRCr En Pta SNCr SFY E CS S Y Ecu 21.16 505.0 408.4 22.33 5.967 2.162 4.540 3.310 548.0 2.631 11.27 268.7 217.9 11.36 2.111 1.150 2.415 1.2761 195.2 1.400 12.70 302.9 243.56 13.399 2.373 1.9865 206.7 1.578 4.354 103.8 64.19 4.591 0.818 0.444 0.933 0.800 71.568 0.551 10.06 240.3 194.8 10.53 1.888 1.029 2.160 1.575 165.8 1.222 0.411 8.033 7.948 0.453 0.084 6.756 0.051	FUTURES SOPTIONS TRADERS REAM DYNERS A COMMUNITY SERVICE SS DOWER STREET, LONDON WIX SEB TEL 0171 629 1133 FAX: 0171 495 0022	<u>sfa</u>
Netbertande (F0 18.36 3.451 3.062 0.893 0.386 948.0 1 Norway (NG) 47.22 8.875 7.874 2.297 0.992 2433 2.571 Portogel (Ed) 19.80 8.722 3.302 0.963 0.416 1020 1.078	3,889 92,74 75,18 4,101 0,726 0,397 0,834 0,608 63,91 0,483 10 238,5 193,3 10,55 1,373 1,021 2,144 1,563 164,4 1,242 4,193 10, 91,08 4,422 0,786 0,429 0,489 0,655 68,92 0,321	Union FUTURES AND OPTIONS TRADING Clearing and Execution Service 24 hrs	THE SECURITIES AND FUTURES AUTHORITY
Spain (Pu) 24.42 4.590 4.072 1.188 0.513 1258 1.330 Sweden (Ský) 44.78 8.419 7.467 2.178 0.941 2307 2.439 Sweden (Ský) 45.78 8.419 7.467 2.178 0.951 1298 1.373 Sweden (Ský) 45.72 4.738 4.203 1.226 0.630 1299 1.373 UK (2) 49.26 8.694 7.713 2.250 0.972 2383 2.519	5,172 123,3 100, 5,454 0,969 0,528 1,108 0,808 65,01 0,643 9,483 228,1 183,3 10 1,776 0,968 2,033 1,482 155,9 1,179 6,338 127,3 103,2 5,629 1 0,545 1,144 0,834 87,74 0,685 8,796 238,6 188,4 10,33 1,835 1 2,100 1,551 161,0 1,217	Clearing and Execution Service 24 hrs Tel: +44 171 329 3030 Fax: +44 171 329 3919	"Rolling Spot Forex" Business
US (\$) 30.22 5.679 5.038 1.470 0.635 1556 1.645 Jacobi (*) 28.73 5.400 4.791 1.398 0.604 1480 1.565	4.685 111.2 90.19 4.919 0.874 0.478 1 0.729 76.57 0.680 6.398 152.2 123.7 6.747 1.199 0.653 1.372 1 105.2 0.795 6.084 145.1 117.6 6.412 1.140 0.821 1.304 0.851 100. 0.755	PHILLIP ALENANDER FUTURES & OPTIONS	A message for investors
Ecu 38.01 7,144 6.398 1.849 0.799 1958 2.070 Danish Kroner, France, Norwegien Kroner, and Swedish Kroner per 10; Beigien Franc, Yerr, Eso D-D-MARIX FUTURIES (IMM) DM 125,000 per DM	8.049 191.9 155.6 8.488 1.508 0.822 1.726 1.258 1.32.3 1 udo, Lins and Peneta per 100, IF JAPA MESSE YEAN PUTUMEES (SNM) Yen 12.5 per Yen 100	SECURITIES AND FUTURES LIMITED FROM	As of today (March 1st 1996), firms offering "rolling spot forex" dealing services should have applied for
Open Latest Change High Low Est. vol Open Int. Mer 0.6823 0.6808 -0.0017 0.8808 0.5789 45,278 70,241	Open Latest Change High Low Est. vol Open int. Mar 0.9588 0.9533 -0.0077 0.9588 0.9519 17,639 54,574 Jun 0.9771 0.9636 -0.0024 0.9701 0.9528 952 5,785	Tel: (44) 171 417 9720 For: (44) 171 417 9719 DJ Z TURN	authorisation under the Financial Services Act.
Jun 0.6849 0.6839 -0.0067 0.6639 0.6621 2,504 9,176 Sep 0.6860 0.6866 -0.0062 0.6669 0.6660 171 1,599	Jun 0.9701 0.9836 -0.0084 0.9701 0.9028 962 5,786 Sep - 0.9798 - 0.9617 0.9788 97 885 In StenLing Putumes (MAX) 982,500 per 2	O A ME THE A MARKET End of Ber parts markes O Optional Darting Schwarz incl. In	 If you are a customer of one of these firms you can check if it has applied for authorisation by celling SFA's
Mar 0.8380 0.8346 -0.0132 0.8346 0.8319 16,527 35,364 Jun 0.8460 0.8419 -0.0037 0.8419 0.8368 443 2,280 Sap 0.8600 0.8600 - 0.8600 0.8600 107 340	Mar 1,5344 1,5284 -0,0114 1,5302 1,5278 12,132 40,980 Jun 1,5280 1,8250 -0,0118 1,5270 1,5240 180 10,580 Sep - 1,5380 1,5230 3 9	O cliff liner Jarito biel millio Residenti O plith2000 Yi ya at daily seared lateres data sa O Di Bata biel-si-si-Day Price Robised. All meter cantale Sature	 Information Line on 01426 944403. If the firm you are dealing with is not included in that
Sep Calculation and a second sec	EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES	Hore Information: the Election Valid, 78 Floot Stevet, London ECAY 1H17, Tot: +44 (0) 1771 842 4008	Information Line you should contact the Securities and Investments Board on 0171 638 1240 immediately.
UK INTEREST RATES LONDON MONEY RATES Entra 20 Over 7 days One Three Stx One	Feb 29 Ecu car. Rate ageinst Ecu Change on day % +/- tram % spread Div. Spain 162.483 198.299 +0.119 -1.97 5.17 14 Natherlands 2.18214 2.11914 +0.00236 -1.53 4.71 11		 The Information Line will be updated once applications have been processed.
intertainty $7^{1}2 - 8^{1}8$ $6^{-}_{15} - 6^{-}_{15} - 6^{-}_{15}$ $6^{-}_{15} - 6^{-}_{15} -$	Belgiam 39,3960 38,3058 +0,0449 -1,24 4,40 9 Austria 13,4383 13,5132 +0,0175 -0,93 4,07 7 Comment 191007 186282 +0,0175 -0,90 4,04 9	Present Arganization a faren ana conta England, not dianan ing south Careford Andre Dealing Deak Careford Antheory Contractions and a south and the south Contraction of the south	 Uotil authorisatioo is granted you will oot eojoy the protections offered by the Financial Services Act, such as
Starting CDs 01.6 51.6	Portugui 195,782 196,235 -0.094 0.23 2.87 -2 Dearmark 7.25580 7.31207 +0.00685 0.35 2.73 -2 France 6.49605 +428-05 1.23 1.64 -10 Inviewd 0.792214 0.516789 -0.002378 3.10 0.00 -21	SPREAD BETTING ON OVER EIGHTY MARKETS We are mapers in under famile and commodifies sensed bring * Remo 7.35ma - 9.35ma. We are able to spen	the investors compensation scheme. Notice issued by the Securities and Fotures Authority,
Lifk clearing bank base tending rate 64, per cent from Jenuary 16, 1986 Lip to 1 1-3 3-6 6-8 9-12 month month months months months months	NON ERM MEMBERS Greece 292,867 310,077 -0.067 5.88 -2.62 - Italy 2106.15 1998,72 -7.94 -5.10 8.64 -	CITY INDEX	Cottons Centre, Cottons Lane, London SEI 2QB. SFA is responsible for regulating members of all the
	URC . 0.786552 0.640431 -0.002775 5.84 -3.50 - Equicational rates ext by the European Commission, Currencies are in descending index strength.	Margined FOREX	organised City investment markets, i.e. the stock market, eurobond, financial futures, commodity futures markets
Certs of Tax dep. (2100,000) 2 ¹ 2 5 ¹ 2. 5 5 44 Certs of Tax dep. under E100,000 is 2 ¹ 3pc. Departs withdrawn for cash 1 ¹ 4pc. Aus. tender sate of discourt 5,92800pc. BOOD Band sate 3 ¹ 30. Export Finance, Netae up day Feb 20, Aus. tender sate of discourt 5,92800 to Apr 20, 1996, Scherove II & II 7,43pc. Relevence rate for 1396, Agreed cats for period Mar 20, 1996 to Apr 20, 1996, Scherove II & II 7,43pc. Relevence rate for 1396, Agreed cats for period Mar 20, 1998, Scheros W & V 8,233pc. Finance Huse Base Rele 8,3pc hom period Feb 1, 1996 to Reb 29, 1998, Scheros W & V 8,233pc.	relia between two apreses: the percentage difference between the sound market and Ecu central relies for a currency, and the maximum permitted percentage deviation of the currency's market rate from its Ecu centre; relit. (1779/82) Starling and Italian Une exapended from ERA, Adjustment celobated by the Financial Times.	Margined FOREX The deside Contractions of the Veries House, 125 Fragbury Pavement London ECIA 1PA	and also corporate finance specialists and off market traders. Around 1,350 firms are regulated by SFA.
March 1, 1996 THERE March 1, 1996 THESE BOORTH STERLING FUTURIES (LIFFE) 2500,000 points of 100% Open Sett price Change High Low Est, vol Open Int. Open Sett price Change High Low Est, vol Open Int. 0 93.92 93.92 93.93 7996 63510	Brites CALLS CALLS Price Ner Acr May	TEL 0,174 633 2028	
Jun 94.01 93.99 - 94.04 93.93 2002 10019 Jun 94.01 93.97 -0.02 95.94 93.82 13091 55779 Sep 93.91 93.87 -0.02 95.94 93.82 13091 55779	1.500 3.23 3.48 3.88 0.08 0.40 0.80 1.510 2.35 2.70 3.18 0.18 0.55 1.11	ALESHART Companies available. For 100 page RGE colour brockure contact:	CENTRALE NUCLEARE EUROPEENNE A NEUTRONS RAPEDES
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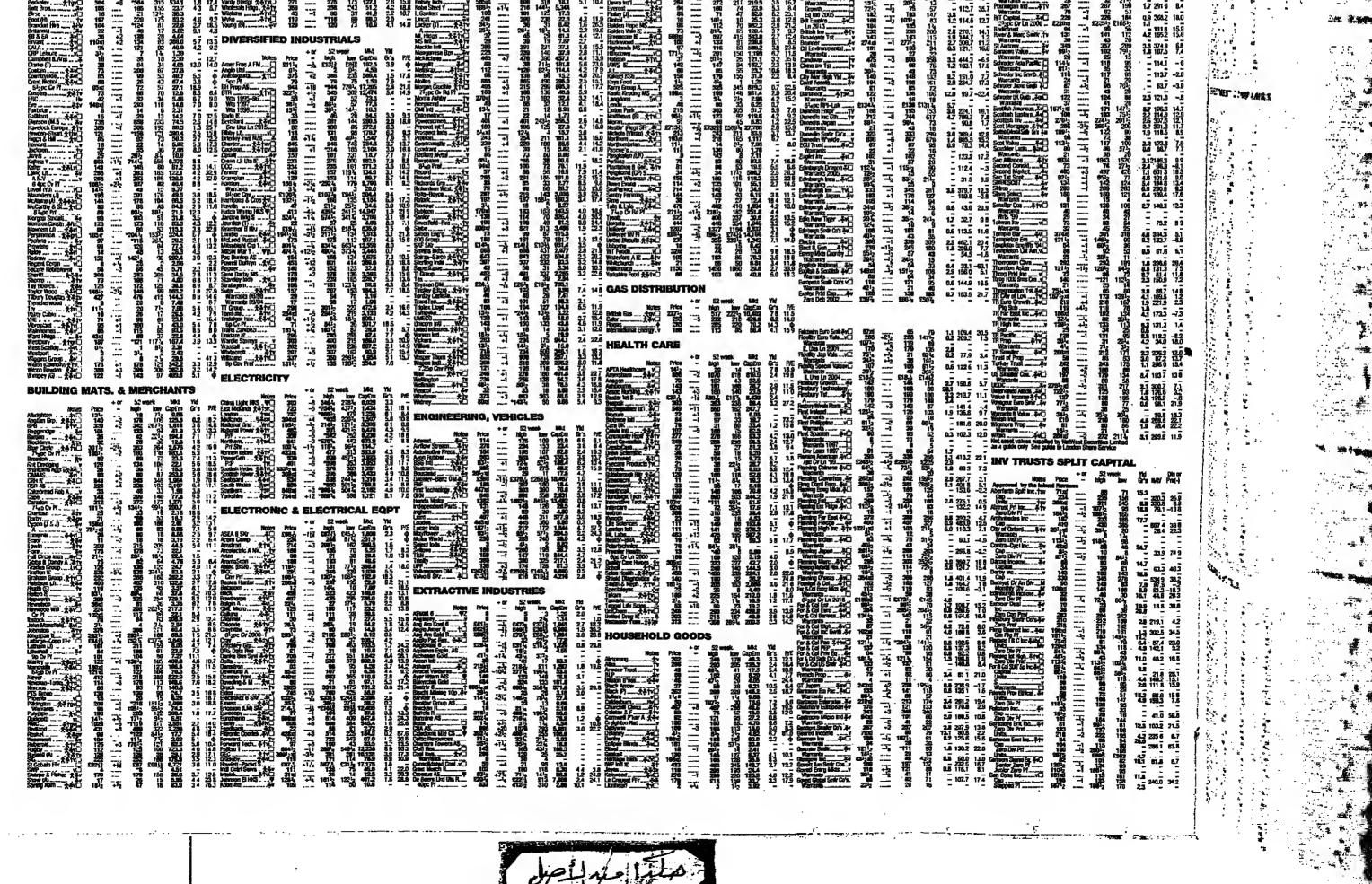
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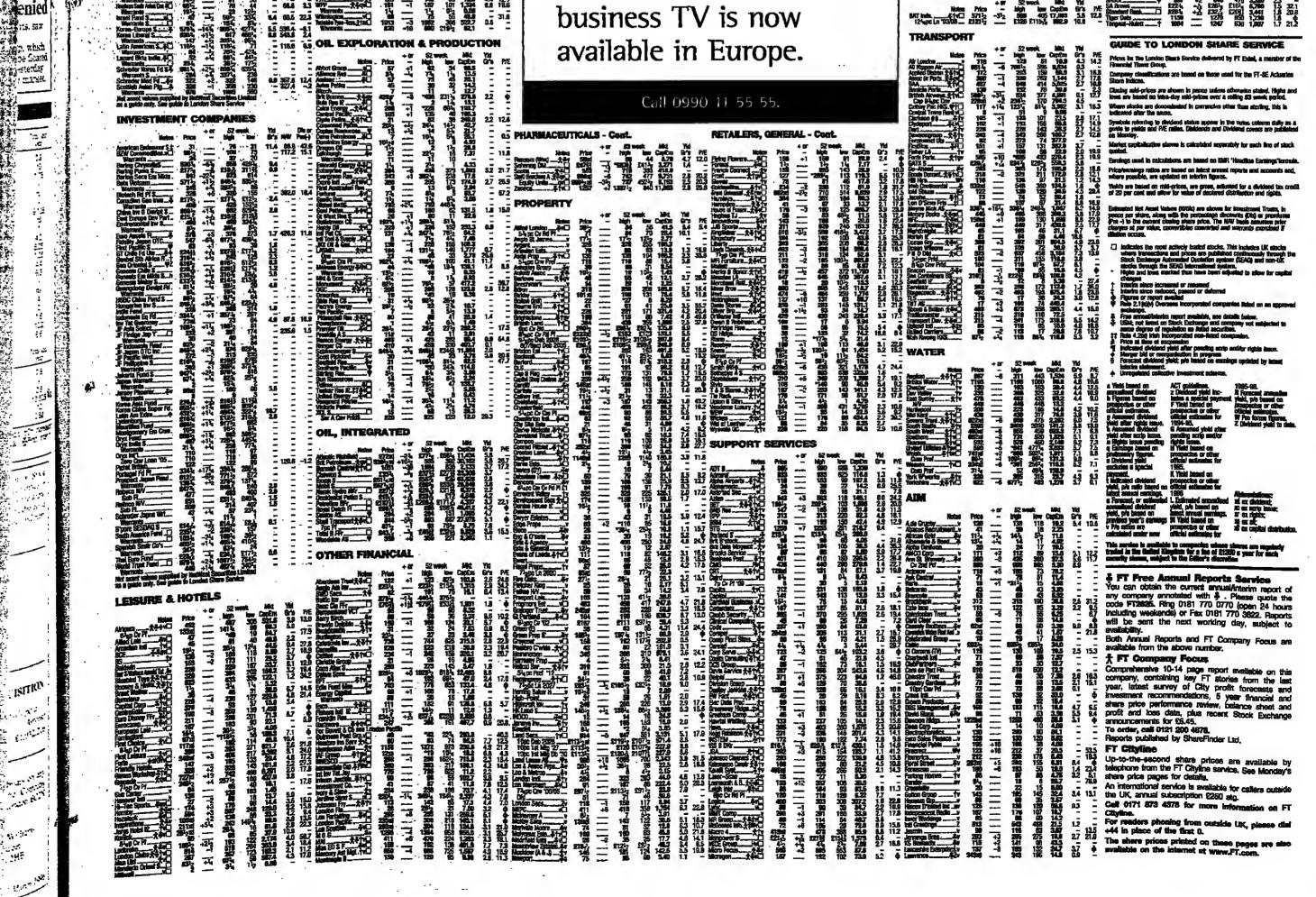
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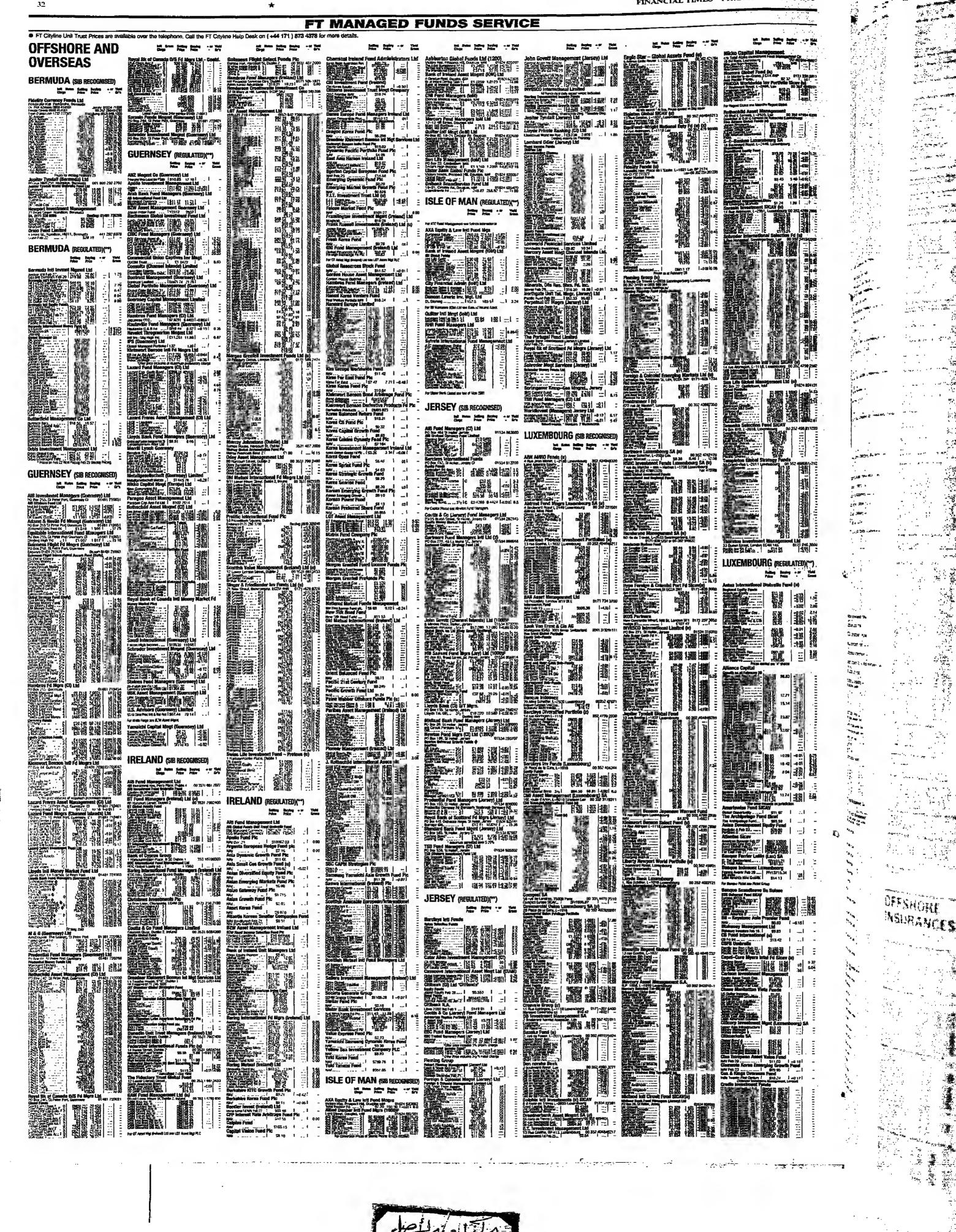
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FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY MARCH 1 1996

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

MARKET REPORT Erratic Wall Street trends unsettle equities

By Steve Thompson, UK Stock Market Editor

Extreme volatility in Treasury bonds and stocks on Wall Street, both overnight and at the start of trading in US markets vesterday. continued to unnerve UK shares, which fell sharply hefore closing well above the day's lows.

Wall Street's latest bout of erratic behaviour came in the wake of a low Chicago Purchasing Manage-ment's index of 44.9, against a consensus estimate of above 50.

The news saw US Treasury bonds. which gave a disappointing performance overnight amid conflicting economic data, recover from early

losses of around a full point, hefore easing again. Markets also reacted with disappointment as German interest rates were left unchanged

after the Bundesbank meeting. The Dow Jones Industrial Aver-age, which triggered its circuit hreakers for the sixth consecutive session overnight, initially fell away yesterday, rallied strongly and then resumed its downward trend after London closed.

The FT-SE 100 index was left nursing a 10.6 decline at 3,727.6, while the secood line index, the FT-SE Mid 250, was never anything like as weak, eventually euding the day only 0.5 off at 4,215.0.

to August 1996 hy £10m to

£95m and NatWest Securities

downgraded its figure for the

same period by £Sm to £102m.

Analysts at Kleinwort said:

The cost of matching promo-

tion campaigns, especially

against J. Sainshury, has had a

damaging effect on Kwik

However, it was fear that

margin pressures are continu-

ing across the sector which

cast a shadow on other retail-

ers. While Kwik Save shares

surrendered 4 to 465p, falls were also seen in Sainshury, 5

lighter at 376p, Iceland Group,

which finished 2 lighter at

147p, Argyll Group, which sur-

rendered 6 to 295p, and Tesco,

One analyst said: "If Kwik

Save is hurting, it is a sure

News that BP is to merge lts

US, sent the shares up 101/2 to

The move is expected to

achieve joint savings of up to

\$500m in five years and put

pressure on some of the other

Mr Sleve Brann of Kleinwort

agement's continuous desire to

drive up the rate of return."

539½p on turnover of 19m.

2% easier at 263%p.

Save's margins.

prospective takeover hids just around the corner that helped the mid-cap stocks. Trafalgar House shares climbed another 3 per cent after reports that Kvaerner, of Norway, would probably launch a hld for the troubled UK conglomerate next week. There were also suggestions that the long awaited hid for one of the few remaining regional

electricity stocks was imminent. Marketmakers were at odds over the short term outlook for London. One leading trader sald Wall Street's yo-yo trend in the past week or so could see investors finally lose their nerve and lock in ay only 0.5 off at 4.215.0. Once again, it was the hint of recent months. "If Wall Street

Burmah Castrol, which saw its share price tumhle 39 to 1051p,

the higgest slide in the Footsi

There was concern that it

might come under pressure

from a more focused lubricants

However, Burmah shares

have risen very strongly over

the past few weeks and a Bur-

mah spokesman said: "We are

untroubled. Our markets are

ahout quality rather than

quantity." Shell Transport fell

Lasmo, the exploration and

production company, dipped 4

to 184p in splte of revealing a

return to profits with full-year

figures at the top of the range

of analysts' forecasts. The

shares have risen 25p over the

past fortnight and for some

dealers the move has been too

Hanson shares responded

well to news that the initial

public offering of Suburhan

Propane, a recently formed

Ordinary Share hourly changed

FINANCIAL TIMES EQUITY INDICES

31,428

business and overseas turn

Total Highs Total Lows

Feb 29 'Data based on Equity shares listed on the London Share

operation.

5 to 814p.

far too fast

Ordinary She

Ord, drv, yield P/E ratio net

P/E ratio nil

"For 1995/96 Date: 1/7/35

SEAO bargaine

Equity turnover (Em)† Equity bargains† Shares traded (m)†

tExcluding intra-market

Rises and fails" Total Rises Total Fails

London market data

646 584 1.567

cracks, then so does Europe, taking London with it," he added. Another adopted tha view that London had performed resolutely in the face of the latest turhulence across the Atlantic and was only dragged down by the extreme weak ness in the futures market. "The cash wanted to go better, hut was always struggling against the future," he said. He felt that London would attract solid support at 3,700 on the FT-SE 100 but would come under pressure at 3,760.

Takeover talk was again rife and Lasmo, Ladbroke and Cadhury Schweppes continued to attract the attention of speculators. But the day's feature was

"master limited partnership", had heen priced at \$20.50 per

unit. The price was in line with

expectations, but analysts said

recent initial offerings had

slipped in price. One specialist

added that the news showed

Hanson's demerger plans were

on track. The shares hardened

Transport leader British Air-

ways staved firm against the

trend, sdding 3½ at 509½p.

However, some analysts

sounded a note of caution

ahead of next Tuesday's traffic

figures given that Fehruary

had to contend with savagely

had weather and the end of the

hotels operator Stakis jumped

to 22m, its highest ever daily

total on record, with a delayed

trade from Monday's session,

recorded yesterday, accounting

for a large part of the volume.

have gone into the market late

hoh 2768.2 18/01/98: low 48.4 26/6/40. I

A leading broker was said to

Turnover in casinos and

2% to 188%p.

IRA ceasefire.

Feb 29 Feb 28 Feb 27 Feb 26 Feb 23 Yr ano "Hoh

Open 0.00 10.00 11.00 12.00 13.00 14.00 15.00 16.00 High Low

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52 Week highs and lows

Feb 29 Feb 26 Feb 27 Feb 26 Feb 23 Yr ago

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128 32

undountediv BP, where the shares looked set to challenge their all-time high after confirmation of the downstream deal with Mobil, of the US. Specialists said the move would bring hig benefits to hoth participants and would leave Shell trailing in the rationalisation stakes. Burmah Castrol also suffered amid perceptions it would face sharoly increased competition in the European Inbricants market Activity held up well in the face of the Footsie's disappointing per-

formance. Turnover at 6pm came in at 768.1m shares, with non-FT-SE 100 stocks accounting for 55 per cent of the total. Retail Wednesday was valued

Cowie rankings 323p in gained 1 on 14 at 5

Top co came of average turnover, as technical worries plus a negative broken note sapped sentiment. The shares retreated 5 to 264p in turnover of 7.8m, the heaviest

UBS was a touch negative in targeting Tomkins' break-up value at 254p, hut the main problem for the shares was said to be suggestions that the £1.4bn purchase of Gates Rubher, of the US, could involve heavier earnings dilution than initially expected.

Trafalgar House, in hid talks with Kvaerner, of Norway, regained 11/2 to 471/4p in another very strong two-way pull, with 23m shares changing hands.

among the pharmaceuticals leaders, rising 7 to 1257p.

potential of both Yorkshire and

2756.4 2756.2 2745.7 2738.9 2760.8 2312.5 2788.2 2238.3 3 88 3.89 3.90 3.91 3.88 4.55 4.73 3.76 16.78 16.80 16.45 16.40 16.14 16.59 21.23 15.35 16.56 16.58 18.25 16.18 15.93 16.12 22.21 15.17 although Zeneca is trading at a premium to the other UK leaders, the company has a better drugs pipeline and its shares are trading at a substantial dis-

> bounced from earlier lows after announcing a big restructuring 20,467 programme in Europe. The shares, off 13 at one stage. recovered to close 5 off at 696p. Celltech, the hiotechnology

> > tive reports about a new leukaemia drug.

news of a small bus acquisition sparked a number of perky per-

rose 13 t

volume so far this year

ligh Low

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FT GOLD MINES INDEX

Feb % chg Feb 28 on day 27

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Year

LONDON RECENT ISSUES: EQUITIES Issicue Armit Mikit. price peed cap p up (Em.)

group, rose 5 to 509p on posi-

Vodafone, hit lately hy tation of rival mobile phones group Orange, plus a profits warning from equipment day.

1.000 N. 800 600 400 200 1995 FT Ordinary Index FT-SE-A Non Fins p/e FT-SE 100 Fut Mar 2758.4 (17.35) 17.30 -3721.0 7.97 10 yr Gät yi - (7.88 Long git/equity vid ratio: 2.22

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Hotel sale lifts Granada

Home entertainment and hotels company Granada Group topped the list of the market's best Footsie performers after ABN Amro Hoare Govett reiterated its huy stance on the stock.

The broker also highlighted positive comment in the trade press which suggested that there was a growing list of potantial huyers of some of the leading holels acquired after Granada won its takeover bid for Forte in January. Those reports were boosted

thing that the rest are hurting too. It looks like downgrades by yesterday's sale of the Park Lane Hotel to ITT Sheraton are on the way," Corporation, of the US, in a £44.6m deal. Analysts said this **BP** boosted put a valuation floor of £140,000 a room on a prestige London hotel. European fuels and lubricant operations with Mohil, of the

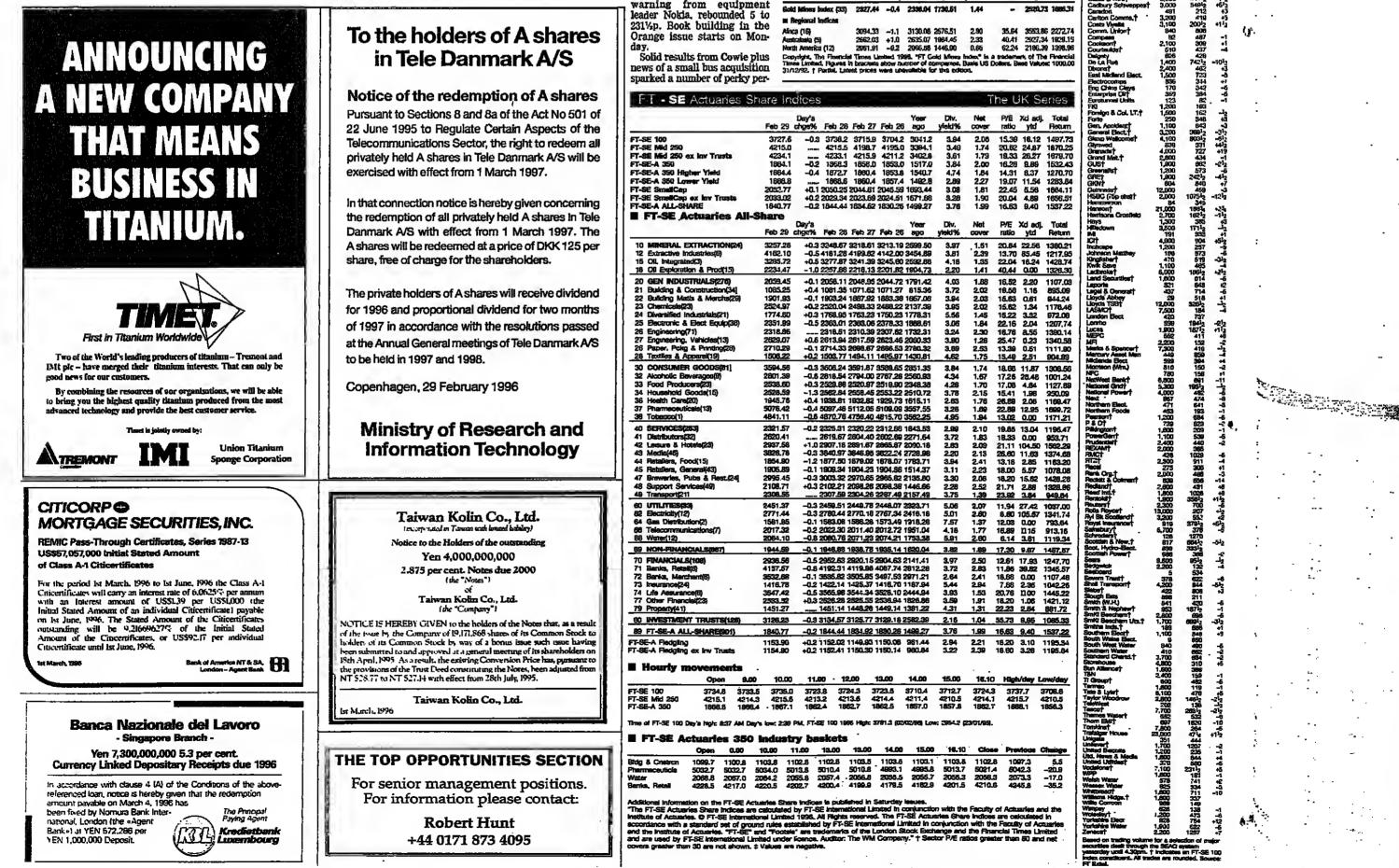
Shares in the group have been under a cloud in recent sessions on fears that the IRA bomhing campaign in London will drive down tourist traffic, thus hitting hotel earnings.

They jumped 19 to 727p, after oil majors. Mr Andrew Hunter at Hoare pointed to growing confidence in the Northern Ireland peace Benson said; "Il's very good news for BP and shows man-

Supermarkets slip

Even SGST's Mr John Toals-Food retailers braced themter, traditionally one of the selves for a new round of profanalysts most negative about its downgrades after brokers BP's prospects, described the reduced estimates at Kwik decisioo as "a bold and adveo-Save vesterday. turous move". On the flip side, the main

Kleinwort Benson lowered its profits forecasts for the year casualty was perceived to be



on Monday and acquired a formanc large block of shares ahead of tributors day's publication of a posi tive Home Office consultative

paper on the gaming industry. The huyer was said to have paid 106p, well above the then prevailing market price. The shares moved strongly

ahead the following day on the positive news and a general shortage of stock, recording their highest level since 1989. They remained in demand yes terday and closed just a halfpenny off at 100p.

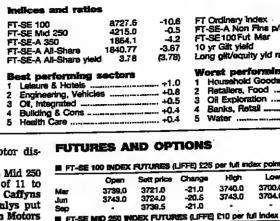
Yorkshire Electricity jumped 12 to 754p as hid speculation returned to the sector. Dealers said the Yorkshire share register showed big buying recently by Merrill Lynch and Bear Stearns, of the US. Secondly, one US trade publication has apparently quoted the president of Southern, of the US, as pinpointing the takeover

Midlands, up 4 to 394p. Zeneca hucked the trend

Merrill Lynch argued that

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TRADING VOLUME MARKET REPORTERS: Peter John, Joel Kibazo, Stocks Yesterd Vol. Closing De 000s price che Jeffrey Brown.

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 Feb 28
 Feb 28

 S & P Ind. Div. yield
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 S & P Ind. P/E ratio
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 MEEN YORK ACTIVE STOCKS
 Feb 16 2.18 Feb 21 1,88 19.90 Year ago 2.69 Year ago 345.13 340.68 345.55 345.55 29/2/98 264.05 23/3/95 708.87 30/3/95 2018.76 30/3/95 1910.98 28/3/95 1888.7 1878.0 1896.70 28/296 Swedien AttacacartinGen(1/2/3/) Swetzerinnet 1865.4 1439.89 29/3/95 2.36 19.50 1801,26 1603,29 1579,49 1803,28 28/2/96 1161,80 1162,13 1147,56 1196,99 4/1/96 117453 13/395 87058 13/395 Swigs Bk Ind(31/12/58) 1002.91 999.52 980.27 1002.91 29/2/98 767.15 15/3/95 I TRADING ACTIVITY SBC General(1/4/87) Diange (m day +1% +1% +1% -1% -1% -1% -1% -1% -1% -1 1 Diange Greece ♥ Volume (m@m) Feb 28 Feb 27 Feb 26
 New York SE 447.000 434.78 395.179
 Amea 27.409 23.52 21.147
 JakSOAQ 558.713 557.445 485.054 Abors SE(31/12/80) Tabuan WeightedPr.~(30/6/68) Thailand Bangiok SET(30/4/75) Stocks traded 2134 3434 313-35% 213-35% 213-127% 433-64 213-303-696783 231/85 11125.68 11264 65 11197.02 11594.99 16/2/98 New York SE Amex <u>JASOAO</u> NYSE tssues Traded Rises Falls Ulachanged New Highs New Lows High 4787.57 4751.19 4769.64 7051.49 5/1/85 4503.37 14/8/95 Hong Kong Hang Seag(31/764) 7,855,460 6,343,100 5,636,236 4,657,000 4,411,900 4,384,700 4,162,800 4,162,800 4,162,800 4,162,800 4,074,100 3,432,500 EMC Corp Sucrus Farti Motor Nokta Wal-Mart BM Altstatu Altstatu Attat US Wat Mota Teledosos 1724484 3391,99 3494 09 3619,29 3832,09 2/1/95 2826.08 25/1/96 1321.87 1321.87 1333.86 1472.04 10/7/95 1135.59 16/3/95 BE-Sers (1979) Turkey Istanical Crop.(Jan 1986) 414.21 19495 597.36 **597.38** 27/296 3,099 790 1,670 699 124 26 Prices supplied by Telefam 80546.5 61349.9 61673.5 81473.58 21/256 24844.30 23/355 3.097 1.206 1,101 790 137 22 585.21 555.28 Jakante Comp.(10/8/82) 3,111 995 1.337 779 88 33 VOTES - Prices on this page are as patient on the exterior exchanges and we scattly and random prices. Highertows are based on diffic finite Jen 1 1925 4 Dealing suscentiation of the difficult so the activ bases. or Ex signific. An Ex still. 1 Priced in US 5 WORLD WS Capital INSI1/1/70) 761.10 23/296 1575.00 29/295 1410.39 2/296 362.52 19/296 162.72 5/296 1813,58 23/1,85 2323.28 2313.95 2336.20 16/2/96 751.4 752.2 7530 595.21 23/1/85 - Izelanci ISBQ (Wegzil(4/1/68) 72) 606.81 603.23 593.53 680.64 10/296 10/29.0 10/21.0 1007.0 1082.09 9/296 20125.37 19919.97 20000.40 21118.30 A/295 291.37 288.36 219.80 307.88 51/36 CROSS-BORDER Euroback 100(26/0/90) Eard Top-100(26/0/90) JCapeDrgss(51/12/80) NG Emgs Europ(7/1/92) 1574,95 1556,41 1404,62 1391,88 573,63 373,10 156,06 156,84 1575.00 1402.07 (4) 155.24 551.79 5/12/95 1222.41 13/3/95 1117.34 9/3/95 282.07 23/1/95 117.15 10/3/95 Hady Banca Cosum Bad(1972) 982.00 15/1/96 14485.40 37795 222.26 1349% Mill. Gameral(2/1/96)
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 Jate Price Open Sett Price Change High Low Est. vol. Open int. I TOKYO - MOST ACTIVE STOCKS: Thursday, February 29, 1996 -31.00 1508.00 Change on day +74 +8 -5 -1 Stocks Traded 3.0m 3.0m 2.9m 2.8m Stocks Traded 9.7m 5.9m 5.1m 4.5m 4.0m Closing Prices 851 575 913 710 539 Closing Prices 792 292 339 296 813 Change on day +4 +25 +7 +18 +2 -8.0 Mrtaubishi Heavy Green Cross Corp Oki Electric Ind Delwa Bank Mitaubishi Chem Shinko Electric NKK Corp Nippon Steel Corp Sumitorro Mt Ind A STATE Toshiba Coro

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38 WORLD STOCK MARKETS

FINANCIAL TIMES

Friday March 1 1996

AMERICA **US** equities volatile at midsession

Wall Street

Blue chip shares tracked a volatile bond market in the early part of vesterday's session. while technology shares slid on worries about the semiconductor sector, writes Lisa Bransten in New York.

Both the Dow Jones Indus-trial Average and the Standard & Poor's 500 opened weaker as a drop in initial claims for unemployment benefits sent the long bond sharply lower. Later, however, both indices climbed into positive territory as the bond market staged a brief recovery, only to retreat as bonds resumed their slide. By 1 pm, the Dow was off 14.08 at 5,492.13, the Stan-

NYSE volume

Daily (million)



350 _____ Average daily volume 1995 345, 135,000

300 15 16 20 21 22 23 26 27 28 29 February 1996

dard & Poor's 500 had failen 2.68 to 642.07 and the American Stock Exchange composite was 3.50 weaker at 563.16. New York SE volume was 274m shares.

Meanwhlle, technology shares were lower after LSI exploration company Logic - a chip manufacturer warned that its first-onarter earnings would be below analysts' estimates. In early trading the Nasdaq composite was 6.61 lower at 1,100.94 and the Pacific Stock Exchange technology index off 1.3 per cent.

Late on Wednesday, LSI said it expected first-quarter profits of 32 to 35 cents a share, about 10 cents a sbare below the days of gains.

São Paulo off 4%

try's ADRs.

The region's equity markets lowed the decline in the countook fright from a rise in US bonds. At midsession SAO PAULO had fallen 4 per cent in the Bovespa index which was down 2,114 at 49,879. Brokers said there were also

mean analysts' estimate of 46 cents a share. LSf. which trades on the NYSE, tumbled \$8 or 22 per cent to \$28%. On the Nasdaq, Lam Research fell \$1% to \$37%. Applied Materials was \$2% lower at \$36% and Cyrix dropped \$1 # to \$23 #. But Internet access providers

earlier this week following AT&T's announcement that it would offer Internet access. Netcom On-Line Communications, which fell \$7% on Tuesday and Wednesday, rallied \$2% to \$22% Shares in Revlon, which was floated yesterday on the NYSE,

climbed to \$28%, up \$4% from their offer price. Although the early price talk was for the shares to be sold for \$19 to \$22. the shares were priced late on

Wednesday at \$24. on profit-taking after the retailer reported fourth-quarter

anticipated strong results.

Canada

managed a modest rebound yesterday after falling sharply

The Gap slipped \$% to \$531/2

earnings of \$1.08 per sbare, 6 cents ahead of analysts' estimates. Sbares in the company had risen more than \$5 since last Wednesday as investors

Toronto was weak at midses-

HOLM, which retreated from the all-time highs established 150 · 140 on Tuesday and Wednesday. Profit-taking here hit both cyclical and rate-sensitive 130 120 shares, and the forestry sector, too, was pulled back by 1.4 per 110 cent after its 10 per cent advance over the previous week. Among front line blue

chips. Astra, the drugs maker, shed SKr6.50 to SKr310; the shares had risen sharply since the announcement of a listing in New York.

Analysts trimmed forecasts for

the ABB engineering group, and investors in Swedish and

Swiss equities took profits in

the constituents Asea fell

SKr19 to SKr678 in STOCK-

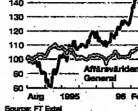
EUROPE

The Affärsvärlden General index fell 21.3 or 1.1 per cent to 1,865.4. However, Celsius, the defence and technology group, rose SKr3.50 to SKr185.50 as it announced that it would pay out shares in its Celsius Information Systems subsidiary to shareholders.

ZURICH was a little more mixed, although Brown Boveri, similar to Asea, more than erased Wednesday's sharp rise, giving up SFr39 to SFr1,436 as the SMI index closed 5.7 softer at 3.355.8.

Balancing items included a SFr60 rise in Swissair to

S share & index. (rebased) Celsku



Colsius

170

160

SFr1,155, attributed to a UBS forecast of improved margins and profitability at the airline; Alusuisse, under pressure ear-lier in the week over its planned capital increase, recouped SFr10 to SFr966; and insurers edged ahead on a growing perception that the sector would ontperform the banks, since insurance compa-nies did not have to bear the

interest rates unchange ever, the dollar beld at DM1.47 and the Dax in recovered from 2,470.85 to just 1.77 lower at 2.485.18.

18 - 19 - L

Turnover rose from DM9 to DM10bn. Volkswagen Thyssen liked the higher d ind rose DM9 to DM563.60 DM5.65 to DM283.35 res

the troubled Dentsche Babcock slid another DM3 to DM94. Building industry data for the fourth quarter of 1995 saw West German orders falling by 8 per cent. Strabag Bau, which

hit by restructuring costs in 1995 and forecast better operating results this year, did not like this and fell a further DM9

AMSTERDAM featured an excellent set of 1995 results from ABN Amro, which belped to edge the AEX index up 0.42 to 513.22. ABN's 14 per cent rise in 1995 profits and a higher earnings estimate for the current year left the shares Fl 2.10 ahead at Fl 78.50.

There was more satisfaction in Van Ommeren, the shipping and tank storage group, np Fl 4 to Fl 56.40 following its 1995 earnings report and forecasts for another good run in 1996. DSM, however, had an

Feb 29					Т	HE EUR	OPEA
Hourty changes	Open	10.30	11.00	12.00	13.00	14.00	15.00
FT-SE Eurotrack 100 FT-SE Eurotrack 200	1578.21 1680.39	1578,19 1658.25	1577 60	1578 33 1658.72	1577.64 1657.88	1574.72 1855.31	1573.0 1656 5
		Feb 28	Feb 2	7 R	sb 26	Feb 23	fi

plans, eased FFr38 to FFr1,300 unhappy session as the chemias profits were booked. Valeo was unchanged at FFr278 as cals group reported 1995 net profits much in line with estireports circulated that Lucas, mates, and forecast that 1996 of the UK, might buy a stake in figures would probably not the company. MILAN recouped early match that level. The stock slipped 60 cents to Fl 153.90.

One of the day's worst performers was Sphinx, the maker of bathroom fittings, which fell Fl 1.70 or 5.8 per cent to Fl 27.80 as the company issued a profits warning for the 1995/96 financial year. PARIS found excitement in

Paribas, marking the shares up FFr9.60 or 3.5 per cent to FFr281.60 in reaction to Wednesday's restructuring plans. But investors could find little else to focus on and the CAC-40 index lost 6.12 to 1,990.77. Turnover, at FFr6.4bn. was lifted by the expiry of February options and futures. Chargeurs, up 12 per cent on

Wednesday on its demerger components manufacturer, lost

Asea, Brown Boveri lose Wednesday's appeal L162 to L2.121 after a presentation to analysts in which disappointing growth prospects were outlined.

Montedison improved Li0.6 to end at L953.1 on hopes that the company would pay a dividend

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فقحور المتررجان

وفعشية الإساد

والمناسبة المشا

HELSINKI Saw Nokia A flat. ten out in late trading after a FM2.50 fail at the official close, The shares ended 50 penni lower at FM158 as the Hex index shed 9.03 to 1.816.40.

Forestries gained a fraction on strong results from Kym-mene and Repola, which ruse FM2 to FM127 and FM1 to FM90.90 respectively; but osses, with comments by Mr Rauma, the Repola subsidiary, Mario Arcelli, the budget minfell FM2 to FM92 on fears that profits might decline this year after doubling in 1995. ister, that annual inflation

should fail to below 5 per cent in March providing a late fillip. WARSAW gained 4 per cent Early weakness was in part on high turnover but traders attributed to an opinion poll which suggested that support foresaw an element of profittaking over the next few sesfor the caretaker prime minisatons. The Wig index rose 397.9 ter Mr Lamberto Dini's new to 11,028.5 as turnover leapt 90 centrist force would not be sufper cent to 184.6m zlotys.

ficient to ensure victory for the Analysts said several of the larger capitalised stocks were centre-left coalition in next now fairly priced, and they saw The Comit index added 3.58 interest shifting to smaller. at 606.81 and the real-time Mib second-line companies.

tel index picked up from 9,612 to finish 7 higher at 9,698. Magneti Marelli, the motor Written and edited by William Cochrane, Michael

unlisted carmaker, PT Timor

Putra Nasional. The foreign

stock lost Rp525 or 12 per cent

to Rp3,850 in volume of 2.67m.

although an afternoon recov-

ery in the telephone utility

Fletcher Challenge receded

The All-share index rose 4.1 to

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WELLINGTON was weaker,

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Nikkei regains 20,000 level as Bombay drops 2.9%

sion, trailing Wall Street on Tokyo the last day that domestic

investors were permitted to invest pension fund money in stocks as a retirement tax sbelter. The TSE 300 composite index was 20.53 weaker by noon at 4,926.70 in volume of 44.4m shares. Aber Resources jumped C\$2 Tokuo.

to C\$15% after the diamond announced promising results for Its Diavik property in Cana-da's Northwest Territories. Among weak paper makers, Stone Consolidated and Atibiti-Price each declined C\$1/2 to

C\$16 and C\$19 respectively in heavy trade, Fairfax Financial Holdings advanced another C\$1 to C\$133, after a morning's high of C\$135, following several

yesterday. Volume totalled 300m shares, against 346.8m. Traders said that increased caution ahead of futures and options settle-ments at the end of next week kept most investors on the

Most of the biggest Merval The Topix index of all first losses were in stocks with section stocks rose 13.24 to 1.560.46 and the Nikkei 300 by

likely to rise by 2.4 times.

the country's ailing jusen, or housing loan companies, rallied. Daiwa Bank put on Y18 at Y710 following its decision to accept part of the charges filed by US prosecutors over its involvement in the bond trading scam in New York. Industrial Bank of Japan improved Y30 to Y2,670 and Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank Y80 to Y1.970. In Osaka, the OSE average

firmed 18.23 to 21,588.17 in volume of 128.8m shares. Roundup

Nervous, speculative selling left BOMBAY down 2.9 per cent after a special court issued non-bailable arrest warrants against 10 political leaders, including some former senior ministers, allegedly involved in a bribery scandal The BSE-30 index tumbled 102.10 to 3,391.99.

Analysts said speculative selling was beavy in indexlinked shares, while domestic investment funds became selective buyers in some blue

chips in the B-group. Reliance dropped Rs12.50 to Rs212.75, SBI Rs11 to Rs241. Rs15 to Rs



138.97 to 11,125.68. Turnover rose to a moderate HK\$6.5bn, with hedge funds said to be among the big sellers. Across the board losses Board declined to confirm whether the rumour was true.

Hutchison, in particular, reversing a sharp early rise to end 60 cents off at HK\$49. It had gained 65 cents in early trade on the announcement of terms for the float of Orange. its British mobile phone group. Giordano, the casual wear chain which resumed trading after a suspension, jumped 30 cents to HK\$8.25 on news that Jimmy Lai, the group's founder who had once vehemently criticised Li Peng, the Chinese premier, had sold all his sbares, boosting the compa-

ny's prospects in China. SEOUL eased in hesitant trade, dampened by rumours that the government was investigating cases of stock price manipulation. The composite index lost 2.38 at 852.83. The Securities Supervisory

IN BERMUD

among major blue chips saw

Soosan Heavy Industry went limit-up, rising Won700 to Won13,600 on a rumour, subsequently denied, that the Hyundai Group was seeking to take over the company. SYDNEY moved higher on

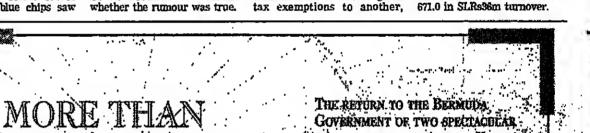
month's election.

Telecom belped to offset the hopes that the Conservative effects of a sharp fall in the opposition would be victorious price of Fletcher Challenge, the in tomorrow's general election. The All Ordinaries index forestry conglomerate. The advanced 24.3 to 2,290.0. Vol-NZSE-40 capital index lost 8.94 ume was 352m shares worth to 2.141.08 in NZ\$56m turnover.

A\$798m JAKARTA finished sharply 19 cents to NZ\$3.41, surrenderlower in increased trading volume as foreign investors sold large-capitalisation stocks. The composite index fell 10.06 or 1.7 per cent to 585.20. Turnover was Rp315.5bn.

Astra International's domestic shares shed Rp200 or 6.5 per cent to Rp2,875 after the gov-ernment said it was to grant tax exemptions to another,

ing Wednesday's 16-cent rise which followed the company's first-half results. Telecom fin-ished unchanged at NZ\$3.66 after an initial decline. COLOMBO rose for the second consecutive session as foreign investors, in particular, looked for selected blue chips.



Repco Holdings

Buying by investment trust funds and technical activity supported share prices. The Nikkei average rose for the first time in three trading days. recovering the 20,000 level. writes Emiko Terazono in

ASIA PACIFIC

The 225 index closed 205.40 hlgher at 20,125.37 after extremes of 19,902.53 and 20,129.16. It lost ground in the morning session on selling by foreign investors, but domestic institutions placed buying orders at lower levels, while investment trust arms of Nomura Securitles purchased

shares. Nomura set up an investment trust worth Y100bn on Wednesday and five investment trusts totalling Y130bn

sidelines.

risk of bad loans FRANKFURT tried early to break 2.500 and set a record intra-day high of 2,494.66 in the pre-bourse, losing it as bunds and futures came back and after the Bundesbank kept key

ariden 96 Feb

tively. However, in engine

earlier this week saw earnings to DM 196.

domestic considerations overhanging sentiment, not least a

scandal involving Banco Nac-lonal, which failed last year. BUENOS AIRES was also sharply lower in midday dealings. The Merval index relin-2.817.71. Dealers said the marquished 18.61 or 3.6 per cent at ket has support at 2,800 and further support at 2,730. 497.31. Traders said this fall fol-

S Africa falls prey to rumours

Jobanneshurg finished mixed after a day in which trading was initially subdued by confidence. unfounded rumours that President Nelson Mandela had suffered a beart attack, before activity plcked np in apparent celebration of South Africa's victory over Pakistan in the World Cup cricket series. Gold shares opened firmer

Ę

on a rejuvenated bullion price, bnt industrials were weak in reaction to Wall Street's overnight performance.

Analysts noted, bowever. that the bullion price would

while Banco de Galicia shed 5.9 per cent. issues were unchanged. MEXICO CITY broke down through the 2,830 support level and at midday the IPC index index eased 0.63 to 1,356.21. was off 44.88 or 1.6 per cent at

3.01 to 291.37. Advances led Tisco Rs11.75 to Rs194.50. declines by 544 to 490 and 158 KUALA LUMPUR

broadly firmer, boosted by In London the ISE/Nikkei 50 speculative demand for second liners, but Repco continued to Semiconductor-related stocks gained ground following the tumble on reports that the stock was under official invesstrength in the sector on Wall tigation Street overnight. Tokyo Elec-

M\$7.50 fall with another of tron, a manufacturer of semiconductor equipment, climbed Y70 to Y4,220 on reports that its recurring profits for the current business year are M\$5.25 to M\$71.75 after the national news agency said the Securities Commission had launched an investigation into alleged manipulation of the share price.

The composite index gained 7,46 at 1,084.41 and the second board index jumped 2.2 per cent to 399.92.

WATERFRONT Repco added to Wednesday's

was

One recent second board

gainer, Super Enterprise, rose M\$2.50 to M\$22.50 before being suspended at the company's request for a news announcement. Takeover talk had boosted the company's shares. HONG KONG fell 1.2 per

cent, mainly on worries about Wall Street's volatility and

Sino-US trade tensions. The Hang Seng index dived

Advantest, a semiconductor testing device maker, added Y130 at Y5,900 and Toshiba Ceramics Y40 at Y1.110. Other The overall index edged 2.1 higb-technology issues were higher to 6,705.4. industrials dropped 34.9 to 8,307.1 and also higher. Green Cross, the blood prod-ucts maker, which lost ground for five consecutive trading golds gained 56.7 at 1,786.1. De Beers was steady at R123, Liberty declined R1.25 to R20,

Dries was up R2.25 to R58.50. days due to its involvement in Vaal Reefs climbed R15 to the sales of tainted blood prod-R380, Western Areas put on ucts to haemophiliacs, recov-R2 at R65.50 and Implats rose ered Y25 to Y575. R3 to R70.

Bank shares, recently battered on concerns about the Among the losers, Iscor fell parliamentary negotiations over the liquidation scheme for 12 cents to R3.28 and Sappi dipped 25 cents to R47.50.

FT/S&P ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

S&P Actuanties World indices are owned by FT-SE international Limited, Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Standard & Poor's. In Sachs in conjunction with the Faculty of Actuaries and the Institute of Actuaries. NatWest Securities Ltd. was a co	The indices are compiled by FT-SE international and -founder of the indices.	

REGIONAL MARKETS			WEDNES	SDAY FEE	BRUARY	28 1996 -			T	UESDAY 1	PEBRUAR	IY 27 19	96	DO	LLAR IN	XEX
Figures in parentheses	US	Day's	Pound			Local	Local	Gross	US	Pound			Local			Year
how number of lines D)ollar	Change	Sterling	Yen	DM	Currency	% chg	Dry.	Dollar	Sterling	Yen		Currency			ago
# stock 1	ndex	%	Index	Index.	Index	Index	on day	Yleid	Index	index.	Index	Index.	index.	High	Low	lepprox
ustralia (81)	88.30	0.6	161.51	130.85	150.68	172.62	0.4	3 90	196.62	189,42	129.88	148.50	172.29	200.32	158.79	164.8
usiria (26)		-0.3	182.30	124.56	143.42	143.26	0.3	1.60	189.34	182.41	125.07	143.01	142.85	139.28	168.11	185.4
Balgum (34)		0.3	205.24	140.23	161.48	157.23	0.8	3.35	211.82	204.06	139.92	158.98	156.06	215.81	172.89	173.
Srazil (28)	62.65	0.8	157.26	107.47	123.74	294.74	0.8	1.57	161,39	155.48	108.61	121.90	282.23	170.25	86.06	128.
anade (101)		-0.4	148.56	101.50	116.87	153.33	-0.2	2.45	154,46	148.84	102.06	116.89	153.71	158.71	125.64	128.
Denmark (33)		-0.3	293.15	200.30	230.62	233.06	0.2	1.51	304.53	293.38	201.17	230.01	232.66	305.17	252.41	202.
inland (2411		-2.1	176.32	120.47	138 71	173.04	-1.9	1.89	186.54	179.71	123.23	140.89	178.42	276.11	171.13	182
rance (99)		0.6	184.14	125.82	144.87	149.84	1.1	3.10	189.25	162.32	125.02	142.94	148.15	191.17	1\$1.63	161,
Cormany (60)1		0.4	167.48	114.43	131.79	131.76	1.0	1.95	172.67	165.34	114.06	130.41	130.41	173.42	142.25	149.
long Kang (58)4		0.5	423.51	298.37	333.18	435.30	0.5	3.27	436.50	420 52	288.35	329.68	433.28	451.18	323.87	340
reland (16)		-0.1	250.17	170.93	196.81	231.06	0.3	3.42	259.38	249.86	171.33	195.89	230.45	262.70	205.44	215.
ady (59)		2.4	73.99	50.55	58,21	69.52	2.3	1.70	74.83	72.09	49.43	56.52	88.57	82.71	65.45	72.
acan (482)		-0.4	144.01	98.40	113.30	98 40	-0.5	0.78	149 68	144.18	98.65	113.04	98.86	184.82	137,58	140.
lalayaca (107)		-0.1	501.85	342.75	394.65	509.37	-0.1	1.65	519.71	500.68	343.31	392.53		561,98	425.77	487.
feruico (18)11		-2.4	1067,18	729.17	839.56	9118.80	-2.3	1.52	1132.43	1090.98	748.07	855.31	9335.55	1237,14	847.81	822.
etherland (19)		0.7	271.60	165.57	213.67	209.82	1.2	3.24	279.20	268.98	184.44	210.88	207.32	283.23	225.09	225.
lew Zealand (13)		0.3	79.83	53.69	62.02	64.72	D.8	4.50	81.35	78.37	63,74	61.44	84.12	85,49	72.39	73.
lorway (33)		-1.3	228.82	156.35	180.02	205.02	-0.7	2.26	239.96	231.19	158.53	181.25	206.54	243.79	202.79	212
Singapore (44)		-0.5	432.08	295.22	339.92	291.14	-0.2	1.38	449 63	433.17	297.02	339.60	291,81	465.21	346,10	354.
South Africa (45)		0.1	383.64	262.13	301.81	331.18	-0.2	3.12	397.02	382.48	262.27	299.87	331.88	437.76	303.93	303,
Spain (37)		0.7	169.69	116.08	133.63	163.93	1,3	3,65	174.68	168.29	115.39	131,94	161.94	175.86	124,10	132
Weden (47)		0.3	330.82	226,04	260.26	340.05	0.7	2.21	341.41	328.90	225.53	257.66	337,81	342.56	232.23	240.
Switzerland (38)		0.7	224.85	153,63	176.89	171.81	1.4	1.55	231.15	222.69	152.70	174.59		239.55	171.94	172
hailand (46)1	79.56	-1.0	173.41	118,46	138.42	175.55	-1.Q	2.00	181.39	174.75	119.62	137.00		193,86	130.15	147.
Inited Kingdom (205)	31.76	0.3	223.84	152.94	176.10	223.84	0.8	4.07	231.04	222.58	152.62	174.50		235.50	192.74	192.
ISA (631)	63.69	-0.3	254.66	174.00	200.34	263.69	-0.3	2.19	264.43	254.75	174.66	199.72	264.43	269.11	187.20	169.
mericas (778)	40.50	-0.3	232.26	158.69	182.72	202.20	-0.3	2.18	241,20	232.37	169.33	182.18	202.79	245,54	180.00	182
urope (730)2	06.61	0.5	199.53	136.33	156.97	177.81	0.9	3.00	205.54	198.01	135.78	155.24	176.01	206.51	169.63	170.
ordic (137)		-0.3	283.69	193.84	223.18	252.60	0.1	2.07	294.51	283.73	194,55	222,44	252.62	295.02	222,22	230.
acific Basin (832)1		-0.2	157.11	107.35	123.80	110.59	-0.3	1.20	163.06	157.09	107.71	123.18	110.96	171.87	146.97	148.
uro-Pecific (1582)1		0.1	174.69	119.36	137.43	135.95	0.3	2.08	180.68	174,04	119.34	138.45	135.60	183.39	157.42	156.
onth America (732)		-0.3	248.11	169.52	195,18	256.31	-0.3	2.20	257.65	248.21	170.20	194.60		262.26	192.77	195.
urope Ex. UK (525)	87.87	0.6	181.54	124.04	142.81	151.33	1.1	2.41	166.79	179 85	123.39	141.08	149.68	187.97	152.92	154.
7acrific Ex. Japan (350)		0.3	277.54	169 63	218.34	251,47	0.2	2.94	265.49	275.99	189.25	216.38	250.90	292.69	229.25	238.
Verid Ex. US (1754) 1		0.1	176.05	120.29	138.50	140.15	0.2	2.08	182.11	175.44	120.30	137.55	139.87	164.71	157.80	158.
Vorid Ex. UK (2180)	05.00	-0.1	197.68	135.27	155.75	170.96	-0.1	1.84	205.21	197.86	135.56	154.99	171,04	207.84	167.83	168.
Vorid Ex. Japan (1903)	39.43	0.0	231.23	157,99	181.91	225.14	Ô.1	2.53	239.37	230.60	158.12	180.79	224.81	242.17	187.56	188.
he World Index (2385)	07 29	-0.1	200.28	136.66	157.56	175.73	0.0	2.13	207.52	126.92	137.08	155.74	175.72	209.73	170.18	170.

PARCELS OF LAND FROM THE UNITED 260 ACRES OF STATES AND CANADIAN ARMED FORCES CREATES A DEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITY WHICH CAN NEVER BE REPRATED. THE GOVERNMENT OF PROPERTY ARE BERMUDA IS INVITING PROPOSALS FROM EXPERIENCED AND IMAGENATIVE AVAILABLE FOR DEVELOPERS WHO HAVE THE COMMITMENT, ENTHUSIASM, VISION AND SKILL TO BRING THESE SITES TO DEVELOPMENT THEIR FULL POTENTIAL

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than 60 acres of flat developable land.

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VIEWING WILL BE HELD ON MARCH 27 AND 28. DEADLINE FOR SUBMISSION OF PROPOSAL 19 APRIL 29, 1996.

A MORE DETAILED INFORMATION PACKAGE ON THE TWO PROPERTIES WILL BE PROVIDED ON.

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LINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

INTERNATIONAL REPO MARKETS

The new kid in the City

Philip Gawith and Richard Lapper discuss the rapid growth of repo which now has annual purchases of \$7,300bn

AD av If yon believe the more FILL IN FASS C LAN enthusiastic advocates for repos, they appear to be e solution to everything from the common cold to heartache. It is olaimed that they offer improved returns to investors, cheaper financing to borrowers and greater security to lenders. But even if the claims can sometimes sound e little extravagant, there can be no denying the increasingly central role which repo - sale and repurchase agreements where one party sells a security to another, and simultaneously agrees to buy it back at a later date - is playing in modern capital markets.

March

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Ms Christine Brown-Quinn, head of repo marketing at SBC Warburg in London, says: "Repo is the grease that makes the wheels go round." Within banks, the repo desk

is connected to cash traders, who want to know the cost of financing, to the fixed income sales force, who use it as a means of offering enhanced yields and cheaper financing to customers, and to proprietary trading and options desks, for whom it serves as a source of financing and hedging. Repo had its roots in the USwhere investment banks, with-

out ready access to a deposit basa, had an incentiva to develop a repo market to finance their bond holdings. US companies and institutions were also willing counterparties, ready to diversify investment of their surplus. cash beyond the deposit and commercial paper markets into repo,

id anenanti at Mas US markets goes back 80 years, BLOMBU THE DI LER the international repo market FROM SPOUND & SAMELE BED is only about 10 years old. But S.MYOSTONE. IL CITALE. in that time it has experienced. tend dar solates dar dar impressive growth, to the point AB-shap of a na TS 27 where it is now one of tha world's largest financial mar-

kets. Figures from Greenwich Associates, based on a survey of European and Middle Eastern investors, show net repo purchases to have risen from \$1,206bn in 1993 to \$3,541bn in 1994 and \$7,300bn last year.

This rise has been fuelled by such factors as rapid growth in government debt issuance, central bank use of repo for open market operations and the growing number of counterparties becoming involved in the market. The big US investment banks which first turned to repos as a means of financing their boldings of bonds in the 1970s, are still prominent participants. But they are being joined in the market by European and Japanese large banks, such as Deutsche Mor-gan Grenfell, UBS, SBC Warburg, Nomura and Netional Westminister.

The US still accounts for more than 70 per cent of trades, with an estimated \$1,000bn outstanding in 1994. However business elsewbere. especially in Europe, is growing. The off-shore D-Mark repo market, for example, is estimated to total some DM150hn,

and is growing et around 20 per cent per annum. And repo transactions are now being conducted in more currencies, with an increasing range of bonds - including emerging market debt - used as collateral. "The market is getting big-ger and more diversified," says

James Tomkinson, head of repo products at Nomura in London. "As new entrants come into the repo market, the Although repo in domestic . result is thet longer-term players are looking for new opportunities."

The most racent, and substantial, fillip to the repo market came with the British govermment'a decision at the start of the year to open its bond

market to repos. Previously the Bank of England had restricted the institutions which could borrow and lend government bonds. Now the market is open. This is expected to improve liquidity in the gilts markets, with beneficial spinoffs for the government's cost of borrowing. Jepan is also taking mea-

sures to develop e new repo market, scheduled for launch in April, which will bring its existing markets more into line with international practice. The growth of the UK market has been bampered by documentation and settlement problems, And institutions

which land government bonds have been slow to take part in the market, partially because they are reluctant to manage the cash collateral. Even so there are some early signs that volumes are beginning to pick up

A heightened awareness of the risks inherent in unsecured lending has also boosted tha cause of the repo market. Tha collapse of Barings bank in

February 1995 Was a salutary experience for many. "All of a sudden people have becoma a lot less complacent ebout unsecured loans to banks," says Mick Chadwick, head of repo at UBS. The affair has "acted as a catelyst in eccelerating the desire of institutions to act in a colleteralised environment." he adds.

Another factor bas been the introduction in early January of the capital adequacy directive (CAD) to the European Union. This clarified rules governing the amount of capital that banks registered in the EU must set aside against credit risks linked to repo. Less capital must be set aside against repos than against unsecured loans, so banks can make more efficient use of their capital by lending out money on repos than they can on an unsecured

It has not, however, been one-way traffic. Episodes such as the losses suffered by Orange County, Californie, have tarnished repo in the eyes of some, though defenders of

repo are quick to point out that in that instance it was e misreading of the market, not repo, which caused losses. What such events, and the

launch of the gilts repo market, have made clear, is that education is the biggest marketing challenge facing banks. "Education is where most of my time is spent - getting over the hump of misconceptions." says Ms Brown-Quinn of SBC Warburg. "The products are very simple, but there is so much jargon involved that it totally confuses the customer." The largest users of repo are commercial and investment banks, followed by central banks. But if the growth of recent years is to be continued, then banks will need increasingly to encourage customers to use repo. The UK experience is that an increasing number of companies, pension funds,

asset managers and insurance companies are using repo, though the growth comes off a low base. Dealers are now oushing to

promote .greater interest

among European corporate clients, partially by stressing the advantages of tri-party repo, in which the collateral is held by an independent custodian. (In Europe Euroclear, Bank of New York and Cedel play this

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"Unless you are a corporate with a reasonable amount of cash the operational hassles of setting up repo facilities may not justify the effort involved," says Mr Chadwick of UBS. Triparty repo belps because it allows corporates to invest money in repo without baving to cope with the administrative difficulties of managing the collateral.

Although the repo market is in some ways a young one, there are already signs of maturity. These are most apparent in the US domestic market, where the low returns, with competition expected to curb spreads further, has led to talk of consolidation in the market. **Banks** have responded to

these challenges by seeking out new products and markets tinues unabated. IN THIS SURVEY

SECURITY PULLED

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Friday March 1

A oulde to recos Troubled road to reform LIK: traders are starting to catch on

 Germany, domestic market is strugging Repos and regulation Page 3

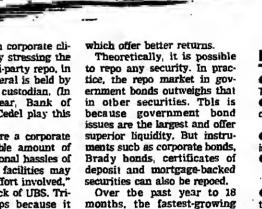
US: consolidation on the cards France: more liquid than London Japan: move to creáte a new market : Page !

Equity repo Profiles: NatWest and Mick Chadwick of UBS

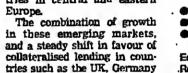
Tri-party'repo Repo system Money markets Page 6

Editorial production:

Roy Teny **Mustration:** Devid Bromley, Cartoons; Roger Beale



sector of the international repo market has been the market in sub-investment grade paper issued by emerging market countries. Most activity bas been focused on Latin American debt, but the focus is now broadening to encompass countries in central and eastern



and Japan, should ensure that the onward march of repo con-

and a start for a set

The benefits of

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The strength and scale of Deutsche Bank, one of only three AAA rated banks in the world serving over 8 million customers in 44 countries, leaves us ideally positioned to provide liquidity management and reduced risk through collaterised lending. or borrowing.

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2 INTERNATIONAL REPO MARKETS

A GUIDE TO REPOS by Richard Lapper larifying a complicated subject

What are Repos?

II

Repo is short for "repurchase" In effect, it means a sale and repurchase agreement. It is a contract to sell securities for cash and then to buy them back at an agreed future date and price.

Thet sounds complicated. It is. Although a repo has the legal form of an agreement to buy and sell a security, the two parties to the deal see it, in effect, as a form of borrowing, either borrowing money or borrowing securities, usually bonds. The party which "borrows" money (the seller) obtains better terms than would normally be obtained if they simply borrowed cash becau the security which they "lend" serves as collateral and reduces the impact of potential default It is somewhat like going to

a pawnbroker and borrowing money against personal valuables If the borrower goes

bankrupt before repaying the loan, the lender retains possessioo of the collateral partially offsetting their loss In the same way the party lending the bonds also has security – in the form of the cash.

The Treasury is

the driving force

behind the UK's

believed to have been

introduction of repos

Gilts market changes: by Graham Bowley

of securities as well as cash. Even so, according to the OK, but what is the difference between repo and stock NatWest International lending Not much really, except that Handbook on repo "there are the counterparty to a stock-lending deal may demand collateral in the form

few differences of substance between them. whether legally or economically, and it is I WAS DOING JUST FINE IN THE REPO

MARKET UNTIL I ACCIDENTALLY FOUND OUT HOW IT ACTUALLY WORKED



likely that over time, the distinctions will become even more blurred Nor are there any

substantial econom differences between so-called "buy sell back" agreements and what market commentators sometimes describe as "classic repo", although they can differ significantly in legal form and in their mechanics. Classic

repos have more formal documentation attached to

Are there some repos where the collateral is not physically transferred? Yes, this is generally to reduce costs. For example, bold-in-custody repo where the collateral is simply segregated in the books of the supplier. In safe-keeping repo the collateral is held in a regated account established in the lender's name at the borrower's clearing bank or at a depository. In tri-party repo collateral is held by an independent third party,

How long do repo agreements last? Classic repos rarely are agreed

for terms greater than one year. However, in some repos the term of the agreement is

oot fixed in advance but simply rolled over automatically on a daily basis.

How are returns worked oot? The repo rate is the agreed rate of interest on the cash extended. Accrued interest reverts to the original owner of the bond hnt the repo rate takes into account the coupon and yield on the bond. Usually the repo rate is lower than the interest rate on the bond. The lender of the cash makes a return based on tha repo rate, the lender of the bond makes a return based oo the bond return less the amount made

Segnal and a second

on the cash. What are repos used for? In the international markets they have several uses. For securities firms it represents a relatively cheap way of financing purchases of bonds. Unlike banks, securities firms do not have easy access to the inter-bank markets, where banks lend money to each other.

Repo allows them to reduce their costs because the rate at which finance is available through a repo is cheaper than would otherwise be the case. Typically, a securities firm uses repo by borrowing money from a repo dealer to buy

bonds which it then deposits with the same dealer to fulfil its part of the agreement. At the same time repos allow dealers to lead money in a way which is similar to placing money on deposit with a bank, although in this case they have the additional security of bolding a bond as collateral

In a sense the development of repo increases the range of short-term money market investments. Investing money in a repo can generate a better return than other short-term money market instruments. such as a Treasury Bill, because the investor runs the risk that the institution which has promised to buy the bond back may collapse and that the price of the bond may drop in the meantime. Money market funds, which have developed extensively in the US and France, where repo is most mature, make extensive use of the repo market for this

purpose. Finally, bond dealers and institutions can borrow boods through repo agreements to meet short-term trading needs In the bond markets, dealers frequently take short positions (sell bonds they do not own), when they feel prices are-likely to fall.

The repo market involved

scrapping the requirement that

stock could only be lent or bor-

rowed through one of the eight

Sembs and abolishing tha rule

restricting the borrowing of

gilts to market-makers and dis-

count pouses. Gilt repos there-

fore represented a challenge to

the profitability of all these participants.

An open repo market also

meant that Gemms would lose

their monopoly of the ability to

"short" gilts, or sell gilts they

do not own when they feel

majority of market partici-

pants and finally came into

existence on January 2. Banks

applauded the way the Bank of

England and the Treasury

carefully sought ont market

opinion during a lengthy con-



FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY MARCH 1.1996

UK: by Richard Lapper

Traders are starting to catch on

Institutions are showing interest as business begins to grow from a fairly low base

Since its launch earlier this year, the open market in gilt repos has been sluggish, But husiness is beginning to grow. with dealers and traders becoming more accustomed to the new trading techniques. Documentation and settlement problems are still hampering transactions but there are early signs that institutions are beginning to use the market.

"It has been a slow start because it has taken a number of players time to sort out technical problems such as systems and legal agreements," says Philip Shaw, group economist at Union Discount. "It now appears that the amount of business is growing. It is not phenomenal growth, but it is trickling up."

The new repo market represents the latest phase of a reform programme developed by the Treasury and the Bank of England, designed to increase the efficiency and

than in the first, and in the third week double that of the second, but it is all from a very low base." says Stephen Ward. bead of gilts repo at Prebon Yamane, the inter-dealer broNo. of the second

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Figures released by the Bank of England last week show that by the end of Jannary, the gross totals outstanding on banks' balance sheets (include ing inter bank transactions) were some £16bo of repos and some £23bn of reverse repos. Many of the gilt-edged market makers are active in tha

repo market and a number of dealers bave begun to use it as part of their efforts to play the sbort-term money market curve. "Repo traders are beginning

to build up 'matched books' (borrowing long-term and lending short-term or vice versa). making short-term interest rate plays," says Ms Una van Dorssen, bead of repo marketing at NatWest Markets. "There is an extra kicker on repo since the honds that you borrow might go 'special', providing extra income.

Institutions such as insurance companies and pension funds, which hold gilts and are active players in the stock lending market, have been slower to move into the market. They lend out bonds in order to earn extra returns on their bond holdings but do not necessarily welcome the inflow of cash which would result if they were to do this through The new market is part of a reform programme by the Treasury and the Bank of England

swept through tha rest of the City of London? Some blame the Bank of England for the delay, some blame market-makers and other privileged operators in the gilts market for resisting the forces of change. The Bank of England has

Once the decision was made to introduce an open gilts repo made its position clear: the market, reform has come breathtakingly quickly. But why did it take so long for that decision to be made more than six years after most other European countries ment. introduced repo in their own

was put under severe strain to bond markets and 10 years absorb buge amounts of debt since Big Bang deregulation

hndget deficit in the early 1990s. This was then exacerbated by the worldwide bear market of 1994 which pushed bond yields sharply higher. Furthermore, repos were seen as a risk. They had gained a bad name following a spate of highly publicised problems

Troubled road to reform

in the US repo market in the existing system of stock lending and borrowing worked well early 1980s. At the time of Big Bang the Bank of England and there was therefore no need to change it - the "if it decided it was easler to superain't broke, don't fix it" arguvise stock lending hy insisting that brokers were used rather than introducing a fully liber-In addition, the gilts market

alised repo market. Only now, as yields bave

when the UK moved into large fallen, as the UK's public sector borrowing requirement has declined and as other repo markets have proven their reliability, has the Bank felt comfortable in turning again to structural change.

> But others assign a greater role to HM Treasury as the driving force hehind the reforms.

Gilts were hit particularly hard by the 1994 bear market, The sharp rise in gilt yields at a time when the Treasury was attempting to make cost savings across the whole of Whitehall - suddenly made it very clear to the UK govern-

arbs: Prebon Yamano (based on a survey between May 20 Justie dam, Prankfurt, London, Libernbourg and New York) in May 29 and June 9, 1995, of 94 binder

ment that it was paying significantly more in debt service costs than many other countries.

Britain's peculiar - some sald archaic - gilts market was blamed. In particular, it seemed odd that government bond markets in other countries, including the US, France and Germany, already had well-developed repo facilities. But although London had long been the European centre of non-dollar repo business, the sterling sector had lagged

Forms of repo Repo 66%





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Hiroshi Kitajima

Akhido Ando

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ind its inter prices are likely to fall petitors.

The Treasury initiated a general review of debt management - under some pressure. from international banks operening a potentially buge loss of liquidity. Without the unique ating in the gilts market - of which the repo was only one ability to short the market, the result. costs of being a market-maker

Kennath Clarke, the UK - the duty to maintain contin-Chancellor, finally announced the setting-up of the gilts repo ually two-way prices, even in falling markets, for example outweighed the benefits for market in the November 1994 Budget. At the time he said an some Gemms. open repo facility "should Since the repo market was improve both liquidity and effifirst announced, several banks ciency, reducing yields and hava, indeed questioned the hence tha government's debt need to be a Gemm and some. interest costs". He calculated such as Yamaichi and Nomura, that each reduction in yields of the Japanese securities houses and Bankers Trust, the US one basis point would eventually save more than £25m a investment bank, have pulled year of nublic expenditure. The out of market-making. Société Générale, the French bank, on yield spread on gilts over French government bonds, for the other hand, bucked that example, has tended to be trend when it became a Gemm more than 100 basis points. If in September last year. But in spite of strong opposithis spread could be significantly reduced, it would repretion from some quarters, the gilts repo market generally sent a substantial cost saving. found favour with the great

The Treasury's persistence in pressing on with reform successfully overcame resistance from some gilt-edged marketmakers (Gemms) and other large operators in the gilts market Many industry observers sus-

pect thet it was these which held up reforms for so long sultation process and bow quickly the authorities acted since they stood to lose most once they had decided to profrom any change. They wielded a strong influence within the ceed with the innovation. They appreciated the longer-term benefits of a fully liberalised system of lending and borrow-Bank of England and used it to keep in place the existing market arrangements, which for ing, in terms of the greater volthem were hugely profitable. ume of business it would bring in and increased involvement Under the old arrangements

just a few clearing banks domihy overseas investors. nated the short-term money "It took a while coming but now that it has, it has hap-pened very quickly," said Simon Briscoe, UK economist markets, while stock exchange money brokers (Sembs), discount bouses and Gemms enjoyed privileged lending and at Nikko Europe. "Very few people at the end of 1994 could have foreseen that within 18 borrowing arrangements with the Bank of England in return for maintaining liquidity in the months the market would have changed in the way it has." gilts market.

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ionidity of the UK gilts mar The Bank feared that some ket, bringing its practices into Gemms would pull out of the line with those of other large gilts market if this unique privinternational government bond markets such as the US and ilege was denied them, threat-

France.

Earlier stages of the reform have seen moves by the Bank to introduce bigger and more liquid benchmark issues of gilts, with regular auctions and to provide the market with regular notice of its funding intentions. Last year the Bank launched a market in gilt strips, where the coupon and the principal of bonds are stripped and traded separately. All these changes have been designed to make the market more user-friendly and increase the attractions of gilts to investors, especially from overseas. Ultimately, it is hoped that the extra liquidity will reduce the discount at which UK debt trades and cut the government's funding costs.

Repos should help this process further by making it easier for traders to borrow bonds, allowing them to take short positions. Until the introduction of gilt repo, only the gilt edged market makers were allowed to borrow bonds while stock exchange monetary brokers conducted lending operations. At the same time, the repo market introduces another way for dealers and traders to finance long positions and could evectually reduce costs. Hitherto, dealers had been largely dependent on the money hrokers for their finance

Early repo trading has been hampered by a number of factors. Industry-wide documentation was not available until November, and an important annex to the agreement which covers detailed issues such as variation margin must be negotiated bilaterally betweeo dealers and each counterparty. There have also been a number of systems difficulties. As well as accommodating repo, banks and dealers have had to amend their back office systems to bring them into line with the European Union's capital adequacy directive (CAD), which imposes heavy new capital requirements One dealer estimated that up

to 90 per cect of firms had experienced problems with their systems. However, repo volumes are now beginning to grow. "In the second week of January vol-

umes were 50 per cent higher

repo arrangements.

"Institutions are still sitting on the fence," says one dealer. They do not want to cope with the cash flows."

Nonetheless, some bigger investors do appear to have dipped their toes into the water. There are two main attractions. First, the added security of placing cash on the repo market means it is less risky than putting it on deposit with a bank, an advantage which was underlined last year hy the collapse of Barings

Second, institutions are able to net off their stock and cash lending exposure for balance sheet and capital purposes, a practice permitted under the standard industry guidelines.

Spreads in the repo market have begun to fall. When the market was launched, rates closely followed those available in the inter-bank market. But rates have since fallen several basis points, with parties borrowing bonds, lending cash at a rate of between 2 and 3 basis points under the Londoo interbank bid rate (Libid)

That means dealers have beeo able to raise finance at sub-Libid levels, which repre-sents a considerable saving for some players, especially those hanks with credit difficulties which would normally expect a few basis points over Libor for funds.

In addition, the activity has led to a reduction in the fees available from standard stock lending agreements. Typically between % and % a point, these have fallen to between 5 and 25 basis points in the past few weeks, according to dealers.

Germany: by Conner Middelmann

Omestic market is struggling

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German banks are beginning to recognise the value of collateralised lending · · · · · ·

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Although the offshore market in D-Mark bond repos is one of the biggest in the world, its domestic market is still struggling to get off the ground. Participants blame this on-

several factors. Fust, they cite the reluc-

tance of German banke to engage in repos due to their ability to obtain attractive unsecured loans in the domestic and offshore money markets or from customer deposits." "Due to balance sheet and

capital considerations. Germany's leading banks have very good credit ratings and there exist between them unutilised interbank credit lines." says Matthew Keller, global head of repo trading at Deut-sche Morgan Grenfell, one of

the leading participants in the D-Mark repo market.

."In the past, domestic insti-tutions felt comfortable lending bonds and equities on an uncollateralised basis and booking resulting exposure against interbank limits especially as collateralised repo transactions have proved

expensive and cumbersome for existing settlement and controlling departments within some banks," he says.

However, amid increasing risk awareness in the banking industry, even the German banks are beginning to recognise the value of collateralised lending, dealers say. "Domestic institutions are bank. increasingly interested in

reducing their inter-bank exposure and using collateralised money market products, which can reduce exposure and have a positive impact on capital requirements," says Mr Keller, If, for example, a bank exe cutes reverse repos in OECD sovereign, government guaranteed or EU enpranational

weekly paper, a zero-risk weighting applies under the Bank for International Settlemente'

With bonds issued by EU public entities, international development banks and OECD banks, a 20 per cent weighting epplies. For non-OECD sovereign issuers, banks and corporates, a 100 per cent weighting is called for. Thus, repos are a lot more capital efficient than inter-bank business, where

operators take up to a 100 per cent hit. Another culprit is seen to be the Bundesbank's minimum-reserve requirement, which

makes German banks uncompetitive in any transaction that requires them to take a cash deposit. The rule requires any liability taken by a German bank

from a non-bank investor or a foreign bank must be secured by a deposit in a non-interestcarning account at the Bundes-Thus the German bank is not receiving interest on the whole

D-Mark repos should not be confused with

the Bundesbank's open-market

reserve requirement in recent years, and in August lowered it to 2 per cent ecross the board,

thing over that period. Still, this has done little to belp the repo market, and many dealers hope that in the run-up to European Monetary Union the requirement will be abolished DM130bn altogether.

"If you're doing an unsecured transaction with a cus-tomer, holding a minimum reserve against that risk le laudable," comments a London repo trader. "But when it's a collateralised transaction, the requirement is a bit draconian," he adds.

"The trend in the minimum reserve is clearly downwards, and many participants expect that it will eventually be ebol-ished," says Mr Keller. "As and when that happens, it is likely that the bulk of money-market related dealing activity, hith-erto restricted to dealing in London or Luxembourg, will move back onshore." Simultaneously, he predicts,

"it is likely that repos will also shift back towards the domesenvironment from e counterparty, booking vehicle and settlement perspective." Incidentally, the D-Mark repos trensacted between banks and other market partic-

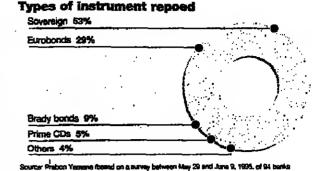
ipants should not be confused with the Bundesbank's weekly open-market intervention, also called "repos" Under this facility, hanks

borrow money in return for collateral they deposit with the central bank: the volume of outstanding Bundesbank repos stands at present at around

The Bundesbank uses this facility to control the amount of short term money in circulation, thereby steering short-term interest rates. The operation has become a key monetary policy tool in recent years and the repo rate is now more important benchmark of short-term German interest rates than the Bundesbank's

Lombard or discount rates. Another factor that bas slowed the growth of a domestic repo market is the reluctance among meny German fund managers to get heavily involved in the market partly because they are under little pressure to boost their performance, some say. "Too many people in Ger-

many are not performance-ori-ented." grumbles a US investment hanker. "If they really wanted to maximise their returns, they would get more involved in this market." In eddition, he says, prohibitive transaction costs deter many from getting more involved in the repo market. "If you bave to pay an 's point for every transaction, you won't do that for long. The cost structure in



encourages fund managers to huy and hold."

development of a liquid domestic repo market is the absence of a legal framework to govern domestic repo transactions. However, spurred by the Association of German Money Market Traders' repo sub-committee, participants are working on a standard agreement that will cover the domestic repo market, based on the PSA/Isma master agreement that governs theLondon-based repo markets where the bulk of non-dollar repo husiness is transacted. really got going around 1988,

futures contract. This provided the first accessible and liquid bonds, and the last two World Bank D-Mark global issues are particularly ectively traded due to a repo market-making facility that was launched in May last year.

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The presence of large non-German investment banks with their experience in repo trading made London a logical place to trade D-Mark repos.

There is a clearly defined split of participants operating in the off-shore repo market. the net providers of liquidity usually European commercial banks with huge deposit bases and central banks - and net providers of collateral, mostly investment houses. The former usually put their cash to work by executing so-called reverse repos, where they lend out their cash and receive bonds in return as collateral. The latter either raise cash to fund their long positions, using their bond boldings as collateral, or borrow bonds to cover their short positions.

However, "being e serious operator in the DM repo markets requires more strategy than just investing surplus liquidity or a desire to finance long positions at attrective rates compared with internal or external funding levels," says Mr Keller. "Ideelly, a bank or securities house should be able to integrate both elements of liquidity and securities into a fully blown matched-hook repo trading

Repos and regulation: by Norma Cohen Learning lessons

Failures in America during the 1980s concentrated the minds of central bankers 🔅

The absence for so long of a system of repurchase agreements for gilt-edged securities in the UK can be blamed on events in the US.

In 1985, several small US government securities businesses collapsed while holding millions of dollars of securities under customer repurchase agreements. When the dust set . tled, it emerged that not only did these companies hold their ¢٧ customers' securities, they.

keep it on their behalf.

lapsed, sending shock waves

through the US banking sys-

tem. It had been borrowing US

Treasury bonds at a time when

UK regulators

steps to avoid

interest rates were close to 14

per cent. The collateral that it

provided to its counterparties

did not include enough to

cover the interest which was

Leter, a government bond firm, Lomhard-Wall Securities,

collapsad while holding cus-

tomer securities under a repur-

chase agreement arrangement. Following legal procedures it

emerged that the organise-

tion's customers were not fully protected even though they

held collateral against tha

securities they had loaned to

Lombard-Wall. The courts

ruled that those which had

loaned securities to the organi-

sation ranked no higher than

any other secured creditor and

accruing while the bonds were tout on loan. Banks lost hun-

dreds of millions of dollars.

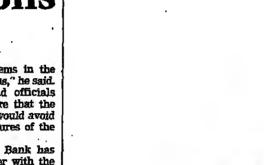
US-type failures

have taken

imity to the problems in the US which deterred us," he said. Bank of England officials were keen to ensure that the UK a repo market would avoid the spectacular failures of the US market.

not needed to tinker with the UK regulatory framework. Repo is an activity governed by the Financial Services Act and only those authorised by , regulatory bodies are allowed

. But to ensure that everyone played by the right rules, the Bank has taken three steps. First, it established a working party to draw up a clear legal agreement which, among other things, would address the legal ambiguities which hit Lomhard-Wall's customers 10 years ago. The document is similar to that drawn up in the US by the Public Securities Association and the International Securities Markets Association. However, it differed from the US version by stating that a repurchase agreement was an outright. sale and that legal title to the securities actually passed to the borrower. Thus, in the event of a default the lender'e collateral is unencumbered because it is treated as the proceeds of a sale rather



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intervention

of the deposit, which means that the rate a German bank can quote its counterpart as a tic receiver of cash is not competitive with a bank that does not operate under the requirement. The Bundesbank has cut the

Germany is such that it instrument for the market to bedge D-Mark interest rate products, which resulted in a Another deterrent to the dramatic increase in banks

balance sheets devoted to bond trading. The explosive growth of the German government debt market following German unification further fuelled the development of the repo market. There are some DM990bn of domestic government securities outstanding that can be used for repos. Since the market is not closely regulated, no numbers

are available about the size and depth of the off-shore D-mark repo market. However. Meanwhile, the offshore market has been blossoming. It bankers estimate it totals some DM150bn, as compared with when the London International the estimated DM30bn domes-Financial Futures and Options Exchange (Liffe) launched a German government bond

tic market - excluding the operation," he says.

Bundesbank's weekly repo There also exists a small

INTERNATIONAL REPO MARKETS 3

repo market in D-Mark euro-

operations.

from the US

guidelines

Fortunately, the Bank has

to participate.

held the collateral as well, Still worse, it later emerged that these organisations had offered the same collateral to each of many clients; and then, as a special favour, offered to safe-In exasperation, the Federal Reserve Bank in New York issued a pamphlet entitled "It's 3pm, do you know where your collateral is?". The 1985 affair was not the first significant fiasco involving repurchase agreements in the US. In May 1982, Drysdale Government Securities col-





from 5 per cent for sight liabilities of up to 31 days and 2 per cent for time liabilities of any-

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that collateral had to be put into a general pot to cover repayments to all other When to half When the secured creditors. E WAS BALLED These shocks to the system billoured in a straight in a three-year period concen-Hater Bank Harris trated the minds of market par-Since Since Since Since ticipants. They also made a tre-BROSS WITH STREET mendous impression on central Burichs Junification bankers around the world not least of which was the Bank of where the issues and England. The Bank was then implementing significant mans devices hill reforms to its own gilts mar-Me to mise finance a the to the state of the state o

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However, repurchase agreeket. ments, the primary mechanism for financing holdings of US Treasury securities, would not emerge in the UK for another 10 years.

"The view was only three miracles at a time," said one 184 former Bank official. He explained that the Bank believed that too many innovations at the same time would swamp the market's capabilities. But also, it was the prox-

than as collateral. Next, the Bank established a committee with the International Securities Market Association (ISMA) to ensure that settlement practices were uni-form. Third, with ISMA it developed a code of best practice. While it cannot insist that the rules are followed it urges participants to deal only with counterparties which abide by

the code of practice. Parts of the code are straightforward recommendations on general good business practice For instance, counterparties shall keep each other'e namee confidential; participants must accept responsibil-ity for the actions of their staff, and, where conflicts of interest cannot be avoided, market professionals should ensure fair

treatment for their clients. In addition, the code stipu-lates that counterparties should ensure that adequate credit checks are conducted before entering into an agreement, and that participants should ensure that both they and their counterparty clearly understand terms for lending. While these conditions seem patently obvious, it was their absence which helped to create spectacular failures in the US. Ms Catherine Bennett, head of the repo desk at Salomon Brothers International and head of the ISMA committee which helped draft the code, notes that there are certain recommended practicea designed specifically to avoid the conditions that had

allowed some US organisations to offer the same collateral to several counterparties. "We have a hold-in-custody rula saying that if you are to allow the borrower of your securities to hold your collateral as well, then the regular know-your-

customer applies." The gilts repo market is still too new and too small to know with any certainty that it will avoid the US-type clashes of the last decade. But at least regulators and market participants have highlighted those activities most likely to cause damage and have taken steps to address them.

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4 INTERNATIONAL REPO MARKETS

US: by Christine Moir

Consolidation on the cards

The continued squeeze on margins may lead

to a shakeout over the next two years The US repo market - by far

the most mature of any in the world - may be at the start of a period of consolidation. Higb profite scandals, such as the bankruptcy of Orange County as a result of its treasurer's investment strategies, plus the continued squeeze on margins has caused some participants to question whether they should remain in the market Appetites for more exotic instruments bave certainly been curbed.

Lou McCrimtisk, a repo specialist with Salomon Brothers, is dismissive of the "knee-jerk" reaction to the losses at Orange County which induced the market briefly to declare repos ao unsafe strategic instrument "Orange County's losses did

not reflect anything inherently wrong with the repo market, but rather Robert Citron's over-leveraged exposure to the highly volatile interest rate sensitive securities that he was financing." says Mr McCrim-

He insists that the market is too important to quit, "A company of Salomon Brothers' size requires access to an efficient source of funding: repos give us this". Other traders agree that the leading US houses will continue 10 support the market but are concerned at the low levels of returns available in

France: by Andrew Jack

what is a demonstrably mature think it still has many possibilmarket. ities. It remains a natural mar-Lenders are typically looking ket for hedge funds which

at less than 50 basis points as their fee for making US Treamust find ways of financing their sbort positions." What the bedge funds think is crucial to the future of the sury Bills available to borrow-ers. With the Federal Reserve also busy cutting interest rates repo market. In the mid-1980s only about 100 of them were to at present, lenders are making less from investing the typical be seen in the US repo market. 102 per cent collateral borrow-By 1990 their number had risen ers put up in a repo contract. One of Mr McCrimlisk's colto 400. Today there could be as many as 4,500.

leagues in New York summed And some of them are very large indeed. Hedge fund manup his views by saying: "Salo-mon may turn away some busiagers, such as George Soros, ness rather than cut rates any the Hungarian financier, and further but it will stsy in the Julian Robertson of tha Tiger Fund, have sufficient financial market. muscle to drive the cash market in bonds by their moves in

Hedge funds are still nervous after the bloodbath in global bond markets in February 1994

Although the hedge funds returned to profit last year. Jack Huber, global sales investors no longer believe manager for financing sales at that managers can devise effec-Lehman Brothers in New York, tive strategies to shield them from losses if they take buge punts on the direction of marbelieves: "The continued squeeze on margins will lead to a shakeout over the next year. kets or interest rates, accordpossibly two, hut those remaining to London-based Tass Maning will find new niches in a agement which monitors the market which still has plenty performance of bedge funds of room to develop." worldwide. Judy Mabry, head of Leb-Most bave adopted more cauman's repo desk in London. ecboes his views. "The repo

tious investment strategies, concentrating on securities market is bighly efficient. lending based on individual stocks in which they bave perwhich explains the narrow margins," she concedes. "but [sonal expertise

the repo market.

Hedge funds are still nervous

bond markets in February 1994

when most misread the direc-

tion of currencies and interest

rates and their complex deriva-

by repo and securities lending

buttresses, failed to protect

them from painful losses.

All of these moves have pu a brake on the near vertical growth of the US repo market. dominated as it is by US Treasury Bills.

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and the second states

Initially the only acceptable collateral was simple cash. T-bills themselves Tben became de rigueur. As inves-tors' sophistication grew and spreads and yields came under pressure, they turned to other forms of commercial paper. such as corporate bonds and even mortgages, as collateral but demanded a premium to

compensate for the perceived extra risk of unsecured securi-The more cautious approach now being adopted by many lenders, is reinforcing a return to greater reliance on T-hills after the bloodbath in global and cash collateral. This may leave some of the fancier recent contracts out in the cold during this conservative phase. The Orange County backlash tive strategies, even supported has also bad another effect. According to Lehman's Mrs Mabry everyone is now scru-

tinising their counterparties with extra care and checking that the trades they propos are suitable for that particular counterparty.

When Orange County was forced to renege on its contracts some counterpartles found that their bankruptcy protection arrangements excluded bankruptcy of a local authority. It was a salutary lesson.

This extra scrutiny may be just what the market needs to resume growth if it refocuses attention on the twin virtues of repos as a source of finance: namely, that the funds are dou-



Judy Mabry: "The repo market is highly efficient, which explains the narrow margins"

bly protected by the underly-Brokers are thought to be the most vulnerable group. ing instrument - sovereign debt - and a good-quality Sucked into the burgeoning market in their droves, compecounterparty's desire to maintition among them is already These virtues are the fierce.

strength of the repo market for Now they face the extra hoth horrower and lender. assaults of less dizzy levels of They are also what makes it so demand and a squeeze on fees efficient - and consequently which must be paid for out of the lender's lower interest rate High volume is the classic yields.

On top of this they face a compensation for meagre marfurther consequence of the gins. If the market is in for a repo market's continuing matperiod of low growth some will uration: disintermediation.

increasingly lenders and borrowers bave done business together before and bave no need of a broker's introduction. Disintermediation in turn hight reinforce another consolidating factor already apparent

in the market: its concentration into fewer and larger hands. Borrowers are already turn-

ing just to the most prime covenants as their lender of cboice. Before long, some observers have said, the class of lenders will have shrunk to

Picture: There Humohrie

a self-limiting oligarchy." That time is not yet and it may be permanently averted by the inevitable extra factor. The US repo market may be fully, even over-mature

But the money market is a truly global one and repo markets elsewhere are just emerg

Lehman's Mr Huber predicts that Asia, Central and Eastern Europe and even Latin America could become the next repo centres if conditions get too tight in the US market.

More liquid than London market. They have become a

lot more cautious about it."

That is one reason why a

bank is often very active for a

period of several months, and

then may reduce its positions.

be says. However, Crédit Lyon-

nais made profits of FFriom in

January alone from the French

market. "The repo market is

The French market began to

develop pragmatically largely

from 1987, using conventions

under the remere system, gov-

erned by the jurisdiction of a

the market for the future, cul-

minating in a new law at the

is also a structural factor: the

huge amount of business from

the substantial French money

market funds, which have little

choice but to carry out repo

operations as part of legal obli-

gations concerning the risk

He says that the high degree

of transparency and liquidity

in the market can also pose

problems. He highlights the

attack on the French franc dur-

ing the European monetary cri-

"You can sell repos with no

Equalty, be says the lure of

business in Paris has led to rising competition from market

makers, which has belped con-

siderably to cut margins. "It

was the first market in Europe,

constraints," he says. "Non-res-

idents mobilised very impor-

sis in 1993.

tant sums."

profile of their investments.

the big market for the future."

Concentrating on government bonds, Paris is now one of Europe's most

important centres Among the success stories of the Paris financial markets in the last few years, the develop-

ment of repos in France is one of the most impressive. From modest beginnings in the late 1980s, it has rapidly grown into one of the most important centres in Europe. The idea is simple. As in

19tb century law which permitother markets, treasury bonds, ted the option to sell and then bills and gilts - as well as theobuy back securities. retically other forms of securitles - are offered as collateral

It operated relatively effectively until 1990, when a Ger-

end of 1993.

summer 1994.

he says.

SOMEHOW THE IDER OF ENTERING INTO A 'TRUST ME' REPO AGREEMENT WITH THAT MAN FILLS ME WITH MISGNINGS

Japan: by Emiko Terazono

The missing links in the Japanese financial system are likely to be in place by April Japan's finance community is scrambling to piece together a framework for a new hond repurchase agreement market due to be launched in April which could handle an estimated Y210.000bn (\$1.981bn)in outstanding government bonds. The need for more risk-free

tain its credit rating.

low yielding.

get burt

bond settlements and a repurchase market increased in the wake of the collarse of Barings, which bad borrowed a large amount of honds from



Move to create a new market

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FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY MARCH 1996

against casb, and then "repurchased" at a future date for the same sum plus an additional interest payment.

In France, the market is very largely concentrated in government bonds, and most deals, are of short duration, with many geared to overnight money market rates and some three-quarters expiring in less than three days.

The market is concentrated in government bonds, and most deals are of short duration

The country's domestic market has become so large that alone in Europe - it is more liquid than the international cross-border market principally centred in London.

Figures show that the volume of transactions has exploded: from a daily average of FFr300m in 1990 to one of more than FFr45bn in 1994. with the total outstanding FFrI.040bn at the end of 1994.

"The market is more liquid than in other countries," says Ludovic Plas of UBS. "Without any chauvinism. France is the market of reference and technically in advance."

Thomas Morand of Crédit Lyonnais says that the market fluctuates considerably. "A lot of players have been badly and became n in mode," be beaten by the volatility of the says.



The survey will look at the country's economy. Mercosur, pensions reform, banking, politics and more. For more information on advertising opportunities in this survey,

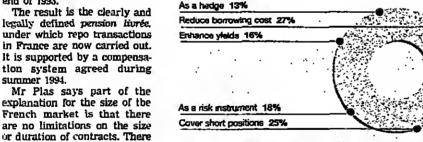
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> or Raul Fontaina in Uruguay: Tal: (5982) 403-811 Fax: (5982) 498-762

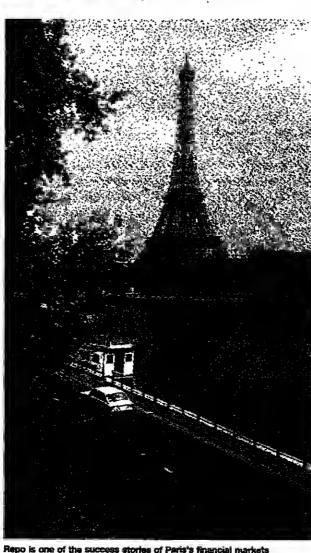
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man bank decided not to hon our the buy-back clause - as it was legally entitled to do under the law - hence throwing the market into confusion. A lengthy battle in the RULER BEALE courts followed, and the government embarked on defining a series of steps to help clarify

Uses for repo



ared on a survey between May 29 and June 8, 1995, of \$4



Japanese banks. The Bank of Japan is also looking for ways to diversify its money market operations. The country's bond traders deal in two markets which are

in effect similar to the westero repo market. One is the gensaki market, which is an overthe-counter repo market in that borrowing is effected by selling a bond for a fixed period of time with an agreement to buy the bond back at a specified price.

The borrowers in the market are bond dealers at banks and other financial institutions who use the market to finance their positions, while the main lenders are husinesses and investment trusts which need to invest their cash. The Bank of Japan also uses the gensaki market as a means of controlling liquidity in tha money markets.

The gensaki market used to be important as the leading market in which interest rates were set freely without the control of the Bank of Japan, but the liberalisation of other money markets bas lessened

The Bank of Japan is seeking ways to diversify money market operations

its significance. The downside to the market is also that the horrower of securities cannot apecify which bond is wanted, making the gensaki a general collateral market. The gensaki transactions are also subject to a secu-rities transaction tax, which the seller of a bond - in this case both the borrower and the lender - is required to pay.

The second type of transac-tion through which bonds are borrowed and lent, is the bond borrowing, or taishaku market. Altboogh it is also loosely called the repo market, it is different from a "real" repo market In western terms since only a fee is paid to use the bond rather than the borrower exchanging money equivalent to the value of the bonds. This is a result of the limited settlement dates of the Japa-nese government bond market,

where bonds are settled on the 5th, 10th, 15th, 20th, 25th and 30th of each month. Settling of hond transactions therefore

and a second
The Tokyo financial comm ity is applauding the creation of the new repo market in April

takes seven to 11 business days after the actual deal is made. bonds are returned. Since the borrowing and return of a bond is likely to be and the size of the new repo market to result in the Bank of finished before the settlement date arrives, the borrower stm-Japan using it for its money ply pays the lender a fee for market operations. Rates of the bond. Because the bond participating in the new marborrower does not pay for the ket are likely to be cheaper bond, the transaction is than in the gensaki market due to the lack of transaction exempt from the securities transaction tax. taxes, and since the rates are quoted as interest rates as

Altbough lending can take place either against cash collateral or unsecured, most transactions done directly with lenders are unsecured. While arbitrage easier. this has minimised back-office work for the lenders, it has increased the lender's risk.

When Barings collapsed last year, the hanks and institutions which had lent bonds to its Japanese arm for a fee faced losses. Although the hanks were reimbursed, there were calls for a more efficient and risk-free settlement system. In a related move, bond mar-

ket participants want the settlement period sbortened in line with the Eurobond market, where transactions are settled three days after a deal.

Many bond market participants applaud the creation of the new repo market. "It will put in the missing links in the market and place the Japanese government hond market in line with world practices," says Marshall Gittler, bond analyst at Merrill Lynch in Tokyo. He points ont that a more efficient repo market will allow easier shorting of the bond market which helps to reduce anoma-

lies in bond prices. The new repo market is likely to be a combination of the gensaki and the bond borrowing markets. Like the gensaki, it is likely to involve an exchange of money approximately equivalent to tha value of the bouds.

However, since the transac tion will not legally be a sale of the bond, a transaction tax will not be required. The lender acouries short-term funds and

receives a lending fee when the the new repo market by bond holders who want to avoid pay-Analysts expect the liquidity ing the securities transaction

tax. The ministry of finance had initially required borrowers in the bond borrowing market to pay a fee of over 100 basis points over the overnight call rate in order to prevent such cases.

However, this bas been abolished recently since 100 basis points is unrealistically high at opposed to a lending fee, the rates will be comparable with a time of record low interest other market rates making rates. The ministry says it has yet to find a method to prevent illegal use by such market One concern the authorities have is the fraudulent use of operators.

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In this classic repo, Bank agrees to deliver to Securities House DM11.04m cash in exchange for collateral in the form of DM10m of a 7.5 per cent coupon Bund maturing November 11, 2004 with accrued interest of DM43,958. The cash amount reflects the market value of the collateral, and a return on the reportmonies at a rate of 4.5 per cent per annum will be paid to the cash supplier, On value date, Bank pays DM11.04m to Securities House, which in turn transfers Bunds with a nominal value of DM10m to Bank.

The next business day, Bank returns the Bunds to Securities House and Securities House repays to Bank the original cash amount of DM11.04m plus one day's return on that cash at the agreed repo rate of 4.5 per cent per annum. The return is calculated as:

DM11.04m x 4.5/100 x 1/360 = DM1,380

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Week (2)720

Baby with a big future This money market on a bond, partly because the

instrument is still in its infancy, but could offer a good risk-reward ratio

Could equity repo be tha next dig money market instrument? in his infancy and could take time to become a household appropriate some say this new kid on the financial block could well offer the best risk-reward ratio over the next few years. With London as the bub of activity, equity repo is picking ap a head of steam worldwide. It's a major education process," says Mark Harrison, an executive director at Morgan

Stanley in London, "but the US honses are looking to finance their inventory, and this develops into a financing husiness mits own right."

Rouity repo represents another step in the market's journay along the collateral quality spectrum, from US Treasury bonds, through European sovereign and eurobond repo, to Brady bonds and triparty structures. Such progress has been driven partly by the liberalisation of markets. partly by the constant desire to develop new premium-priced

products and partly by the drive to make as many assets as possible pay their way. There are strong indications that after taking into account all the constraints and caveats. market professionals in the UK have decided to grasp the nettle and do their best to establish a viable equity repo market within the existing legal and fiscal framework.

In most important respects, equity repo is identical to fixed income repo. On one side are firms such as Goldman Sachs; Lehman Brothers, -. Morgan Stanley, Salomon Brothers and Merrill Lynch seeking to finance their long equity positions. On the other side are cash-rich investors, for whom equity repo offers a higher yield for lower risk using a straightforward mechanism; the collateral aspect means business can be done with a wider range of counterparties. who might not qualify under normal credit criteria. A 12115

There are a number of fiscal, philosophical and practical reasons why reports only now

It is very easy to do a repo achieve the same net effect."

1.1.21

cash flows are known in repo as a product has been advance; this is not the case with equity.

While bonds do not in the main experience corporata actions, equities are quite frequently subject to stock splitting, rights issues or other events which can affect tha original value dramatically. Equities are intrinsically less liquid and more volatile than bonds (which results in bigger haircuts - the amount by which the market value of tha securities repoed exceeds the cash amount involved than in fixed income repo).

Narrow spreads mean it can often be cheaper and easier to

UK market professionals are trying to establish a viable equity repo market within the

existing framework

borrow a stock than to repo it. Problems arise, too, from anti tax-avoidance legislation which was originally written for other purposes. UK tax leg-islation - designed to prevent dividend washing, for example makes it very unfavourable to repo an equity over the dividend date. In an extreme case, argue bankers, dividends could end up being taxed twice. The convention of the market. unless otherwise agreed, is thus to call equities back over the dividend date. This

severely reduces the flexibility of the equity repo product and its strategic possibilities. "It's not a pair of handcuffs,

but it's like putting a couple of rocks in your pocket," says Joseph McManus, an executive director at Goldman Sachs International. "It slows you down."

. Even the very term equity repo is in dispute, being seen as something of a generic term the principal partles involved for equity financing, "The financing takes four forms, repo makes a quick move to indusitsalf,-buy/sell-back, equity-try-standard documentation swap and the zero-strike more likely. This can only belp option," says Mr Harrison, "All, the market's further evolution

around for bittle more than a vear or two - there are vast differences in volume between It and fixed income rep; deal tickets are smaller and terms are shorter. Deals also tend to be more opportunistic than in fixed income. "There's a lot of talk, but not much action," remarks Brion Dry, head of securities lending at Royal Bank of Scotland, "A big trade in equity can be a small ticket in fixed income," says Mr McManus.

At this early stage - equity

The greater diversity and volatility of the underlying collateral are also, it has to be admitted, something of a negative. "If you had the choice hetween AAA-rated government bond collateral and unrated corporate collateral, which would you choose?" aska Mr McManus, "The strength of the credit and the typically higher yield over traditional money market instru-ments are what clinch the argument," he continues.

answering his own question. Other factors hindering the development of the equity repo market include the lack of standardised documentation. Repo documentation is for securities paying interest on a gross basis, not dividends on a net basis, so you have a documentation issue straight away," says Rod Barr, manager of Salomon Brothers' securities lending desk in London, "You have to have your own, and that can take months." Standardised documentation

is essectial for repo, a high-volume low-margin husiness. "We don't want to repeat the early days of securities lending when everyone was using different documeots and paying lawyers a lot of money," says one

banker. Under the auspices of the London Investment Bankers Association, a working group is now working positively towards a market standard, which will essentially be an amendment to the standard **PSA/ISMA** master agreement used for fixed income repo. The industry wants to avoid making the mistakes that occurred with securities lending, and the enthusiasm evident among

and development.

In the right hands, it seems, repo is no longer just about the lowest cost; it is maturing and becoming more sophisti cated. Traditional repo is essentially a high volume, low margin commodity product, identical from bank to bank and selling purely on price. This can make it extremely difficult for an institution to offer a product which is different from the rest of the pack.

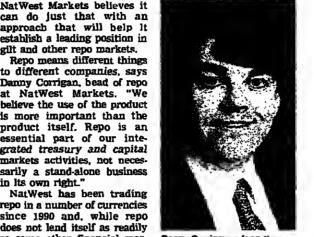
can do just that with an approach that will belp It stablish a leading position in gilt and other repo markets. Repo means different things to different companies, says Danny Corrigan, bead of repo at NatWest Markets. "We believe the use of the product is more important than the product itself. Repo is an essential part of our integrated treasury and capital markets activities, not necessarily a stand-alone business in its own right." NatWest has been trading

repo in a number of currencies since 1990 and, while repo does not lend itself as readily as some other financial markets to league tables and rankings, regards Itself as a leading operator in the field in the UK. NatWest might not be the biggest marketmaker in repo but it aims to be one of the most effectiva, especially in gilts where being a top six gilt-edged marketmaker should be a significant asset in maximising returns,

The NatWest repo desk in London has been huilt up over the past few months in preparation for the introduction of gilt repo, and now boasts six on the market-making side

and two on proprietary trading, plus support staff. Like most repo desks, the mixture is one of home-grown staff and talent recruited from elsewhere to plug specific gaps. Una van Dorssen, Stuart

Neie and Ian Lincoln have all arrived over the past few months, from SG Warburg. Swiss Bank Corp and TSB respectively. to joio Danny



Danny Corrigan: a long-time advocate of glit repo

Corrigan, a long-time advocate of gilt repo. The desk is structured in two parts, one responsible for servicing customers and financing the company's own gilt-edged market-making position, the other for proprietary activities.

NatWest not only provides clients with up-to-the-minute information on events, trends and developments in the market, it also aims to educate clients about repo and provide them with strategic guidance

on its use The last quarter of 1995 could prove in the long term to be almost as important as the first quarter of 1996 for repo operations at NatWest Markets.

It was then that as part of its ambitions to be a top 10 global investment bank, the company brought under common management the debt securities business transacted in NatWest Capital Markets

with the Treasury business. "Two markets ara moving closer together - bond markets and money markets, says Brian Larkman, the head of UK money markets at Nat-

"This merger has essentially cleared reporting lines to enable those businesses to relate very openly and naturally to each other, it reflects the integration of the markets themselves and the needs of the customer base."

"Repo bridges the gap between bond markets and money markets, and is a strong integrating influence. says Mr Larkman. "It is appropriate that it

should be situated in a way that services the bond husiness and relates directly to the existing money businesses; we can do that more easily having changed our structure. The merger will have quite profound benefits for the longer term potential of the husi-

"We find there is a lot in common with other money market products," says Mr Corrigan. "Each repo trade can either be cash-driven or bond-driven. As the barriers between the banking and secu-

rities husinesses are broken made it an active participant down, repo will settle either in, and arranger of, confermore towards traditional ences and seminars. The com money market operations or pany has even produced a text book on gilt repo and is satismore towards bond operations, depending on the fied with both the early proginstitution." Traders at other ress since the market was companies will welcome clarilaunched and the prospects for fication future development.

NatWest's involvement in While size is an undoubted the run-up to the introduction factor - if only because it helps makes assembling teams of gilt repo puts it in a good of experts affordable - there is more to it than simply being



Brian Larkman: bond and money markets are moving closer

position to fulfil an ongoing product in those currencies in educational role in that market, covering repo itself, and stantial presence in the interits accounting, legal, credit, settlement, trading or risk implications. As one of the chief propo-

nents of gilt repo, and as a member of every Bank of England working party on the topic. NatWest built up an in-depth knowledge of the vear. product and the market. The ability to field in-bouse experts for every occasion has

bank market," concludes Mr Larkman. "We have to complete this merger as a first step to make sure we are extracting maximum value from our gilt repo operations; we will be ready to broaden the currency range later in the

Brian Bollen

very big. Agility, flexibility,

responsiveness and systems

in-house system to support

and extend our capabilities in

bonds and repo," says Mr

Larkman, "The demands of

dealers for management infor-

mation are always growing.

and one of the strengths in the

system is it can be adapted

and extended effectively to

cater for these growiog

NatWest does oot envisage

much of a delay in pressing

ahead with the expansion of

its repo coverage. "Merging

repo with money markets will

enable the existing money

markets business to partici-

pate more fully in the repo

which we already have a sub-

"We've developed our own

count. too.

demands."



PROFILE: NatWest Markets Trying to be a little different

INTERNATIONAL REPO MARKETS 5

PROFILE: MICK CLIROWICK OF UBS More essential than ever professional footing, he

"Don't look at what a repo desk gives you; look at whatthe lack of a repo desk denies you." This is maybe not quite US presidential rhetoric, but the point, as made by Mick Chadwick, the evangelical senior repo trader at Union Bank of Switzerland, is clear. Repo not only lives, it is possibly more essential than

Repo and other sophisticated financial instruments might have been expected to suffer from the series of high-profile financial disasters and scandals over the past few years - from Maxwell to Daiwa via Barings and Orange County - but, argues Mr Chadwick, "when the fundamental product is sound, markets bounce back better than ever."

Repo has been unfairly blamed to a number of cases Repo was not the problem; it was the use to which it was put. One of the benefits of . doing repo in Europe today is that we can draw on years of experience in the US. "Repo is important as a product in its own right, but just as significant is its importance for a wider

variety of trading structures. Ynu couldn't have an options business without a repo desk; you couldn't have proprietary trading without a repo desk; yon couldn't provide derivatives or undertake any form of relative value trading without a repo desk." There is at least one other significant benefit of repo trading. Fund managers who keep their lending and financing operations at arm's length will find their market intelligence is inevitably diluted. It seems that the closer the repo business is to the bond business, the better for everybody. Mr Chadwick identifies

three important variables that determine repo rates when repo is used as a money market instrument (otherwise known as the general collateral market). First, the counterparty risk; second, collateral; and, third. (often overlooked) the mechanics of delivery. Each of these has a shaple key. In the first, it is "know your

ustomer". In the second, "liquidity is more important than creditworthiness". In the third, "possession is nine-tenths of the law". Know your customer is a phrase which he repeats as something of a mantra.

Mick Chadwick "rules one, two and three are know your customer

"Rules one, two and three: know your customer." This drives home the message that even though the fully collateralised structure of repos enables lenders to do business with a wider range of counterparties, it does not remove the need for good old-fashioned credit essment. Very traditional bankers and modern repo traders do have something in common after all. That repo can enable lenders and borrowers to carry on doing business with one another in otherwise impossible circumstances was amply demonstrated in tha wake of the Mexican peso crisis. Normal, unsecured commercial lending to certain parties was nut; repo was certainly in. **Opportunities and dangers** go hand in hand in the repo market, says Mr Chadwick. Growth in emerging merkets business and the increasing use of derivatives - if not properly understood, monitored and controlled provide two examples. The emergence of more intelligent and creative people, with new toys to play with, is another, and reinforces the need for effective monitoring and control procedures.

The repo market is today moving on to a much more

required of repo staff changing as the product moves out of the back office. Settlement, which ultimately drives tha repo transaction, requires a certain set of skills. But the narrowing of margins and increasing technicality of the business demand that today'a successful repoists be masters of several trades. "You have to know about money markets, about settlement. about bonds, derivatives, credit and the law," he says. Not to mention being able to envisage the broader canvas. Tha nostalgia for the

argues, with the qualities

market's good old days - all of five or six years ago - is lmost tangible. UBS, which functions as a borrower. lender and Intermediary in the market,

will be focusing closely on two important growth areas for repo in the near future. The first is gilts, reflecting the bank's status as a gilt-edged market maker and as an active participant in all the sterling markets. The second is emerging markets, where the last surviving significant expansion and wider margins are to be found. "You can no longer make a living out of the hid-offer spread in the major G7 government bond markets," says Mr Chadwick. "Conceptually it's possible to repo any security, and the US and European markets are so efficient that anomalies have been arbitraged out." So far, the search for a higher payback has mostly taken UBS into repoing Brady bonds for Latin American names. It is also starting to do business in eastern Europe, Russia and South-East Asia. Mr Chadwick concludes with another mantra: RTLC. or remember tender loving care. R is for regulatory. T is for tax, L is for legal, C is for credit. "Do proper due diligence in

these areas, and repo is intrinsically one of the safest vehicles around."

Brian Bollen

revolution."

Financial Times, 3 January 1996

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6 INTERNATIONAL REPO MARKETS

Tri-party repo: by Brian Bollen

Europe takes to tri-party The haves and the have-nots money markets. the growing acceptance of the

and the second
The advantages are a lower cost of funding, ease of collateral movement and reduced administration

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International tri-party repo is becoming fashionable in Europe. Average dally outstandings, estimated at \$20bn to \$25bu, are forecast to continue growing to \$35bn-\$50bn by the end of the year. This is still low compared with other forms of repo, but the prospects for further, exponential growth are seen as brighter than might have been the case just six mouths ago. The Bank of New York in

London - one of the three leading multicurrency tri-party custodians along with Cedel and Euroclear - says it bas seen its volume of outstandings more than double in the past year. "There is a greater understanding of repo and wbat it can do for you." says Chip Davy, vice-president and product manager for repo services at Bank of New York. "Business with existing customers has risen, and large multinational corporations are roming in as investors of cash. They bring to the relationship a range of currencies, and are attracted by the combination of a collateralised investment and the bigher return."

"The market has had its share of false starts since the first publicised tri-party repo arrangement was put in place, between Swiss Bank Corp and the EBRD," says Saheed Awan, manager, repo products, at Cedel Bank in London. "The agreement - signed in September 1992 with Cedel Bank as custodian - was greeted with a great deal of cuthusiasm by the broker-dealer community. 'fbey saw tri-party repo as a new way to bring extra and fresh sources of cash into the markets."

After a promising start, triparty repo suffered along with the rest of the fixed income markets throughout 1994; staff charged with its marketing have found the teething problems frustrating because they regard the product as virtually faultless

Tri-party repo is an agreement between a bank, a client treasurers, they understand

and e third-party clearing house or custodian bank. The third-party clearing bouse or custodian benk agrees to assume the administrative pressures involved in repo. This includes handling all operational tasks, including marking to market, ensuring that collateral maets eligibility criteria and safeguarding that securities in a segregated

account. Custodians also handie the movement of securitles and casb between counterpartles. From the investor point of view, tri-party repo is claimed to be the easiest and safast way for clients requiring deliv-

ery of collateral to enter the repo or the secured pledge markets. Advantages to the cash investor include incremental income and an increase in returns coupled with a reduction in risks and costs. Documentation is written to protect fully the cash inves-

tor's right to the collateral in the event of counterparty insolvency. in addition to commercial banks, the main cash investors include central banks looking for a secure and liquid money market alternative, and a growing number of corpo-

rates seeking llouldity and vield-enhancement For daaler-hrokers, the advantages include a lower cost of funding, ease of collat-

eral movement and reduced administration. "Givan the size of our balance sheet, tri-party repo is a necessity," says Lou McCrimlisk, European product manager for finance products al Salomon Brotbers, one of the higgest users globally of tri-party repo products. "Operational support is worth lts weight in gold."

Although tri-party repo ls not a panacea - credit risk, collateral risk, market risk and operational risk will grow as the universe of counterparties and securities deemed eligible expands and diversifies - It is obviously safer than hold-in-

custody repo. Tri-party is thus beginning to achieve the recognition its advocates feel it deserves. "Triparty repo has won over the constituency it was aimed at," says Peter D'Amario, bead of repo marketing at BZW. "Once you explain it to corporata

Saheed Awan: e new way to bring fresh cash into the markets

the added value. It gives them the simplicity of bank deposits plus collateral and a vield plck-up with no more work other than setting up the agreement."

The only apparent losers are commercial banks who are missing out on cheaper cash deposits and more remunera-tive unsecured inter-bank landing, but what they lose on the opening of tha gilt repo markel has provided further these swings they gain on the roundahouts. As principal cash impetus: the broader interpretation is that the Bank of Invastors, commercial banks England bas effectively given themselves benefit from triparty repo's greater security its blessing to repo in all its and ease of use. forms as a concept. Technical If anything, tri-party repo's changes including the approval

of the international clearing of omise of greater security and a higher return can at times gilts from March 4 can only seem too good to be true, but belp.

I DON'T LIKE THE WAY YOU'VE STARTED REPERRING TO OUR HOUSE AS 'THE COLLATERAL'

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BRIER BEALE

The demarcation between the two camps is expected to disappear gradually

The market for repos: by Antonia Sharpe

operators in Europe's fastgrowing rapo markets are dlvided into two camps: the haves and the have-nots. The baves are the hlg banks

which set their excess liquidity to work in the repo markets through "reverse repos" - that ls, they lend their cash and receive bonds in return as collateral The blggest operators in this

camp are Europe's big univer-sal banks, notably the triple-A rated Deutsche Bank and Union Bank of Switzerland with their huge depositor bases. They are being joined by the big UK clearing banks now that repo is allowed in the UK government bond (gilts) mar-

European and Scandinavian central banks are also large previders of liquidity to the repo market, which they use to Increase the return on their foreign axchange reserves.

Bankers marketing repo to institutional investors and corporate treasurers as an alternative to the money markets are delighted that central hanks are so active in repo. "The fact tbat so many central hanks engage in repo bas given the market respectability and that is a great selling point," says one banker.

The have-nots are the investment banks which need the repo market to finance their trading positions in the bond They do this hy either rais-

market.

Money markets: by Philip Gawith

The introduction of a gilt repo

market has been accompanied

by a deluge of publicity, most of it about stock lending. But

repo hridges the gap between

bond and money markets, and

It may be that the mora endur-

ing legacy of the gilt rapo

proves to be its evolution into

the Bank of England's dally

ment. First, UK short rates

have often heen much more

financial institutions.

to use repo as a means of inter-

ing cash using their bond inventory as collateral to fund their long positions or hy borrowing stock to cover thair short posttions. According to market estimates, funding long positions accounts for 70 per cent of repo transactions while the remainder is to cover

shorts. Since repo began in the US in the mid-1980s, the big US investment banks had a head start when repo started in Europe. Although individual ket. markets have their local characteristics, the methodology is hased on US prectice. As a result. Goldman Sachs, Salomon Brothers, CS First Boston, Lebman Brotbars, Merrill Lynch and Morgan Stanley are

all ective operators. Also in the "have-nots" camp, are the so-called "leveraged customers", mora commonly known as hedge funds. They typically repo out their hond inventory as many as 100 times to get maximum exposure to the bond markets.

In 1993, when bond markets around the world were rallying, hedge funds were hig users of the repo market to fund their long positions. Since 1994, when the sudden fall in bond markets caught them out, they hava been less active.

Then there are the specialist brokers which have carved out a niche for themselves between the two camps. Since they trade as principal, they provide much-needed anonymity to borrowers and lenders in the repo market.

"If you want to repo a sensitive position, such as funding a long position or covering a short position, then you don't want the whole market to know about lt," says one dealer.

vantion. But the Bank of money market activities, the England does not want to pre- repo market's development is

When the Bank of England gave the green light to gilt repos, many believed that the big banks would squeeze out the Stock Exchange Money Brokers (SEMBs), the traditional lenders of stock to the gilts market.

For those without critical mass, such an end is probably inevitable. However, some are seeking expertise in other markets to make up for the greater competition in the gilts mar-

Also, since they can have long-standing relationsblps with institutions which lend out stock, thay hava one advantage over the new entrants - they know where to go for "special issues." that is when the market goes short of a certain stock.

A less obvious, hut vital participant in the repo market is Euroclear, tha Brussels-based bond clearance system. Repo operators bave an account with Euroclaar ao that their repo transactions can be settled automatically. Of Euroclear's total turnover of \$25,000bn in 1995, settlement of repo transactions accounted for one-third.

Euroclear also offers a fullyautomated service for tri-party repo, that is when the dealer and the cash lander enter into a repo and use a third party to monitor the trade. Last year, Euroclear's average daily turnover of trl-party repo was about \$10bn a day, though It rose to an average of \$14bn in

January, One large but as vet untapped group of participants in the European repo markats is Europe's corporate treasurers. They have traditionsly denosited their excess cash with their bankers or in the in a market where cash is king

likely to be assessed as "prom-

ising, but could still do better".

Liquidity is the key issue, and

this embraces such various

benchmarks as the volume of

ness of the spreads.

standing, it

In the US, corporate treasur ers are more pro-active than their European counterparts when it comes to cash manage ment, perhaps spurred on by the fall in confidence in the US banking system. Thay hava become regular users of repo in recent years.

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While confidence in Europe's hanking system is firm, recent events such as the collapse of BCCI and Barings have shaken that confidence.

Repo operators believe that corporate treasurers will seek alternative markets to pisce their cash.

"As liquidity improves in the repo markat and treasurers become more sware, then more cash will go into repo than in the money markets." predicts one dealer.

Tha UK clearers must helieve that such a prediction is likely to coma true. BZW and NatWest, which between them control the rates in the UK money markets, have both set up repo desks ahead of gilt reco so that they do not lose their existing investor base for unsecured deposits.

However, according to mar-ket estimates the more efficiant foreign banks hava amassed a greater share than their UK competitors in the gilt repo market since it began in January, Deutsche Bank is believed to conduct about onequarter of gilt repo transac-

In the long run, the demarca-tion between the two camps in the repo market is expected to disappear gradually. For now, the European banks seem to be in a stronger position than their US counterparts because they have the axcess liquidity

Gilt repo may hasten change 1.92.52 market and institutions with

prior experience of the international repo market. US invest-- . . ment houses have been cited as particularly active partici-31 17-14 pants, especially in pursuit of cheaper funding.

repo tradad, the number of Bld-offer spreads, however, of around five basis points, are counterparties and the tightquite tight, and the market is On many of these counts

quite actively traded. progress has been quite good. But by some other frames of In terms of volume, the gilt repo market is estimated to reference, the market shows its youth. It is not yet, for examhave grown to around £30bnple, being used by corporates 40bn outstandings. Although with surplus cash available in this is small compared to the prefarence to the deposit marvolume of total gilt issues out-

kets.





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the ease and flexibility of holdin-custody repo." The renewed enthusiasm for the tri-party product forms part of a growing trend in banking towards collateralised relationships, after Barings and Orange County. The publicity surrounding

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a long-term presance in tha markat, a full ranga of or Claudie Neuenschwander in Hong Kong on (852) 2536 1333. treasury products end a global capability, Nomura can provide the expertisa, product ranga and security to help you use the Repo market with absolute confidance.

/ hen you're tooking for 10p quality Repo expartise, For more information, call Jamaa Tomkinson in London on call the world's largast sacurilles housa. With (44 171) 583 6398, Ray Knox in New York on (1 212) 687 2140



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how the market is

ordain this outcome - which is

what would happen if It

declared itself in favour of

repo, because liquidity would

then inevitably switch to this

Market participants believe

It is a question of when, not if,

the switch towards repo is

made. One market participant

believes the Bank will start to taka informal soundings on the

question as early as the end of

the second quarter. At the

moment the Bank is keeping in

the sterling money market. behaving. It is also requiring repo par-This has long been one of the ticipants to provide fairly more obscure provinces of the City, effectively out of bounds detailed reports of the business to most foreign companies, but they are doing, under such the advent of the gilt repo marheadings as outstandings, volume, counterparties, and clasket could well change this. in recent years, three aspects sic repo vs huy/sell-back. of the sterling money market have attracted frequant com-

From the perspective of Paul Tucker, the man responsible for the Bank of England's intarmediaries from the gilt

the size of the and-of-day yet to become the market in liquidity available in the cash market. The number of counterparties remains fairly limited,

with anecdotal evidance suggesting the market is still dominated by around 20-25 institutions - mostly the gilt-edged market-makers (Gemms), other

which people choose to express their interest rate expectations. "The majority of interest rete views will still be taken in the cash market," says one. The repo rete is still a "passiva" rate, priced off other rates in the cash market, rather than a primary objective of attention Itself.

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